

**WEST VIRGINIA
SECRETARY OF STATE
JOE MANCHIN III
ADMINISTRATIVE LAW DIVISION**

Form #4

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OFFICE WEST VIRGINIA
SECRETARY OF STATE

NOTICE OF RULE MODIFICATION OF A PROPOSED RULE

AGENCY: DHHR - Bureau for Public Health TITLE NUMBER: 64

CITE AUTHORITY: WV Code section 16-1-4 (h), 16-1-11(d) and 29B-1-3 (5)

AMENDMENT TO AN EXISTING RULE: YES NO

IF YES, SERIES NUMBER OF RULE BEING AMENDED: 51

TITLE OF RULE BEING AMENDED: FEES FOR SERVICES

IF NO, SERIES NUMBER OF RULE BEING PROPOSED: _____

TITLE OF RULE BEING PROPOSED: _____

THE ABOVE PROPOSED LEGISLATIVE RULES, FOLLOWING REVIEW BY THE LEGISLATIVE RULE MAKING REVIEW COMMITTEE, IS HEREBY MODIFIED AS A RESULT OF REVIEW AND COMMENT BY THE LEGISLATIVE RULE MAKING REVIEW COMMITTEE. THE ATTACHED MODIFICATIONS ARE FILED WITH THE SECRETARY OF STATE.

Authorized Signature

TITLE 64
~~WEST VIRGINIA ADMINISTRATIVE RULES~~
LEGISLATIVE RULES
BUREAU FOR PUBLIC HEALTH

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SERIES 51
FEES FOR SERVICES

OFFICE WEST VIRGINIA
SECRETARY OF STATE

§64-51-1. General.

1.1. Scope - This legislative rule establishes reasonable fees for services provided by the ~~division of health~~ bureau for public health and local boards of health. This legislative rule does not supersede other rules which establish fees for services not addressed in this rule. This rule should be read in conjunction with the WV Code. The WV Code is available in public libraries and on the Legislature's web page, <http://www.legis.state.wv.us/>.

1.2. Authority - ~~WV Code §§16-1-21, 29-1H-6 and 29B-16-3~~ 16-1-4(h), 16-1-11(d), and 29B-1-3(5).

1.3. Filing Date - ~~April 16, 1991.~~

1.4. Effective Date - ~~May 1, 1991.~~

~~1.5. Public Hearing - June 22, 1990.~~

~~1.6. Final Approval - This rule was approved by the director of the division of health on January 4, 1991.~~

§64-51-2. Application and Enforcement.

2.1. Application - This rule applies to persons receiving services from the ~~division of health~~ bureau for public health or from local boards of health as created in WV Code ~~§§16-2-1 et seq. or 16-2A-1 et seq.~~ and also applies to ~~such~~ the local boards of health.

2.2. Enforcement - This rule is enforced by the ~~director~~ commissioner of the West Virginia ~~division of health~~ bureau for public health or his or her lawful designee.

§64-51-3. Definitions.

3.1. Adoption - The judicial act of creating the relationship of parent and child where it did not exist previously.

~~3.1.~~ 3.2. Ambulatory Surgical Facility Center (ASC) - A facility which provides surgical treatment to patients not requiring hospitalization. This definition does not include the legally authorized practice of surgery by any one or more persons in the

private office of any health care provider.

~~3.2.~~ 3.3. Asbestos - The asbestiform varieties of serpentinite (chrysotile), riebeckite (crocidolite), cummingtonite-grunerite, anthophyllite, and actinolite-tremolite, ~~and which material~~ contains more than one (1) percent asbestos by weight.

~~3.3.~~ 3.4. Asbestos Abatement - Procedures to control fiber release from asbestos-containing materials. These procedures include removal, encapsulation, enclosure, repair, demolition, renovation, and similar activities.

3.5. Assisted Living Residence - Any living facility, residence or place of accommodation, however named, available for four or more residents, in this state which is advertised, offered, maintained or operated by the ownership or management, whether for a consideration or not, for the express or implied purpose of having personal assistance or supervision, or both, provided to any residents therein who are dependent upon the services of others by reason of physical or mental impairment and who may also require nursing care at a level that is not greater than limited and intermittent nursing care. This term replaces the two terms "Personal Care Home" and "Residential Board and Care Home", previously used in this rule.

3.6. Basic Public Health Services - Those services that are necessary to protect the health of the public. The three areas of basic public health services are communicable and reportable disease prevention and control, community health promotion and environmental health protection.

~~3.4.~~ 3.7. Behavioral Health Center - An organization that provides behavioral health services, including all of its locations.

~~3.5.~~ 3.8. Behavioral Health Services - ~~Those services intended to help individuals gain or regain the capacity to function adaptively in their environment, to care for themselves and their families, and to be accepted by society. This includes services to individuals with emotional or mental disorders, alcohol or drug abuse problems, and mental retardation or other developmental disabilities.~~ An inpatient, residential or outpatient service for the care and treatment of persons with mental illness, developmental disabilities or substance abuse.

3.9. Birthing Center - A type of facility which is a building, house or the equivalent organized to provide facilities and staff to support a birthing service for pregnant women.

~~3-6.~~ 3.10. Bottled Water - Any natural or artificial mineral, spring, well, distilled or other water bottled or containerized for use primarily as drinking water.

3.11. Business (or Individual) Providing Vendor Services - Any person proposing to offer or providing services to Registrants in the Radiological Health Program as described in the Bureau's rule, Radiological Health Regulations, 64CSR23, subsections 5.4 and 5.5.

3.12. Certificate of Birth (Birth Certificate) - The government's permanent legal record of the fact of birth of an individual. Information contained within the document is considered to be prima facie evidence of the fact of birth.

3.13. Certificate of Death (Death Certificate) - The government's permanent legal record of the fact of death of an individual. Information contained within the document is considered to be prima facie evidence of the fact of death.

3.14. Certified Copy - A reproduction or abstracted document that is officially endorsed by the custodian of the original document to be an authentic reproduction or abstraction of the original document.

3.15. Commissioner - The commissioner of the West Virginia bureau for public health.

3.16. Decommissioning - Removal of any source of radioactive material as described in the Bureau's rule, Radiological Health Regulations, 64CSR23, sections 6.59, 11.14.f.2, or 16.23.c. with a dedicated purpose of vacating premises, amendment or cancellation of a registration for possession or storage of radioactive material.

3.17. Delayed Certificate of Birth (Delayed Birth Certificate) - A certificate of birth filed more than one year after the date of birth. Information contained within the document is abstracted from other sources and is not considered to be prima facie evidence of the fact of birth.

3.18. Dental Intraoral Machine - A radiation machine with one or more x-ray tubes used for human intraoral diagnostic imaging, as described in the Bureau's rule, Radiological Health Regulations, 64CSR23, section 7.9.

3.19. Dental Panoramic Machine - Any rotational orthodontic

extraoral radiographic device for dental diagnostic imaging.

3.20. Dental Radiation Machine (Other) - Any radiographic device for dental diagnostic imaging, which is not dental intraoral or dental panoramic, such as cephalometric and extraoral tomography with one or more x-ray tubes.

~~3.7. Director - The director of the West Virginia division of health.~~

~~3.8.~~ 3.21. Drinking Water - Water free from biological, chemical, physical and radiological contaminants which cause disease or harmful physiological effects.

3.22. Emergency Services Consultation - A consultation for radiological health services performed per request for regulatory assistance in the event of an emergency or crisis condition involving a source of radiation. Consultation includes the following per event: investigation, travel time and assessment of incidents or accidents for compliance with the Bureau's rule, Radiological Health Regulations, 64CSR23, involving unusual events such as exposure to ionizing radiation to workers or the public, contamination of persons or the environment, and release, damage, theft or loss of radioactive material.

3.23. End Stage Renal Disease (ESRD) Facility - A facility which is approved to furnish at least one specific ESRD service, e.g., that stage of renal impairment that appears irreversible and permanent, and requires a regular course of dialysis or kidney transplantation to maintain life.

~~3.9.~~ 3.24. Generator - A person whose activity results in the production of low-level radioactive waste requiring long-term storage and disposal.

~~3.10.~~ 3.25. Health Programs - Community-oriented strategies and activities devised by a local health department to address an identified community health problem, the solution of which will lower a morbidity or mortality statistic.

3.26. Heirloom Birth Certificate - A presentation quality, oversized, and ornate, certificate of birth suitable for framing and display.

3.27. Hospice - A hospice as defined in WV Code §16-5I-2(c).

~~3.11.~~ 3.28. Hospital - ~~Any institution, place, building or agency in which an accommodation of five (5) or more beds is maintained, furnished or offered for the hospitalization of the sick or injured. A hospital as defined in WV Code §16-5B-1.~~

3.29. Industrial Radiographic Machine - A radiation machine used for all industrial radiography, other than cabinet radiography and shielded room radiography and other than non-diagnostic or non-therapeutic purposes, such as x-ray devices used to examine the macroscopic structure of materials by nondestructive methods using sources of ionizing radiation or to produce radiographic images, as defined in the Bureau's rule, Radiological Health Regulations, 64CSR23, sections 8.3.5 and 8.3.6.

3.30. Industrial Cabinet X-Ray System - A machine used for industrial radiography conducted in an enclosure or shielded cabinet, such as x-ray devices used primarily for the inspection of carry-on baggage at airline, railroad, and bus terminals, and in similar facilities, as defined in the Bureau's rule, Radiological Health Regulations, 64CSR23, sections 8.3.1 or 8.3.2.

3.31. Industrial High Energy Machine - A radiation producing device such as a particle accelerator or cyclotron, and pulse x-ray machine used for nondestructive testing or other radiation producing devices used for irradiation of materials with energies greater than 250 kilovolts.

3.32. Industrial Radiation Machine (Other) - A radiation machine used for non-human purposes other than those described in this section as: Industrial Radiographic Machine, Industrial Cabinet X-ray System or Industrial High Energy Machine.

~~3.12.~~ 3.33. Innovative/Alternative Type Sewage System - A method of sewage disposal for a single family dwelling or establishment for which design standards have been prepared and listed in the Sewage Treatment and Collection System Design Standards, 64CSR47, as an innovative or alternative system.

3.34. Legitimation - Legal process by which the status of legitimacy is conferred to a child whose parents were not married at the time of the child's birth but who subsequently marry each other.

~~3.13.~~ 3.35. Local Board of Health - ~~A county, municipal, or combined board of health created under~~ A board of health serving one or more counties or one or more municipalities or a combination

~~thereof created under WV Code §§16-2-1 et seq. or 16-2A-1 et seq.~~

~~3.14.~~ 3.36. Low-Level Radioactive Waste - Radioactive waste that:

~~3.25.a. Is neither high-level waste or transuranic waste, nor spent nuclear fuel, nor by-product material as defined in Section 11(e)(2) of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. §2014(e)) as amended; and~~

~~3.25.b. Is classified by the federal government as low-level waste, consistent with existing law; but does not include waste generated as a result of atomic energy defense activities of the federal government, as defined in Public Law 96-573 (42 U.S.C. §2021b), or federal research and development activities.~~

3.36.a. Is not classified as high-level radioactive waste, spent nuclear fuel, or byproduct material as defined in Section 11e.(2) of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (uranium or thorium tailings and waste); and

3.36.b. Is classified as low-level radioactive waste consistent with existing federal law in accordance with the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission rules, as defined in the Bureau's rule, Radiological Health Regulations, 64CSR23, section 3.106., and the Low-level Radioactive Waste Policy Act, Public Law 96-573, as amended by Public Law 99-240, effective January 15, 1986.

3.37. Medical Diagnostic Machine - A radiographic imaging system with one or more x-ray tubes used for human diagnostic imaging as defined in the Bureau's rule, Radiological Health Regulations, 64CSR23, sections 3.72 and 7.2.70, including mobile or fixed radiography, fluoroscopy, computerized tomography, bone density, podiatry, chiropractic or other diagnostic x-ray devices.

3.38. Medical Therapeutic Machine - A machine designed and used for external beam radiation therapy producing x-rays or electrons, as defined in the Bureau's rule, Radiological Health Regulations, 64CSR23, section 7.12.b.61; or particle accelerators used for human therapy as described in the Bureau's rule, Radiological Health Regulations, 64CSR23, section 3.4.

~~3.15.~~ 3.39. Municipal Sewer System - A system or group of systems as a whole which receives sewage from more than one (1) dwelling or establishment and is operated and maintained by an

incorporated municipality, or public service district or sanitary board.

~~3.16.~~ 3.40. Nursing Home - Any institution, residence or place, or any part or unit thereof, however named, which is advertised, offered, maintained or operated by the ownership or management, whether for a consideration or not, for the express or implied purpose of providing accommodations and care, for a period of more than twenty-four (24) hours, for three (3) or more persons who are ill or otherwise incapacitated and in need of extensive on-going nursing care due to physical or mental impairment or which provides services for the rehabilitation of persons who are convalescing from illness or incapacitation. A nursing home as defined in WV Code §16-5C-2(e).

3.41. Paternity Acknowledgment (Declaration of Paternity Affidavit) - A legal instrument executed by an unmarried mother (or in some instances a married mother) and a putative father in which both acknowledge the paternity of their child.

~~3.17.~~ 3.42. Permit - As used in this rule, a written document issued by the director commissioner giving a designated person permission to:

3.42.a. Construct, operate, alter or renovate a specific public water system, or bottled water plant;

3.42.b. Construct, install, extend, alter or operate an approved sewer system or method of sewage disposal, or to collect, remove, transport or dispose of sewage; or

3.42.c. Construct, alter or renovate a swimming pool recreational water facility or to operate such the facility.

~~3.18.~~ 3.43. Person - An individual, partnership, association, syndicate, company, firm, trust, corporation, government corporation, institution, department, division, bureau, agency, federal agency or any other entity recognized by law.

~~3.19.~~ ~~Personal Care Home - Any institution, residence or place, or any part or unit thereof, however named, which is advertised, offered, maintained or operated by the ownership or management, whether for a consideration or not, for the express or implied purpose of providing accommodations and personal assistance, for a period of more than twenty-four (24) hours, to three (3) or~~

~~more persons who are dependent upon the services of others by reason of physical or mental impairment but who do not require extensive, on-going nursing care.~~

3.44. Presumptive Death Certificate - A certificate of death prepared at the order of a county commission (or other appointed legal entities in other states) under the direction of WV Code §44-9-1, et seq. which provides for the filing of a death certificate of someone presumed and declared dead by the commission.

~~3.20. 3.45. Professional Health Services - Therapeutic interventions of assessment, counseling, screening, diagnosis or treatment of health problems by physicians, physician's assistants, dentists, registered nurses, dietitians, health educators, master's prepared social workers or other currently licensed health care professionals in the state of West Virginia who are employed by the local health department. A health service delivered by a member of a commonly recognized public health care or allied profession including but not limited to physician, dentist, nurse, sanitarian, physical therapist, social worker, physician assistant, nurse practitioner, certified nurse midwife, dietitian, speech therapist, occupational therapist, hearing therapist, or individual with a graduate or undergraduate degree in a profession recognized by third party payors as eligible for reimbursement for services performed.~~

~~3.21. 3.46. Public Sewer System - A sewage collection system or systems with or without treatment facilities and serving more than one (1) dwelling or establishment. Ownership of the system is held by and maintenance performed by a single entity. This definition includes municipal sewer systems.~~

3.47. Public Water System - A public water system as defined in WV Code §16-1-9a(a).

3.47.a. Community Water System - A public water system which serves at least fifteen (15) service connections used by year-round residents or regularly serves at least twenty-five (25) year round residents.

3.47.b. Non-Community Non-Transient Water System - Any public water system that is not a community water system and that regularly serves at least twenty-five (25) of the same persons over six (6) months per year.

3.47.b.1. Service Connection Equivalent - The average number of individuals served by a non-community non-

transient public water supply system divided by 2.4.

3.48. Radiation Machine Facility - Any fixed or mobile facility with one or more radiation machines. (Radiation machines having one or more x-ray tubes).

3.49. Radiation Producing Device - Device or source of radiation as defined in the Bureau's rule, Radiological Health Regulations, 64CSR23, section 3.72. (Radiation machines having one or more x-ray tubes).

3.50. Radioactive Material -

3.50.a. Byproduct Radioactive Material [as in the Bureau's rule, Radiological Health Regulations, 64CSR23, section 3.16] - Accelerator produced material [as in the Bureau's rule, Radiological Health Regulations, 64CSR23, section 3.5] or TENORM [as in the Bureau's rule, Radiological Health Regulations, 64CSR23, section 16.3.g], or

3.50.b. Non-byproduct Radioactive Material - Any radioactive material, other than defined as byproduct material in the Bureau's rule, Radiological Health Regulations, 64CSR23, section 3.16, which is technically enhanced naturally occurring radioactive material (TENORM) or accelerator produced.

3.51. Radioactive Material Inspection - Inspection of all activities associated with radioactive material registration.

3.52. Radioactive Material Facility Close-out Survey - A confirmatory survey to assay for levels of radioactive contamination.

3.53. Reciprocity - Reciprocal recognition for out-of-state registration or license to use a radiation-producing device or radioactive material within the State, as defined in the Bureau's rule, Radiological Health Regulations, 64CSR23, sections 5.11, 11.28 and 16.22.

3.54. Recreational Water Facility - Any natural or artificial body or basin of water which is modified, improved, constructed or installed for the purpose of public swimming or bathing under the control of any person.

3.55. Registration - Registration of any radiation producing device or radioactive material used within the State, as defined in

the Bureau's rule, Radiological Health Regulations, 64CSR23, sections 3.79 and 5.

~~3.23. Residential Board and Care Home - Any institution, residence or place, or any part thereof, however named, which is advertised, offered, maintained or operated by the ownership or management, whether for consideration or not, for the express or implied purpose of providing accommodations for a period of more than twenty-four (24) hours, to no fewer than three (3) and no more than eight (8) persons who are dependent upon the services of others by reason of physical or mental impairment but who are capable of self-preservation and do not require nursing care.~~

3.56. Residential Care Community - A residential care community as defined in WV Code §16-5N-2(k).

3.57. School Radon Testing - The testing of radon levels in public school buildings in all major student occupied areas at or below grade level in accordance with the Air Quality in New Schools Act, WV Code §18-9E-3(b).

~~3.24.~~ 3.58. Sewage - Any excreta or liquid waste containing animal, vegetable, or mineral matter in suspension or solution including, but not limited to, waste from water closets, urinals, lavatories, bathtubs, laundry tubs, washing machines, drinking fountains, sinks, kitchen equipment and other sanitary fixtures or facilities.

~~3.25.~~ 3.59. Sewage Holding Tank - A watertight receptacle designed and constructed to receive and retain untreated or partially treated sewage on a temporary basis. This does not include septic tanks, portable toilets or privies.

3.60. Sewage System Installer Certification - A process by which a person who installs individual on-site sewer system becomes certified to perform such function under the provisions of the Bureau's rule, Sewage Systems, Sewage Treatment Systems and Sewage Tank Cleaners Regulation, 64CSR9.

3.61. Shielding Plan - Facility design or modification from a qualified expert of calculated barrier thickness and physical protection from sources of radiation for any fixed or mobile radiation machine, as described in the Bureau's rule, Radiological Health Regulations, 64CSR23, section 7.4.

~~3.26.~~ 3.62. Sliding Fee Scale - A set of varying amounts (percentages of the maximum fee) to be charged for services to individuals receiving varying levels of income. A charge for service that uses a scale or standard of cost, wages, fees, or the like that varies according to other factors such as cost of living, level of income, or prices.

~~3.27. Swimming Pool - Any artificial basin, chamber, or tank used or intended to be used by the public for swimming, diving or recreational type bathing. The term "swimming pool" does not include baths where the main purpose is cleaning the body, nor individual type therapeutic tubs or tanks. Swimming pools are classified according to the following:~~

~~a. Recirculation Type - A pool from which the water is withdrawn, treated, and returned to the pool;~~

~~b. Fill and Draw Type - A pool to which water is added, used for a period, then discarded; and~~

~~c. Flow Through Type - A pool to which water is added continuously thereby replacing and causing water to overflow to waste.~~

3.63. Specimen Collection Kit - A prepackaged group of items used for the acquisition and processing of material to be sent for analytical testing.

~~3.28.~~ 3.64. Water Well - Any excavation or penetration in the ground, whether drilled, bored, cored, driven or jetted that enters or passes through an aquifer for purposes that may include, but are not limited to: a water supply, exploration for water, dewatering or heat pump wells, except that this definition does not include ground water monitoring activities and all activities for the exploration, development, production, storage and recovery of coal, oil and gas and other mineral resources which are regulated under WV Code, Chapters 22, 22A or 22B.

3.65. Veterinary Machine - Any radiation machine with at least one x-ray tube used by a licensed practitioner of veterinary medicine for diagnostic purposes on non-human subjects.

3.66. X-Ray Public Health Screening Application - An application which is submitted for agency approval to conduct healing arts screening as defined in the Bureau's rule, Radiological Health Regulations, 64CSR23, section 7.3.a.11, using diagnostic

radiation machines within the State.

§64-51-4. Fees Generally.

4.1. Authority to Assess and Collect Fees - ~~The director commissioner~~ of the ~~division of health bureau~~ for public health and local boards of health may assess and collect the fees ~~listed in the appendices to this rule~~ for the provision of services. Except as specified in ~~Sections subsections~~ 4.2, 5.2 and 9.2 of this rule, the ~~director commissioner~~ and local boards of health may require payment of fees in advance for services. Where the Commissioner has staffed and equipped offices of the Bureau for Public Health to provide the services it is required to perform, the Commissioner may make efficient use of those resources by providing other public health services at reasonable fees established by the Commissioner.

4.2. Exemption from Fees Generally - No individual may be denied health care services because of the inability of the individual to pay for services when services are provided to similarly situated individuals who have the ability to pay for them.

4.3. Fees for Copies of Public Records - Copies of public records which may be disclosed may be furnished at a charge of twenty-five cents (25¢) per page on 8½ x 11" or 8½ x 14" paper. Copies of documents produced on larger paper may be furnished at actual cost, which includes but is not limited to materials, operator's time, and transportation and delivery charges. Copying fees may be required to be paid before issuance of the copies.

4.4. Fee for Record Searches ~~and Compilation of Information~~ - Requests for information estimated to require more than ten (10) minutes to search records or to compile may be charged at the rate of ~~twenty-five dollars (\$25)~~ fifty dollars (\$50) per hour, and payment may be required before issuance of the information.

4.5. Fee for ~~Address Label Location Information Printing~~ - When the service provided is ~~printing mailing labels~~ location information of licensees, permit holders, or other persons, the fee shall be at the rate of ~~ten cents (10¢)~~ twenty-five cents (25¢) per ~~label.~~ location.

§64-51-5. Laboratory Service Fees.

5.1. Laboratory Services for Which a Fee May be Charged - Except as provided in ~~Section subsection~~ 5.2 of this rule, the ~~director commissioner~~ may charge a fee for each test or group of

tests including specimen collection kits, as listed in Appendix A 64-51-1 of this rule. The Laboratory may charge for bacteriological and chemical analyses of environmental ~~potable~~ water samples, ~~raw and finished milk samples, clinical specimens,~~ and ~~may charge the fees listed in Appendix A 64-51-1 of this rule.~~ for the certification of laboratories to conduct drinking water tests.

5.2. Exemption from Laboratory Fees - Fees shall not be charged when:

5.2.a. Laboratory tests are authorized by the ~~director~~ commissioner as part of an epidemiological investigation or the charging of the fee would significantly and adversely affect the public health;

5.2.b. Tests on second or additional specimens are required by the ~~director~~ commissioner because of the inability to make or complete a test, or because the testing operation or procedure is unsatisfactory for any reason;

5.2.c. Specimens are determined to be unsatisfactory for testing at the time of submission; or

5.2.d. The exemption of fees provision of ~~Section~~ subsection 4.2 of this rule applies.

§64-51-6. Environmental Health Fees.

The ~~director~~ commissioner may charge a fee for each environmental health service listed in Appendix B ~~64-51-2~~ of this rule.

§64-51-7. Health Facility Fees.

The ~~director~~ commissioner may charge a fee for each service provided to health facilities listed in Appendix C ~~64-51-3~~ of this rule.

§64-51-8. Epidemiology and Health Promotion Fees ~~{Reserved}~~.

The commissioner may charge a fee for each service provided as listed in Appendix D of this rule: Provided, that the state registrar may furnish services to state agencies and to organized charities, free of charge, when the services are required before presenting claims to the federal government, or to the state for public assistance, and; provided further, that the state registrar

shall make an accurate record of all services provided for the above purposes.

§64-51-9. Fees for Services Provided by Local Boards of Health.

9.1. Services for Which a Local Board of Health May Propose Fees - Except as provided below in subsection 9.2 of this section, a local board of health may propose fees for all its services, including but not limited to professional health services, screenings, injections, assessments, counseling done for health-related issues, classes which teach healthy habits, lifestyles, or maintenance of health when there is a preexisting disease condition present, case management on behalf of patients whether in the home, clinic or through written and oral communications by letter or phone, and inspections.

9.2. Exception from Local Board of Health Fees - The public health mission to provide first for general community safety means that fees for service will not be charged to individuals in the following circumstances:

9.2.a. In the case of a community epidemic, natural disaster, civil upheaval, toxic contamination, and other like situations where common good is at issue;

9.2.b. In the case of individuals seeking medical evaluation, treatment or epidemiologic follow-up, including administrative costs, associated with sexually transmitted disease and tuberculosis; or

9.2.c. In the case where the exemption from fees provision of ~~Section~~ subsection 4.2 of this rule applies.

9.3. Basis for Fees - Local board of health maximum fees may be based on the actual cost of service delivery plus administrative overhead. Administrative overhead may include but is not limited to: 1) salaries and wages; 2) other direct costs; and 3) that portion of the general and administrative costs, to include the administrator, secretaries, clerks, financial management depreciation and other overhead expenses, which ~~contributes~~ contribute to the delivery of the service.

9.4. Fee Proposals By Local Boards of Health - A local board of health proposing to charge fees under this rule shall approve ~~a budget plan and program document including:~~ an annual program plan and budget for the current fiscal year which includes:

9.4.a. Proposed health programs as defined in ~~Section subsection 3.10~~ 3.24 of this rule;

9.4.b. An accounting of fee collections in the previous fiscal year and in the current fiscal year, and projected fee collections in the remainder of the current fiscal year and during the next fiscal year;

9.4.c. A proposed schedule of fees; and

9.4.d. A proposed sliding fee scale to be implemented by the local board. The sliding fee scale may be based on annual federal poverty level guidelines as published by the ~~division of health bureau for public health~~ for other programs or on an alternative system proposed by a local board of health for providing services at a reduced fee based on an individual's ability to pay.

9.5. Posting of Proposed Fees - After a local board of health's adoption of a proposed schedule of fees and sliding fee scale, the board shall post, publish or otherwise inform the public living in the area served by the board of ~~such~~ the proposal and allow for a thirty (30) day comment period.

9.6. Submission of Proposal for Approval - A local board of health proposing to charge fees shall submit to the ~~director commissioner~~ of the ~~division of health: bureau for public health:~~

9.6.a. A budget ~~plan~~ and program plan document including the information required in ~~Section subsection~~ 9.4 of this rule;

9.6.b. A copy of the posted notice of ~~such~~ the proposed fees and a description of the public notice process;

9.6.c. A copy of comments received on the proposed fees;
and

9.6.d. A response to ~~such~~ the comments.

9.7. Emergency Fees - Establishment of fees other than in accordance with ~~Section subsection~~ 9.6 of this rule may be accomplished only upon petition by the local board of health to the ~~director commissioner~~ in response to an emergency.

9.8. Approval or Rejection of Fees of Local Boards of Health by the ~~Director of Health Commissioner of Public Health~~ - The ~~director commissioner~~ shall approve or reject a local board of

health's proposed budget ~~plan~~ and program ~~plan~~ document and fees proposed. If there is a rejection, the local board of health ~~shall be allowed to~~ may propose a revision. ~~Approval by the director of the proposed fees shall be in the form of an order filed with the secretary of state as an appendix to this rule, and the local board of health may charge the approved fees upon such filing. The director shall provide a copy of such order to the local board of health. Upon approval by the commissioner of the proposed fees, the local board of health shall file the approved fee schedule with the clerk of all the county commissions or municipalities of which the board is a part, or in the case of a combined board of health, the filings shall be with the clerks or recorders of all the participating county commissions and municipalities. After the local board of health has made all the required filings, it may charge the approved fees.~~

9.9. Notice of Free Uncompensated Care - Signs shall be prominently displayed in a public health clinic in as many languages as a substantial number of patients speak, as well as signs in pictures for those who do not read, that inform the public that services related to sexually transmitted disease and tuberculosis, and other health care services in the public health clinic may not be denied for inability to pay.

9.10. Local Board of Health Account - All local board of health fees collected together with accounting documentation ~~will~~ shall be deposited with the treasurer of the county or municipality and used only for funding local board of health programs. into an account designated for local board of health purposes. The monies for a municipal board of health shall be deposited with the municipal treasury in the service area. The monies for a county board of health shall be deposited with the county treasury in the service area. The monies for a combined local board of health shall be deposited in an account as designated in the plan of combination.

9.11. Annual Audits - Local boards of health are subject to annual audits and must be in compliance with tax procedures required by the state and shall annually develop a budget for the next fiscal year under WV Code §6-9-7.

§64-51-10. Administrative Due Process

10.1. Those persons adversely affected by the enforcement of this rule desiring a contested case hearing to determine any rights, duties, interests or privileges shall do so in a manner prescribed in the Rules of Procedure for ~~Protested~~ Contested Case Hearings and

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Declaratory Rulings, 64 CSR 1. In the case of a request for a hearing on a local board of health fee, the ~~director~~ commissioner may direct the local board of health to conduct the hearing.

~~§64-51-11. Severability~~ The provisions of this rule are severable. If any provisions of this rule are held invalid, the remaining provisions shall remain in effect.

Appendix A. ~~64-51.1.~~ Laboratory Service Fees.

1. Fees for Environmental Chemistry Laboratory Service

A. Inorganic Chemicals/Miscellaneous ~~Individual~~ Tests

Arsenic	\$10.00
Barium	10.00
Cadmium	10.00
Chromium	10.00
Lead	10.00
Selenium	10.00
Silver	10.00
Mercury	12.00
Iron	12.00
Manganese	12.00
Copper	12.00
Zinc	12.00
Sodium	12.00
Calcium	12.00
Magnesium	12.00
Surfactants	12.00
Potassium	12.00
Aluminum	12.00
Nitrate	10.00
Fluoride	8.00
Alkalinity Methyl Orange/ Phenolphthalein	4.00
Chlorides	4.00
Hardness	4.00
pH	4.00
Total Dissolved Solids	4.00
Sulfates	12.00
Conductivity	8.00
Chlorine Residual: Free	8.00
Chlorine Residual: Total	8.00
Hydrogen Sulfide	12.00
Turbidity	5.00

~~B. Tests to meet Environmental Protection Agency
Minimum inorganic compliance requirements for public
water supplies: arsenic, barium, cadmium, chromium,
fluoride, lead, mercury, selenium, silver, and
nitrates~~

\$100.00

~~C. Tests to meet West Virginia Secondary contam-~~

~~inants compliance requirements for public water
supplies: pH, copper, manganese, sodium, aluminum,
alkalinity, hardness, iron~~ \$72.00

~~D. Tests for Organic Chemicals~~

~~Pesticides: Endrin, Lindane, Methoxychlor, and
Toxaphene~~ \$175.00

~~Herbicides: 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid (2,4D)
and 2-(2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxy) Propi-
onic Acid (2,4,5-TP/Silvex)~~ \$175.00

~~2. Fees for Environmental Microbiology Laboratory
Service Water Specimens~~ \$10.00

~~3. Fees for Certification of Laboratories to Conduct
Drinking Water Tests: Certification to perform
laboratory testing on water to meet state and
Environmental Protection Agency requirements
under the Safe Drinking Water Act.*~~

~~A. Chemical Testing~~

1. Inorganic Tests	\$500.00
2. Trihalomethanes and Volatile Organic Compounds	500.00
3. All Other Organic Tests	500.00

~~B. Microbiological Testing~~ \$500.00

~~*Laboratories located outside the borders of West
Virginia will be assessed the certification fee for
the test(s) approved and will be required to pay all
reasonable expenses required for an on-site inspection.~~

1. Metals by Graphite Furnace
Atomic Absorption
Per Metal Per Each Sample \$14.00

Analyses may include, but are not limited to, arsenic, beryllium,
cobalt, cadmium, thallium, chromium, nickel, lead, antimony,
molybdenum, tin, selenium, silver, aluminum, vanadium, copper.

2. Metals by Flame Atomic Absorption
Per Metal Per Each Sample \$15.00

Analyses may include, but are not limited to, iron, manganese, sodium, and zinc.

3. Metals by Inductively Coupled Plasma (ICP)
Per Metal Per Each Sample \$12.00

Analyses may include, but are not limited to, boron, titanium, cerium, silicon, potassium, calcium, magnesium, barium, and lithium.

4. Metals By Inductively Coupled Plasma
- Mass Spectrophotometry (ICP/MS)
Per Metal Per Each Sample \$8.00

Analyses may include, but are not limited to, aluminum, antimony, arsenic, barium, beryllium, cadmium, chromium, cobalt, copper, lead, manganese, mercury, molybdenum, nickel, selenium, silver, thallium, thorium, uranium, vanadium, zinc.

5. Metals by Cold Vapor
Per Metal Per Each Sample \$25.00

Analyses may include, but are not limited to, mercury.

6. Analytes by Ion Chromatography (IC)
Per analyte Per Each Sample \$15.00

Analyses may include, but are not limited to, fluoride, chloride, chlorite, chlorate, sulfate, nitrate, nitrite, phosphate, bromide and bromate.

7. Analytes by Ion Selective Electrode \$9.00

Analytes may include, but are not limited to, Fluoride, pH and Cyanide

8. Miscellaneous Individual Tests
- | | |
|--|----------------|
| <u>a. Alkalinity (Total) As CaCO₃</u> | <u>\$10.00</u> |
| <u>b. Calcium by Titration</u> | <u>\$15.00</u> |
| <u>c. Calcium Hardness</u> | <u>\$10.00</u> |
| <u>d. Chloramines</u> | <u>\$12.00</u> |
| <u>e. Chlorine, Free</u> | <u>\$12.00</u> |
| <u>f. Chlorine, Total</u> | <u>\$12.00</u> |

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<u>g. Conductivity</u>	<u>\$10.00</u>
<u>h. Dissolved Solids, Total</u>	<u>\$13.00</u>
<u>i. Hardness, Total</u>	<u>\$10.00</u>
<u>j. Hydrogen Sulfide</u>	<u>\$15.00</u>
<u>k. Magnesium By Titration</u>	<u>\$12.00</u>
<u>l. Methylene Blue Active Substances</u>	

\$15.00

<u>m. Nitrate</u>	<u>\$15.00</u>
<u>m. Ortho-Phosphate</u>	<u>\$15.00</u>
<u>n. Phosphate, Total</u>	<u>\$16.00</u>
<u>o. Silica</u>	<u>\$15.00</u>
<u>p. Turbidity (NTU)</u>	<u>\$12.00</u>

B. Organic Compounds (Fees Include Sample Preparation)1. EPA Regulated Volatile Compounds (VOCs)

<u>a. Chlorinated Hydrocarbons Package</u>	<u>\$150.00</u>
<u>b. Brominated Hydrocarbons Package</u>	<u>\$100.00</u>

2. EPA Unregulated Volatile Compounds (VOCs) \$200.003. EPA Regulated Synthetic Organic Compounds (SOCs):

<u>a. Chlorinated Pesticides/Polychlorinated Biphenyl (PCB Screen) Package</u>	<u>\$185.00</u>
<u>B. Nitrogen-Phosphorous Pesticide Package</u>	<u>\$150.00</u>
<u>C. Carbamate Pesticides Package</u>	<u>\$150.00</u>
<u>D. Diquat</u>	<u>\$150.00</u>
<u>E. Endothall</u>	<u>\$150.00</u>
<u>F. Glyphosate</u>	<u>\$150.00</u>
<u>G. Esters Package</u>	<u>\$150.00</u>
<u>Includes Di (2-ethylhexyl) Adipate and Di (2-ethylhexyl) Phthalate</u>	<u>\$150.00</u>
<u>H. Benzo (a) pyrene</u>	<u>\$150.00</u>
<u>I. Herbicides Package</u>	<u>\$175.00</u>
<u>J. Disinfection By Products</u>	
<u>Trihalomethanes (THMs) Package</u>	<u>\$150.00</u>
<u>K. Haloacetic Acids (HAAs) Package</u>	<u>\$190.00</u>

<u>4. Total EPA Regulated Organics, includes Pesticides, PCBs, Carbamates, Diquat, Endothall and Glyphosate</u>	<u>\$845.00</u>
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5. Other Organic Tests:

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- A. Total Organic Carbon (TOC) \$ 40.00
- B. Specific Ultraviolet Absorption (SUVA) \$ 50.00

- 2. Fees for Environmental Microbiology Laboratory Service
 - A. Water Tests \$15.00
 - B. Giardia \$500.00
 - C. Cryptosporidium \$500.00

- 3. Fees for Certification of Laboratories to Conduct Drinking Water Tests: Certification to perform laboratory testing on water to meet state and Environmental Protection Agency requirements under the Safe Drinking Water Act.*
 - A. Chemical Testing:
 - 1. Inorganic Tests \$800.00
 - 2. Trihalomethanes and Volatile Organic Compounds \$800.00
 - 3. All Other Organic Tests \$800.00
 - 4. Total Organic Carbon (TOC) and/or Specific Ultraviolet Absorption (SUVA) \$200.00
 - B. Microbiological Testing \$800.00

*Laboratories located outside the borders of West Virginia will be assessed the certification fee for the tests approved and shall pay all reasonable expenses required for an on-site inspection.

- 4. Fees for Specimen Collection Kits:
 - A. Newborn Screening \$28.00
 - B. Blood Lead \$15.00

- 5. The State Hygienic Laboratory may enter into contractual agreements for providing services at a negotiated rate for testing specimens in the conduct of Public Health Investigations, Public Health Interventions and Public Health Risk Assessments.

- 6. In order to maintain preparedness and assess threats the Lab is authorized to charge for testing related to terrorism.

A. Bioterrorism

A reasonable fee established by the Commissioner may be charged in the testing of specimens for the detection of the presence of agents of bioterrorism. Testing may include, but is not limited to, the detection of biological agents causing anthrax, plague, tularemia, botulism, brucellosis, Q fever, or any other suspected agent.

B. Chemical Terrorism

The Commissioner may charge a reasonable fee, based upon an itemization of costs, for the testing of specimens for detection of the presence of agents of chemical terrorism. Testing may include, but is not limited to, the detection of chemical agents such as ricin, cyanide, or any other suspected agent.

Appendix B. ~~64-51.2.~~ Environmental Health Services Fees.

1. Water Systems, Sewage Systems and Swimming Pools		
A. Construction/Installation Permits		
Public Water System Project		\$ 300.00
Public Sewer System or Facility Project		300.00
Public Swimming Pool Project		200.00
Sewage Holding Tank Project		1,000.00
On Site Innovative/Alternative Type		
Sewage System		150.00
<u>On Site Innovative/Alternative Type Sewage System</u>		
<u>Correcting Failure</u>		<u>150.00</u>
<u>New Construction</u>		<u>300.00</u>
<u>Sewage System Installer Certification and Renewal</u>		<u>150.00</u>
B. Water Well Permits (New Construction)		
Public Water System		\$150.00
2. Bottled Drinking Water/Water Vending Machine Permits		
A. Producers and Distributors, Annually		
		\$100.00
B. Vending Machines, Annually		
Plus per machine		\$100.00 10.00
3. Diagnostic X-Ray Machine <u>Radiological</u> Registration		
A. Hospital: First tube/each additional tube		\$225.00/\$20.00
B. Dental: First tube/each additional tube		55.00/20.00
C. Other (e.g., ambulatory healthcare facilities, ambulatory surgical facilities, mobil <u>mobile</u> vans, schools, offices of chiropractors, physicians, podiatrists and veterinarians):		
First tube/each additional tube		175.00/20.00
<u>A. Business (or Individual) Providing Vendor Services</u>		<u>\$120.00</u>
<u>B. Radioactive Material</u>		<u>\$120.00</u>
<u>C. Radiation Machine Facility (initial or renewal)</u>		<u>\$120.00</u>

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D.	<u>Reciprocity</u>	<u>\$120.00</u>
E.	<u>X-ray Public Health Screening Application</u>	<u>\$120.00</u>
4.	<u>Radiological Inspection</u>	
A.	<u>Decommissioning</u>	<u>\$500.00</u>
B.	<u>Dental Intraoral Machine per Tube</u>	<u>\$60.00</u>
C.	<u>Dental Panoramic Machine per Tube</u>	<u>\$70.00</u>
D.	<u>Dental (Other than intraoral or panoramic) per Tube</u>	<u>\$70.00</u>
E.	<u>Emergency Services Consultation</u>	<u>\$100.00 per hour</u>
F.	<u>Industrial Cabinet X-ray System per Tube</u>	<u>\$70.00</u>
G.	<u>Industrial High Energy Machine per Tube</u>	<u>\$120.00</u>
H.	<u>Industrial Radiographic Machine per Tube</u>	<u>\$70.00</u>
I.	<u>Industrial Radiation Machine (Other) per Tube</u>	<u>\$70.00</u>
J.	<u>Medical Diagnostic Machine per Tube</u>	<u>\$70.00</u>
K.	<u>Medical Therapeutic Machine per Tube</u>	<u>\$250.00</u>
L.	<u>Radiation Machine per Tube (Other than Diagnostic or Therapeutic Machines, used for research or other purposes)</u>	<u>\$70.00</u>
M.	<u>Radioactive Material Facility Close-out Survey</u>	<u>\$120.00</u>
N.	<u>Radioactive Material Inspection</u>	<u>\$170.00</u>
O.	<u>Shielding Plan Review</u>	<u>\$70.00</u>
P.	<u>Veterinary Machine per Tube</u>	<u>\$90.00</u>
4-5.	<u>Asbestos Abatement</u>	
A.	<u>Training Accreditation</u>	
	<u>1. Course Approval</u>	
	Per discipline/maximum	\$1000.00/\$3000.00
	<u>2. Review Course Approval</u>	500.00

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B. Notification - Inspection of Projects

<u>1.</u> Class I: 10-100 linear ft. or 50-200 sq. ft.	\$50.00
<u>2.</u> Class II: 101-1000 linear ft. or 201-2000 sq. ft. <u>more than 100 and less than or equal to 1000 linear ft. or more than 200 and less than or equal to 2000 sq. ft.</u>	200.00
<u>3.</u> Class III: greater than 1000 linear ft. or <u>greater than 2000 sq. ft.</u>	500.00
<u>4.</u> Class IV: Annual Industrial Facility	1500.00
<u>5-6.</u> Annual Low-Level Radioactive Waste Generator or Storer <u>Storage Fee (Maximum)</u>	\$12,500.00
<u>7. School Radon Testing</u>	
<u>A. Test fee per sampling point</u>	<u>\$10.00</u>
<u>B. Bureau staff time per hour</u>	<u>25.00</u>

Appendix C. ~~64-51-3~~. Maximum Health Facility Fees.

1. Site Inspections for New Construction or Major Renovation		
A. Hospitals	\$300.00	<u>\$475.00</u>
B. Ambulatory Surgical Centers	250.00	<u>400.00</u>
C. Nursing Homes	300.00	<u>475.00</u>
D. Personal Care Homes <u>Assisted Living Residence</u>		250.00
E. Residential Board and Care Homes		150.00
E. <u>Residential Care Community</u>		250.00
F. Behavioral Health Center Locations	150.00	<u>250.00</u>
2. Architect's Review of Plans		
A. Hospitals		
New Hospitals and Major Additions	\$500.00	<u>850.00</u>
Minor Additions and Renovations		300.00
B. Ambulatory Surgical Centers	\$300.00	<u>200.00</u>
C. Nursing Homes		
New Home and Major Additions	\$350.00	<u>750.00</u>
Minor Additions and Renovations		200.00
D. Personal Care Homes <u>Assisted Living Residence -</u> <u>17 beds and larger</u>		
New Home and Major Additions	\$250.00	<u>\$500.00</u>
Minor Additions and Renovations	\$150.00	<u>\$250.00</u>
E. Residential Board and Care Homes <u>Assisted Living Residences 4 - 16 beds</u>		\$150.00
New Homes and Major Additions		<u>\$300.00</u>
Minor Additions and Renovations		<u>\$200.00</u>
F. <u>Residential Care Community</u>		<u>500.00</u>
F. G. Behavioral Health Center Group Homes	\$150.00	<u>200.00</u>
H. <u>End Stage Renal Disease (ESRD)</u>		<u>200.00</u>
I. <u>Hospice</u>		
<u>New Hospice and Major Additions</u>		<u>500.00</u>
<u>Minor Additions and Renovations</u>		<u>250.00</u>
J. <u>Birthing Center</u>		<u>200.00</u>

G. <u>K. Overtime Review Requested by Facility (per hour)</u>		50.00
3. <u>Building Inspection of New Projects Prior to Opening</u>		
A. Hospitals		\$300.00
<u>New Hospital and Major Additions</u>		<u>850.00</u>
<u>Minor Additions and Renovations</u>		<u>500.00</u>
B. Ambulatory Surgical Centers	250.00	<u>400.00</u>
C. Nursing Homes		300.00
<u>New Home and Major Additions</u>		<u>750.00</u>
<u>Minor Additions and Renovations</u>		<u>400.00</u>
D. Personal Care Homes		250.00
E. Residential Board and Care Homes		150.00
New Home and Major Additions		500.00
Minor Additions and Renovations		200.00
F. D. Behavioral Health Center Locations	150.00	<u>400.00</u>
<u>E. End Stage Renal Disease (ESRD)</u>		<u>400.00</u>
<u>F. Hospice</u>		
<u>New Hospice and Major Additions</u>		<u>650.00</u>
<u>Minor Additions and Renovations</u>		<u>300.00</u>
<u>G. Birthing Centers</u>		<u>400.00</u>

Appendix D. ~~64-51.4~~. **Epidemiology and Health Promotion.**
~~Fees [Reserved]~~

1. Fees for services:

A. Preparation of a new certificate of birth due to adoption or legitimation. This does not include one certified copy. \$10.00

B. Amendment of a certificate following a legal name change, by court order. This does not include one certified copy. \$10.00

C. Amendment of a certificate subsequent to acceptance of a child support enforcement order or a court ordered determination of paternity. This does not include a certified copy. No Charge

D. Amendment of a birth certificate after acceptance of a paternity acknowledgment. This does not include a certified copy.
No charge within 1 year of birth
\$10.00 after the 1st year

E. Preparing and filing a delayed certificate of birth or death. This does not include one certified copy. \$15.00

F. Additional handling charge for non-routine, expedited service and all special delivery, priority, or express mail that requires special attention. Express shipping charges extra at cost.
\$5.00 for regular mail
\$10.00 for next day service

G. Preparing and filing a presumptive death certificate. This does not include one certified copy. No Charge

H. Amending a birth or death certificate. This does not include one certified copy.
No charge within one year of event
\$10.00 after the 1st year of event

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- I. Manually preparing an abstracted document from the original on file for certification, upon demand by the customer. This does not include a certified copy of the abstracted certificate. \$10.00
- J. Preparing an heirloom birth certificate from the original document. \$30.00
- K. A fee may be charged for special services not specified in this Appendix. The fee shall be the actual cost for providing the service as determined by the State Registrar.

~~Appendix 64 51 5. Local Board of Health Fees.~~

- ~~Appendix 5.1. Barbour County Board of Health [Reserved]
5.2. Beckley-Raleigh Board of Health
5.3. Berkeley County Board of Health [Reserved]
5.4. Boone County Board of Health [Reserved]
5.5. Braxton County Board of Health [Reserved]
5.6. Brooke County Board of Health
5.7. Cabell-Huntington Board of Health [Reserved]
5.8. Clay County Board of Health
5.9. Doddridge County Board of Health [Reserved]
5.10. Fayette County Board of Health [Reserved]
5.11. Gilmer County Board of Health [Reserved]
5.12. Grant County Board of Health
5.13. Greenbrier County Board of Health
5.14. Hampshire County Board of Health [Reserved]
5.15. Hancock County Board of Health
5.16. Hardy County Board of Health [Reserved]
5.17. Harrison-Clarksburg Board of Health [Reserved]
5.18. Jackson County Board of Health
5.19. Jefferson County Board of Health [Reserved]
5.20. Kanawha-Charleston Board of Health
5.21. Lewis County Board of Health [Reserved]
5.22. Lincoln County Board of Health
5.23. Logan County Board of Health [Reserved]
5.24. Marion-Fairmont Board of Health [Reserved]
5.25. Marshall County Board of Health
5.26. Mason County Board of Health
5.27. McDowell County Board of Health
5.28. Mercer County Board of Health
5.29. Mid-Ohio Valley Board of Health
5.30. Mineral County Board of Health
5.31. Mingo County Board of Health
5.32. Monongalia County Board of Health
5.33. Monroe County Board of Health
5.34. Morgan County Board of Health [Reserved]
5.35. Nicholas County Board of Health
5.36. Pendleton County Board of Health
5.37. Pocahontas County Board of Health [Reserved]
5.38. Preston County Board of Health
5.39. Putnam County Board of Health [Reserved]
5.40. Randolph-Elkins Board of Health
5.41. Summers County Board of Health
5.42. Taylor-Grafton Board of Health [Reserved]
5.43. Tucker County Board of Health [Reserved]
5.44. Upshur-Buckhannon Board of Health [Reserved]~~

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- ~~5.45. Wayne County Board of Health [Reserved]~~
- ~~5.46. Webster County Board of Health [Reserved]~~
- ~~5.47. Wetzel-Tyler Board of Health~~
- ~~5.48. Wheeling Ohio Board of Health~~
- ~~5.49. Wyoming County Board of Health [Reserved]~~

FILED

TITLE 64
~~WEST VIRGINIA ADMINISTRATIVE RULES~~
LEGISLATIVE RULES
BUREAU FOR PUBLIC HEALTH

2003 DEC -8 P 2:21

OFFICE WEST VIRGINIA
SECRETARY OF STATE

SERIES 51
FEES FOR SERVICES

§64-51-1. General.

1.1. Scope - This legislative rule establishes reasonable fees for services provided by the ~~division of health~~ bureau for public health and local boards of health. This legislative rule does not supersede other rules which establish fees for services not addressed in this rule. This rule should be read in conjunction with the WV Code. The WV Code is available in public libraries and on the Legislature's web page, <http://www.legis.state.wv.us/>.

1.2. Authority - ~~WV Code §§16-1-21, 29-1H-6 and 29B-16-3~~ 16-1-4(h), 16-1-11(d), and 29B-1-3(5).

1.3. Filing Date - ~~April 16, 1991.~~

1.4. Effective Date - ~~May 1, 1991.~~

~~1.5. Public Hearing - June 22, 1990.~~

~~1.6. Final Approval - This rule was approved by the director of the division of health on January 4, 1991.~~

§64-51-2. Application and Enforcement.

2.1. Application - This rule applies to persons receiving services from the ~~division of health~~ bureau for public health or from local boards of health as created in WV Code §§16-2-1 et seq. ~~or 16-2A-1 et seq.~~ and also applies to ~~such~~ the local boards of health.

2.2. Enforcement - This rule is enforced by the ~~director~~ commissioner of the West Virginia ~~division of health~~ bureau for public health or his or her lawful designee.

§64-51-3. Definitions.

~~3.1.~~ 3.2. Adoption - The judicial act of creating the relationship of parent and child where it did not exist previously.

~~3.1.~~ 3.2. Ambulatory Surgical Facility Center (ASC) - A facility which provides surgical treatment to patients not requiring hospitalization. This definition does not include the legally

authorized practice of surgery by any one or more persons in the private office of any health care provider.

~~3.2.~~ 3.3. Asbestos - The asbestiform varieties of serpentinite (chrysotile), riebeckite (crocidolite), cummingtonite-grunerite, anthophyllite, and actinolite-tremolite, and which material contains more than one (1) percent asbestos by weight.

~~3.3.~~ 3.4. Asbestos Abatement - Procedures to control fiber release from asbestos-containing materials. These procedures include removal, encapsulation, enclosure, repair, demolition, renovation, and similar activities.

3.5. Assisted Living Residence - Any living facility, residence or place of accommodation, however named, available for four or more residents, in this state which is advertised, offered, maintained or operated by the ownership or management, whether for a consideration or not, for the express or implied purpose of having personal assistance or supervision, or both, provided to any residents therein who are dependent upon the services of others by reason of physical or mental impairment and who may also require nursing care at a level that is not greater than limited and intermittent nursing care. This term replaces the two terms "Personal Care Home" and "Residential Board and Care Home", previously used in this rule.

3.6. Basic Public Health Services - Those services that are necessary to protect the health of the public. The three areas of basic public health services are communicable and reportable disease prevention and control, community health promotion and environmental health protection.

~~3.4.~~ 3.7. Behavioral Health Center - An organization that provides behavioral health services, including all of its locations.

~~3.5.~~ 3.8. Behavioral Health Services - ~~Those services intended to help individuals gain or regain the capacity to function adaptively in their environment, to care for themselves and their families, and to be accepted by society. This includes services to individuals with emotional or mental disorders, alcohol or drug abuse problems, and mental retardation or other developmental disabilities. An inpatient, residential or outpatient service for the care and treatment of persons with mental illness, developmental disabilities or substance abuse.~~

3.9. Birthing Center - A type of facility which is a building, house or the equivalent organized to provide facilities and staff to

support a birthing service for pregnant women.

3.6. 3.10. Bottled Water - Any natural or artificial mineral, spring, well, distilled or other water bottled or containerized for use primarily as drinking water.

3.11. Business (or Individual) Providing Vendor Services - Any person proposing to offer or providing services to Registrants in the Radiological Health Program as described in Radiological Health Regulations, Title 64 CSR Series 23, subsections 5.4 and 5.5.

3.12. Certificate of Birth (Birth Certificate) - The government's permanent legal record of the fact of birth of an individual. Information contained within the document is considered to be prima facie evidence of the fact of birth.

3.13. Certificate of Death (Death Certificate) - The government's permanent legal record of the fact of death of an individual. Information contained within the document is considered to be prima facie evidence of the fact of death.

3.14. Certified Copy - A reproduction or abstracted document that is officially endorsed by the custodian of the original document to be an authentic reproduction or abstraction of the original document.

3.15. Commissioner - The commissioner of the West Virginia bureau for public health.

3.16. Decommissioning - Removal of any source of radioactive material as described in Radiological Health Regulations, Title 64 CSR Series 23, sections 6.59, 11.14.f.2, or 16.23.c. with a dedicated purpose of vacating premises, amendment or cancellation of a registration for possession or storage of radioactive material.

3.17. Delayed Certificate of Birth (Delayed Birth Certificate) - A certificate of birth filed more than one year after the date of birth. Information contained within the document is abstracted from other sources and is not considered to be prima facie evidence of the fact of birth.

3.18. Dental Intraoral Machine - A radiation machine with one or more x-ray tubes used for human intraoral diagnostic imaging, as described in Radiological Health Regulations, Title 64 CSR Series 23, section 7.9.

3.19. Dental Panoramic Machine - Any rotational orthodontic extraoral radiographic device for dental diagnostic imaging.

3.20. Dental Radiation Machine (Other) - Any radiographic device for dental diagnostic imaging, which is not dental intraoral or dental panoramic, such as cephalometric and extraoral tomography with one or more x-ray tubes.

~~3.7. Director - The director of the West Virginia division of health.~~

~~3.8.~~ 3.21. Drinking Water - Water free from biological, chemical, physical and radiological contaminants which cause disease or harmful physiological effects.

3.22. Emergency Services Consultation - A consultation for radiological health services performed per request for regulatory assistance in the event of an emergency or crisis condition involving a source of radiation. Consultation includes the following per event: investigation, travel time and assessment of incidents or accidents for compliance with Radiological Health Regulations, Title 64 CSR Series 23, involving unusual events such as exposure to ionizing radiation to workers or the public, contamination of persons or the environment, and release, damage, theft or loss of radioactive material.

3.23. End Stage Renal Disease (ESRD) Facility - A facility which is approved to furnish at least one specific ESRD service, e.g., that stage of renal impairment that appears irreversible and permanent, and requires a regular course of dialysis or kidney transplantation to maintain life.

~~3.9.~~ 3.24. Generator - A person whose activity results in the production of low-level radioactive waste requiring long-term storage and disposal.

~~3.10.~~ 3.25. Health Programs - Community-oriented strategies and activities devised by a local health department to address an identified community health problem, the solution of which will lower a morbidity or mortality statistic.

3.26. Heirloom Birth Certificate - A presentation quality, oversized, and ornate, certificate of birth suitable for framing and display.

3.27. Hospice - A hospice as defined in WV Code §16-5I-2(c).

~~3.11.~~ 3.28. Hospital - Any institution, place, building or agency in which an accommodation of five (5) or more beds is maintained, furnished or offered for the hospitalization of the sick or injured. A hospital as defined in WV Code §16-5B-1.

3.29. Industrial Radiographic Machine - A radiation machine used for all industrial radiography, other than cabinet radiography and shielded room radiography and other than non-diagnostic or non-therapeutic purposes, such as x-ray devices used to examine the macroscopic structure of materials by nondestructive methods using sources of ionizing radiation or to produce radiographic images, as defined in Radiological Health Regulations, Title 64 CSR Series 23, sections 8.3.5 and 8.3.6.

3.30. Industrial Cabinet X-Ray System - A machine used for industrial radiography conducted in an enclosure or shielded cabinet, such as x-ray devices used primarily for the inspection of carry-on baggage at airline, railroad, and bus terminals, and in similar facilities, as defined in Radiological Health Regulations, Title 64 CSR Series 23, sections 8.3.1 or 8.3.2.

3.31. Industrial High Energy Machine - A radiation producing device such as a particle accelerator or cyclotron, and pulse x-ray machine used for nondestructive testing or other radiation producing devices used for irradiation of materials with energies greater than 250 kilovolts.

3.32. Industrial Radiation Machine (Other) - A radiation machine used for non-human purposes other than those described in this section as: Industrial Radiographic Machine, Industrial Cabinet X-ray System or Industrial High Energy Machine.

~~3.12.~~ 3.33. Innovative/Alternative Type Sewage System - A method of sewage disposal for a single family dwelling or establishment for which design standards have been prepared and listed in the Sewage Treatment and Collection System Design Standards, 64CSR47, as an innovative or alternative system.

3.34. Legitimation - Legal process by which the status of legitimacy is conferred to a child whose parents were not married at the time of the child's birth but who subsequently marry each other.

~~3.13.~~ 3.35. Local Board of Health - A county, municipal, or

~~combined board of health created under~~ A board of health serving one or more counties or one or more municipalities or a combination thereof created under WV Code §§16-2-1 et seq. or 16-2A-1 et seq.

~~3.14.~~ 3.36. Low-Level Radioactive Waste - Radioactive waste that:

~~3.25.a. Is neither high-level waste or transuranic waste, nor spent nuclear fuel, nor by-product material as defined in Section 11(e)(2) of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. §2014(e)) as amended; and~~

~~3.25.b. Is classified by the federal government as low-level waste, consistent with existing law; but does not include waste generated as a result of atomic energy defense activities of the federal government, as defined in Public Law 96-573 (42 U.S.C. §2021b), or federal research and development activities.~~

3.36.a. Is not classified as high-level radioactive waste, spent nuclear fuel, or byproduct material as defined in Section 11e.(2) of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (uranium or thorium tailings and waste); and

3.36.b. Is classified as low-level radioactive waste consistent with existing federal law in accordance with the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission rules, as defined in Radiological Health Regulations, Title 64 CSR Series 23, section 3.106 and the low-level radioactive waste policy act, Public Law 96-573, as amended by Public Law 99-240, effective January 15, 1986.

3.37. Medical Diagnostic Machine - A radiographic imaging system with one or more x-ray tubes used for human diagnostic imaging as defined in Radiological Health Regulations, Title 64 CSR Series 23, sections 3.72 and 7.2.70, including mobile or fixed radiography, fluoroscopy, computerized tomography, bone density, podiatry, chiropractic or other diagnostic x-ray devices.

3.38. Medical Therapeutic Machine - A machine designed and used for external beam radiation therapy producing x-rays or electrons, as defined in Radiological Health Regulations, Title 64 CSR Series 23, section 7.12.b.61; or particle accelerators used for human therapy as described in Radiological Health Regulations, Title 64 CSR Series 23, section 3.4.

~~3.15.~~ 3.39. Municipal Sewer System - A system or group of sys-

tems as a whole which receives sewage from more than one (1) dwelling or establishment and is operated and maintained by an incorporated municipality, or public service district or sanitary board.

~~3.16. 3.40. Nursing Home - Any institution, residence or place, or any part or unit thereof, however named, which is advertised, offered, maintained or operated by the ownership or management, whether for a consideration or not, for the express or implied purpose of providing accommodations and care, for a period of more than twenty-four (24) hours, for three (3) or more persons who are ill or otherwise incapacitated and in need of extensive on-going nursing care due to physical or mental impairment or which provides services for the rehabilitation of persons who are convalescing from illness or incapacitation. A nursing home as defined in WV Code §16-5C-2(e).~~

3.41. Paternity Acknowledgment (Declaration of Paternity Affidavit) - A legal instrument executed by an unmarried mother (or in some instances a married mother) and a putative father in which both acknowledge the paternity of their child.

~~3.17. 3.42. Permit - As used in this rule, a written document issued by the director commissioner giving a designated person permission to:~~

3.42.a. Construct, operate, alter or renovate a specific public water system, or bottled water plant;

3.42.b. Construct, install, extend, alter or operate an approved sewer system or method of sewage disposal, or to collect, remove, transport or dispose of sewage; or

3.42.c. Construct, alter or renovate a ~~swimming pool~~ recreational water facility or to operate ~~such the~~ facility.

~~3.18. 3.43. Person - An individual, partnership, association, syndicate, company, firm, trust, corporation, government corporation, institution, department, division, bureau, agency, federal agency or any other entity recognized by law.~~

~~3.19. Personal Care Home - Any institution, residence or place, or any part or unit thereof, however named, which is advertised, offered, maintained or operated by the ownership or management, whether for a consideration or not, for the express or~~

~~implied purpose of providing accommodations and personal assistance, for a period of more than twenty-four (24) hours, to three (3) or more persons who are dependent upon the services of others by reason of physical or mental impairment but who do not require extensive, on-going nursing care.~~

3.44. Presumptive Death Certificate - A certificate of death prepared at the order of a county commission (or other appointed legal entities in other states) under the direction of WV Code §44-9-1, et seq. which provides for the filing of a death certificate of someone presumed and declared dead by the commission.

~~3.20. 3.45. Professional Health Services - Therapeutic interventions of assessment, counseling, screening, diagnosis or treatment of health problems by physicians, physician's assistants, dentists, registered nurses, dieticians, health educators, master's prepared social workers or other currently licensed health care professionals in the state of West Virginia who are employed by the local health department. A health service delivered by a member of a commonly recognized public health care or allied profession including but not limited to physician, dentist, nurse, sanitarian, physical therapist, social worker, physician assistant, nurse practitioner, certified nurse midwife, dietitian, speech therapist, occupational therapist, hearing therapist, or individual with a graduate or undergraduate degree in a profession recognized by third party payors as eligible for reimbursement for services performed.~~

~~3.21. 3.46. Public Sewer System - A sewage collection system or systems with or without treatment facilities and serving more than one (1) dwelling or establishment. Ownership of the system is held by and maintenance performed by a single entity. This definition includes municipal sewer systems.~~

3.47. Public Water System - A public water system as defined in WV Code §16-1-9a(a).

3.47.a. Community Water System - A public water system which serves at least fifteen (15) service connections used by year-round residents or regularly serves at least twenty-five (25) year round residents.

3.47.b. Non-Community Non-Transient Water System - Any public water system that is not a community water system and that regularly serves at least twenty-five (25) of the same persons over six (6) months per year.

3.47.b.1. Service Connection Equivalent - The average number of individuals served by a non-community non-transient public water supply system divided by 2.4.

3.48. Radiation Machine Facility - Any fixed or mobile facility with one or more radiation machines. (Radiation machines having one or more x-ray tubes).

3.49. Radiation Producing Device - Device or source of radiation as defined in Radiological Health Regulations, Title 64 CSR Series 23, section 3.72. (Radiation machines having one or more x-ray tubes).

3.50. Radioactive Material -

3.50.a. Byproduct Radioactive Material [Radiological Health Regulations, Title 64 CSR Series 23, section 3.161] - Accelerator produced material [Radiological Health Regulations, Title 64 CSR Series 23, section 3.5] or TENORM [Radiological Health Regulations, Title 64 CSR Series 23, section 16.3.g], or

3.50.b. Non-byproduct Radioactive Material - Any radioactive material, other than defined as byproduct material in Radiological Health Regulations, Title 64 CSR Series 23, section 3.16, which is technically enhanced naturally occurring radioactive material (TENORM) or accelerator produced.

3.51. Radioactive Material Inspection - Inspection of all activities associated with radioactive material registration.

3.52. Radioactive Material Facility Close-out Survey - A confirmatory survey to assay for levels of radioactive contamination.

3.53. Reciprocity - Reciprocal recognition for out-of-state registration or license to use a radiation-producing device or radioactive material within the State, as defined in Radiological Health Regulations, Title 64 CSR Series 23, sections 5.11, 11.28 and 16.22.

3.54. Recreational Water Facility - Any natural or artificial body or basin of water which is modified, improved, constructed or installed for the purpose of public swimming or bathing under the control of any person.

3.55. Registration - Registration of any radiation producing

device or radioactive material used within the State, as defined in Radiological Health Regulations, Title 64 CSR Series 23, sections 3.79 and 5.

~~3.23. Residential Board and Care Home - Any institution, residence or place, or any part thereof, however named, which is advertised, offered, maintained or operated by the ownership or management, whether for consideration or not, for the express or implied purpose of providing accommodations for a period of more than twenty four (24) hours, to no fewer than three (3) and no more than eight (8) persons who are dependent upon the services of others by reason of physical or mental impairment but who are capable of self-preservation and do not require nursing care.~~

3.56. Residential Care Community - A residential care community as defined in WV Code §16-5N-2(k).

3.57. School Radon Testing - The testing of radon levels in public school buildings in all major student occupied areas at or below grade level in accordance with the Air Quality in New Schools Act, WV Code §18-9E-3(b).

~~3.24.~~ 3.58. Sewage - Any excreta or liquid waste containing animal, vegetable, or mineral matter in suspension or solution including, but not limited to, waste from water closets, urinals, lavatories, bathtubs, laundry tubs, washing machines, drinking fountains, sinks, kitchen equipment and other sanitary fixtures or facilities.

~~3.25.~~ 3.59. Sewage Holding Tank - A watertight receptacle designed and constructed to receive and retain untreated or partially treated sewage on a temporary basis. This does not include septic tanks, portable toilets or privies.

3.60. Sewage System Installer Certification - A process by which a person who installs individual on-site sewer system becomes certified to perform such function under the provisions of the Sewage Systems, Sewage Treatment Systems and Sewage Tank Cleaners Regulation, Title 64 CSR Series 9.

3.61. Shielding Plan - Facility design or modification from a qualified expert of calculated barrier thickness and physical protection from sources of radiation for any fixed or mobile radiation machine, as described in Radiological Health Regulations, Title 64 CSR Series 23, section 7.4.

~~3.26. 3.62. Sliding Fee Scale - A set of varying amounts (percentages of the maximum fee) to be charged for services to individuals receiving varying levels of income. A charge for service that uses a scale or standard of cost, wages, fees, or the like that varies according to other factors such as cost of living, level of income, or prices.~~

~~3.27. Swimming Pool - Any artificial basin, chamber, or tank used or intended to be used by the public for swimming, diving or recreational type bathing. The term "swimming pool" does not include baths where the main purpose is cleaning the body, nor individual type therapeutic tubs or tanks. Swimming pools are classified according to the following:~~

~~a. Recirculation Type - A pool from which the water is withdrawn, treated, and returned to the pool;~~

~~b. Fill and Draw Type - A pool to which water is added, used for a period, then discarded; and~~

~~c. Flow Through Type - A pool to which water is added continuously thereby replacing and causing water to overflow to waste.~~

3.63. Specimen Collection Kit - A prepackaged group of items used for the acquisition and processing of material to be sent for analytical testing.

~~3.28. 3.64. Water Well - Any excavation or penetration in the ground, whether drilled, bored, cored, driven or jetted that enters or passes through an aquifer for purposes that may include, but are not limited to: a water supply, exploration for water, dewatering or heat pump wells, except that this definition does not include ground water monitoring activities and all activities for the exploration, development, production, storage and recovery of coal, oil and gas and other mineral resources which are regulated under WV Code, Chapters 22, 22A or 22B.~~

3.65. Veterinary Machine - Any radiation machine with at least one x-ray tube used by a licensed practitioner of veterinary medicine for diagnostic purposes on non-human subjects.

3.66. X-Ray Public Health Screening Application - An application which is submitted for agency approval to conduct healing arts screening as defined in Radiological Health

Regulations, Title 64 CSR Series 23, section 7.3.a.11, using diagnostic radiation machines within the State.

§64-51-4. Fees Generally.

4.1. Authority to Assess and Collect Fees - The ~~director commissioner~~ of the ~~division of health bureau for public health~~ and local boards of health may assess and collect the fees ~~listed in the appendices to this rule~~ for the provision of services. Except as specified in subsections 4.2, 5.2 and 9.2 of this rule, the ~~director commissioner~~ and local boards of health may require payment of fees in advance for services. Where the Commissioner has staffed and equipped offices of the Bureau for Public Health to provide the services it is required to perform, the Commissioner may make efficient use of those resources by providing other public health services at reasonable fees established by the Commissioner.

4.2. Exemption from Fees Generally - No individual may be denied health care services because of the inability of the individual to pay for services when services are provided to similarly situated individuals who have the ability to pay for them.

4.3. Fees for Copies of Public Records - Copies of public records which may be disclosed may be furnished at a charge of twenty-five cents (25¢) per page on 8½ x 11" or 8½ x 14" paper. Copies of documents produced on larger paper may be furnished at actual cost, which includes but is not limited to materials, operator's time, and transportation and delivery charges. Copying fees may be required to be paid before issuance of the copies.

4.4. Fee for Record Searches ~~and Compilation of Information~~ - Requests for information estimated to require more than ten (10) minutes to search records or to compile may be charged at the rate of ~~twenty-five dollars (\$25)~~ fifty dollars (\$50) per hour, and payment may be required before issuance of the information.

4.5. Fee for ~~Address Label Location Information Printing~~ - When the service provided is printing mailing labels location information of licensees, permit holders, or other persons, the fee shall be at the rate of ~~ten cents (10¢)~~ twenty-five cents (25¢) per ~~label.~~ location.

§64-51-5. Laboratory Service Fees.

5.1. Laboratory Services for Which a Fee May be Charged -

Except as provided in subsection 5.2 of this rule, the ~~director~~ commissioner may charge a fee for each test or group of tests including specimen collection kits, as listed in Appendix A 64-51-1 of this rule. The Laboratory may charge for bacteriological and chemical analyses of environmental ~~potable~~ water samples, ~~raw and finished milk samples,~~ clinical specimens, and ~~may charge the fees listed in Appendix A 64-51-1 of this rule.~~ for the certification of laboratories to conduct drinking water tests.

5.2. Exemption from Laboratory Fees - Fees shall not be charged when:

5.2.a. Laboratory tests are authorized by the ~~director~~ commissioner as part of an epidemiological investigation or the charging of the fee would significantly and adversely affect the public health;

5.2.b. Tests on second or additional specimens are required by the ~~director~~ commissioner because of the inability to make or complete a test, or because the testing operation or procedure is unsatisfactory for any reason;

5.2.c. Specimens are determined to be unsatisfactory for testing at the time of submission; or

5.2.d. The exemption of fees provision of subsection 4.2 of this rule applies.

§64-51-6. Environmental Health Fees.

The ~~director~~ commissioner may charge a fee for each environmental health service listed in Appendix B 64-51-2 of this rule.

§64-51-7. Health Facility Fees.

The ~~director~~ commissioner may charge a fee for each service provided to health facilities listed in Appendix C 64-51-3 of this rule.

§64-51-8. Epidemiology and Health Promotion Fees [Reserved].

The commissioner may charge a fee for each service provided as listed in Appendix D of this rule: Provided, that the state registrar may furnish services to state agencies and to organized charities, free of charge, when the services are required before

presenting claims to the federal government, or to the state for public assistance, and; provided further, that the state registrar shall make an accurate record of all services provided for the above purposes.

§64-51-9. Fees for Services Provided by Local Boards of Health.

9.1. Services for Which a Local Board of Health May Propose Fees - Except as provided in subsection 9.2 of this section, a local board of health may propose fees for all its services, including but not limited to professional health services, screenings, injections, assessments, counseling done for health-related issues, classes which teach healthy habits, lifestyles, or maintenance of health when there is a preexisting disease condition present, case management on behalf of patients whether in the home, clinic or through written and oral communications by letter or phone, and inspections.

9.2. Exception from Local Board of Health Fees - The public health mission to provide first for general community safety means that fees for service will not be charged to individuals in the following circumstances:

9.2.a. In the case of a community epidemic, natural disaster, civil upheaval, toxic contamination, and other like situations where common good is at issue;

9.2.b. In the case of individuals seeking medical evaluation, treatment or epidemiologic follow-up, including administrative costs, associated with sexually transmitted disease and tuberculosis; or

9.2.c. In the case where the exemption from fees provision of subsection 4.2 of this rule applies.

9.3. Basis for Fees - Local board of health maximum fees may be based on the actual cost of service delivery plus administrative overhead. Administrative overhead may include but is not limited to: 1) salaries and wages; 2) other direct costs; and 3) that portion of the general and administrative costs, to include the administrator, secretaries, clerks, financial management depreciation and other overhead expenses, which ~~contributes~~ contribute to the delivery of the service.

9.4. Fee Proposals By Local Boards of Health - A local board of health proposing to charge fees under this rule shall approve ~~a budget plan and program document including:~~ an annual program plan

and budget for the current fiscal year which includes:

9.4.a. Proposed health programs as defined in subsection ~~3.10~~ 3.24 of this rule;

9.4.b. An accounting of fee collections in the previous fiscal year and in the current fiscal year, and projected fee collections in the remainder of the current fiscal year and during the next fiscal year;

9.4.c. A proposed schedule of fees; and

9.4.d. A proposed sliding fee scale to be implemented by the local board. The sliding fee scale may be based on annual federal poverty level guidelines as published by the ~~division of health bureau for public health~~ for other programs or on an alternative system proposed by a local board of health for providing services at a reduced fee based on an individual's ability to pay.

9.5. Posting of Proposed Fees - After a local board of health's adoption of a proposed schedule of fees and sliding fee scale, the board shall post, publish or otherwise inform the public living in the area served by the board of ~~such~~ the proposal and allow for a thirty (30) day comment period.

9.6. Submission of Proposal for Approval - A local board of health proposing to charge fees shall submit to the ~~director commissioner~~ of the ~~division of health bureau for public health~~:

9.6.a. A budget ~~plan~~ and program ~~plan document~~ including the information required in subsection 9.4 of this rule;

9.6.b. A copy of the posted notice of ~~such~~ the proposed fees and a description of the public notice process;

9.6.c. A copy of comments received on the proposed fees; and

9.6.d. A response to ~~such~~ the comments.

9.7. Emergency Fees - Establishment of fees other than in accordance with subsection 9.6 of this rule may be accomplished only upon petition by the local board of health to the ~~director commissioner~~ in response to an emergency.

9.8. Approval or Rejection of Fees of Local Boards of Health

by the ~~Director of Health~~ Commissioner of Public Health - The ~~director commissioner~~ shall approve or reject a local board of health's proposed budget plan and program plan document and fees ~~proposed~~. If there is a rejection, the local board of health ~~shall be allowed to~~ may propose a revision. ~~Approval by the director of the proposed fees shall be in the form of an order filed with the secretary of state as an appendix to this rule, and the local board of health may charge the approved fees upon such filing. The director shall provide a copy of such order to the local board of health. Upon approval by the commissioner of the proposed fees, the local board of health shall file the approved fee schedule with the clerk of all the county commissions or municipalities of which the board is a part, or in the case of a combined board of health, the filings shall be with the clerks or recorders of all the participating county commissions and municipalities. After the local board of health has made all the required filings, it may charge the approved fees.~~

9.9. Notice of ~~Free~~ Uncompensated Care - Signs shall be prominently displayed in a public health clinic in as many languages as a substantial number of patients speak, as well as signs in pictures for those who do not read, that inform the public that services related to sexually transmitted disease and tuberculosis, and other health care services in the public health clinic may not be denied for inability to pay.

9.10. Local Board of Health Account - All local board of health fees collected together with accounting documentation ~~will~~ shall be deposited with the treasurer of the county or municipality and used only for funding local board of health programs. into an account designated for local board of health purposes. The monies for a municipal board of health shall be deposited with the municipal treasury in the service area. The monies for a county board of health shall be deposited with the county treasury in the service area. The monies for a combined local board of health shall be deposited in an account as designated in the plan of combination.

9.11. Annual Audits - Local boards of health are subject to annual audits and must be in compliance with tax procedures required by the state and shall annually develop a budget for the next fiscal year under WV Code §6-9-7.

§64-51-10. Administrative Due Process

10.1. Those persons adversely affected by the enforcement of this rule desiring a contested case hearing to determine any rights,

duties, interests or privileges shall do so in a manner prescribed in the Rules of Procedure for ~~Protested~~ Contested Case Hearings and Declaratory Rulings, 64 CSR 1. In the case of a request for a hearing on a local board of health fee, the ~~director~~ commissioner may direct the local board of health to conduct the hearing.

~~§64-51-11. Severability~~ The provisions of this rule are severable. If any provisions of this rule are held invalid, the remaining provisions shall remain in effect.

Appendix A. ~~64-51.1.~~ Laboratory Service Fees.

1. Fees for Environmental Chemistry Laboratory Service

A. Inorganic Chemicals/Miscellaneous ~~Individual~~ Tests

Arsenic	\$10.00
Barium	10.00
Cadmium	10.00
Chromium	10.00
Lead	10.00
Selenium	10.00
Silver	10.00
Mercury	12.00
Iron	12.00
Manganese	12.00
Copper	12.00
Zinc	12.00
Sodium	12.00
Calcium	12.00
Magnesium	12.00
Surfactants	12.00
Potassium	12.00
Aluminum	12.00
Nitrate	10.00
Fluoride	8.00
Alkalinity Methyl Orange/ Phenolphthalein	4.00
Chlorides	4.00
Hardness	4.00
pH	4.00
Total Dissolved Solids	4.00
Sulfates	12.00
Conductivity	8.00
Chlorine Residual: Free	8.00
Chlorine Residual: Total	8.00
Hydrogen Sulfide	12.00
Turbidity	5.00

~~B. Tests to meet Environmental Protection Agency
Minimum inorganic compliance requirements for public
water supplies: arsenic, barium, cadmium, chromium,
fluoride, lead, mercury, selenium, silver, and
nitrates~~

\$100.00

~~C. Tests to meet West Virginia Secondary contam~~

~~inants compliance requirements for public water
supplies: pH, copper, manganese, sodium, aluminum,
alkalinity, hardness, iron~~ \$72.00

~~D. Tests for Organic Chemicals~~

~~Pesticides: Endrin, Lindane, Methoxychlor, and~~

~~Toxaphene~~ \$175.00

~~Herbicides: 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid (2,4D)
and 2-(2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxy) Propi-
onic Acid (2,4,5-TP/Silvex)~~ \$175.00

~~2. Fees for Environmental Microbiology Laboratory
Service Water Specimens~~ \$10.00

~~3. Fees for Certification of Laboratories to Conduct
Drinking Water Tests: Certification to perform
laboratory testing on water to meet state and
Environmental Protection Agency requirements
under the Safe Drinking Water Act.*~~

~~A. Chemical Testing~~

~~1. Inorganic Tests~~ \$500.00

~~2. Trihalomethanes and Volatile Organic
Compounds~~ 500.00

~~3. All Other Organic Tests~~ 500.00

~~B. Microbiological Testing~~ \$500.00

~~*Laboratories located outside the borders of West
Virginia will be assessed the certification fee for
the test(s) approved and will be required to pay all
reasonable expenses required for an on-site inspection:~~

1. Metals by Graphite Furnace
Atomic Absorption
Per Metal Per Each Sample \$14.00

Analyses may include, but are not limited to, arsenic, beryllium,
cobalt, cadmium, thallium, chromium, nickel, lead, antimony,
molybdenum, tin, selenium, silver, aluminum, vanadium, copper.

2. Metals by Flame Atomic Absorption
Per Metal Per Each Sample \$15.00

Analyses may include, but are not limited to, iron, manganese, sodium, and zinc.

3. Metals by Inductively Coupled Plasma (ICP)
Per Metal Per Each Sample \$12.00

Analyses may include, but are not limited to, boron, titanium, cerium, silicon, potassium, calcium, magnesium, barium, and lithium.

4. Metals By Inductively Coupled Plasma
- Mass Spectrophotometry (ICP/MS)
Per Metal Per Each Sample \$8.00

Analyses may include, but are not limited to, aluminum, antimony, arsenic, barium, beryllium, cadmium, chromium, cobalt, copper, lead, manganese, mercury, molybdenum, nickel, selenium, silver, thallium, thorium, uranium, vanadium, zinc.

5. Metals by Cold Vapor
Per Metal Per Each Sample \$25.00

Analyses may include, but are not limited to, mercury.

6. Analytes by Ion Chromatography (IC)
Per analyte Per Each Sample \$15.00

Analyses may include, but are not limited to, fluoride, chloride, chlorite, chlorate, sulfate, nitrate, nitrite, phosphate, bromide and bromate.

7. Analytes by Ion Selective Electrode \$9.00

Analytes may include, but are not limited to, Fluoride, pH and Cyanide

8. Miscellaneous Individual Tests
- a. Alkalinity (Total) As CaCO₃ \$10.00
 - b. Calcium by Titration \$15.00
 - c. Calcium Hardness \$10.00
 - d. Chloramines \$12.00
 - e. Chlorine, Free \$12.00
 - f. Chlorine, Total \$12.00

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<u>g. Conductivity</u>	<u>\$10.00</u>
<u>h. Dissolved Solids, Total</u>	<u>\$13.00</u>
<u>i. Hardness, Total</u>	<u>\$10.00</u>
<u>j. Hydrogen Sulfide</u>	<u>\$15.00</u>
<u>k. Magnesium By Titration</u>	<u>\$12.00</u>
<u>l. Methylene Blue Active Substances</u>	

\$15.00

<u>m. Nitrate</u>	<u>\$15.00</u>
<u>m. Ortho-Phosphate</u>	<u>\$15.00</u>
<u>n. Phosphate, Total</u>	<u>\$16.00</u>
<u>o. Silica</u>	<u>\$15.00</u>
<u>p. Turbidity (NTU)</u>	<u>\$12.00</u>

B. Organic Compounds (Fees Include Sample Preparation)

<u>1. EPA Regulated Volatile Compounds (VOCs)</u>	
<u>a. Chlorinated Hydrocarbons Package</u>	<u>\$150.00</u>
<u>b. Brominated Hydrocarbons Package</u>	<u>\$100.00</u>
<u>2. EPA Unregulated Volatile Compounds (VOCs)</u>	<u>\$200.00</u>
<u>3. EPA Regulated Synthetic Organic Compounds (SOCs):</u>	
<u>a. Chlorinated Pesticides/Polychlorinated Biphenyl (PCB Screen) Package</u>	<u>\$185.00</u>
<u>B. Nitrogen-Phosphorous Pesticide Package</u>	<u>\$150.00</u>
<u>C. Carbamate Pesticides Package</u>	<u>\$150.00</u>
<u>D. Diquat</u>	<u>\$150.00</u>
<u>E. Endothall</u>	<u>\$150.00</u>
<u>F. Glyphosate</u>	<u>\$150.00</u>
<u>G. Esters Package</u>	<u>\$150.00</u>
<u>Includes Di (2-ethylhexyl) Adipate and Di (2-ethylhexyl) Phthalate</u>	<u>\$150.00</u>
<u>H. Benzo (a) pyrene</u>	<u>\$150.00</u>
<u>I. Herbicides Package</u>	<u>\$175.00</u>
<u>J. Disinfection By Products</u>	
<u>Trihalomethanes (THMs) Package</u>	<u>\$150.00</u>
<u>K. Haloacetic Acids (HAAs) Package</u>	<u>\$190.00</u>
<u>4. Total EPA Regulated Organics, includes Pesticides, PCBs, Carbamates, Diquat, Endothall and Glyphosate</u>	<u>\$845.00</u>
<u>5. Other Organic Tests:</u>	

A.	<u>Total Organic Carbon (TOC)</u>	<u>\$ 40.00</u>
B.	<u>Specific Ultraviolet Absorption (SUVA)</u>	<u>\$ 50.00</u>
2.	<u>Fees for Environmental Microbiology Laboratory Service</u>	
A.	<u>Water Tests</u>	<u>\$15.00</u>
B.	<u>Giardia</u>	<u>\$500.00</u>
C.	<u>Cryptosporidium</u>	<u>\$500.00</u>
3.	<u>Fees for Certification of Laboratories to Conduct Drinking Water Tests: Certification to perform laboratory testing on water to meet state and Environmental Protection Agency requirements under the Safe Drinking Water Act.*</u>	
A.	<u>Chemical Testing:</u>	
		<u>\$800.00</u>
	<u>1. Inorganic Tests</u>	<u>\$800.00</u>
	<u>2. Trihalomethanes and Volatile Organic Compounds</u>	<u>\$800.00</u>
	<u>3. All Other Organic Tests</u>	<u>\$800.00</u>
	<u>4. Total Organic Carbon (TOC) and/or Specific Ultraviolet Absorption (SUVA)</u>	<u>\$200.00</u>
B.	<u>Microbiological Testing</u>	<u>\$800.00</u>

*Laboratories located outside the borders of West Virginia will be assessed the certification fee for the tests approved and shall pay all reasonable expenses required for an on-site inspection.

4. Fees for Specimen Collection Kits:
- | | | |
|----|--------------------------|----------------|
| A. | <u>Newborn Screening</u> | <u>\$28.00</u> |
| B. | <u>Blood Lead</u> | <u>\$15.00</u> |
5. The State Hygienic Laboratory may enter into contractual agreements for providing services at a negotiated rate for testing specimens in the conduct of Public Health Investigations, Public Health Interventions and Public Health Risk Assessments.
6. In order to maintain preparedness and assess threats the Lab is authorized to charge for testing related to terrorism.

A. Bioterrorism

A reasonable fee established by the Commissioner may be charged in the testing of specimens for the detection of the presence of agents of bioterrorism. Testing may include, but is not limited to, the detection of biological agents causing anthrax, plague, tularemia, botulism, brucellosis, Q fever, or any other suspected agent.

B. Chemical Terrorism

The Commissioner may charge a reasonable fee, based upon an itemization of costs, for the testing of specimens for detection of the presence of agents of chemical terrorism. Testing may include, but is not limited to, the detection of chemical agents such as ricin, cyanide, or any other suspected agent.

Appendix B. ~~64-51.2.~~ Environmental Health Services Fees.

1. Water Systems, Sewage Systems and Swimming Pools		
A. Construction/Installation Permits		
Public Water System Project	\$	300.00
Public Sewer System or Facility Project		300.00
Public Swimming Pool Project		200.00
Sewage Holding Tank Project		1,000.00
On-Site Innovative/Alternative Type		
Sewage System		150.00
<u>On Site Innovative/Alternative Type Sewage System</u>		
<u>Correcting Failure</u>		<u>150.00</u>
<u>New Construction</u>		<u>300.00</u>
<u>Sewage System Installer Certification and Renewal</u>		<u>150.00</u>
B. Water Well Permits (New Construction)		
Public Water System		\$150.00
2. Bottled Drinking Water/Water Vending Machine Permits		
A. Producers and Distributors, Annually		\$100.00
B. Vending Machines, Annually		\$100.00
Plus per machine		10.00
3. Diagnostic X-Ray Machine <u>Radiological</u> Registration		
A. Hospital: First tube/each additional tube	\$225.00/\$20.00	
B. Dental: First tube/each additional tube	55.00/20.00	
C. Other (e.g., ambulatory healthcare facilities, ambulatory surgical facilities, mobil <u>mobile</u> vans, schools, offices of chiropractors, physicians, podiatrists and veterinarians):		
First tube/each additional tube	175.00/20.00	
<u>A. Business (or Individual) Providing Vendor Services</u>		<u>\$120.00</u>
<u>B. Radioactive Material</u>		<u>\$120.00</u>
<u>C. Radiation Machine Facility (initial or renewal)</u>		<u>\$120.00</u>

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D.	<u>Reciprocity</u>	\$120.00
E.	<u>X-ray Public Health Screening Application</u>	\$120.00
4.	<u>Radiological Inspection</u>	
A.	<u>Decommissioning</u>	\$500.00
B.	<u>Dental Intraoral Machine per Tube</u>	\$60.00
C.	<u>Dental Panoramic Machine per Tube</u>	\$70.00
D.	<u>Dental (Other than intraoral or panoramic) per Tube</u>	\$70.00
E.	<u>Emergency Services Consultation</u>	\$100.00 per hour
F.	<u>Industrial Cabinet X-ray System per Tube</u>	\$70.00
G.	<u>Industrial High Energy Machine per Tube</u>	\$120.00
H.	<u>Industrial Radiographic Machine per Tube</u>	\$70.00
I.	<u>Industrial Radiation Machine (Other) per Tube</u>	\$70.00
J.	<u>Medical Diagnostic Machine per Tube</u>	\$70.00
K.	<u>Medical Therapeutic Machine per Tube</u>	\$250.00
L.	<u>Radiation Machine per Tube (Other than Diagnostic or Therapeutic Machines, used for research or other purposes)</u>	\$70.00
M.	<u>Radioactive Material Facility Close-out Survey</u>	\$120.00
N.	<u>Radioactive Material Inspection</u>	\$170.00
O.	<u>Shielding Plan Review</u>	\$70.00
P.	<u>Veterinary Machine per Tube</u>	\$90.00
4.5.	<u>Asbestos Abatement</u>	
A.	Training Accreditation	
	1. Course Approval	
	Per discipline/maximum	\$1000.00/\$3000.00
	2. Review Course Approval	500.00

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B. Notification - Inspection of Projects

<u>1.</u> Class I: 10-100 linear ft. or 50-200 sq. ft.	\$50.00
<u>2.</u> Class II: 101-1000 linear ft. or 201-2000 sq. ft. <u>more than 100 and less than or equal to 1000 linear ft. or more than 200 and less than or equal to 2000 sq. ft.</u>	200.00
<u>3.</u> Class III: greater than 1000 linear ft. or <u>greater than 2000 sq. ft.</u>	500.00
<u>4.</u> Class IV: Annual Industrial Facility	1500.00
<u>5-6.</u> Annual Low-Level Radioactive Waste Generator or <u>Storer Storage Fee (Maximum)</u>	\$12,500.00
<u>7. School Radon Testing</u>	
<u>A. Test fee per sampling point</u>	<u>\$10.00</u>
<u>B. Bureau staff time per hour</u>	<u>25.00</u>

Appendix C.64-51-3. Maximum Health Facility Fees.

1. Site Inspections for New Construction or Major Renovation		
A. Hospitals	\$300.00	<u>\$475.00</u>
B. Ambulatory Surgical Centers	250.00	<u>400.00</u>
C. Nursing Homes	300.00	<u>475.00</u>
D. Personal Care Homes <u>Assisted Living Residence</u>		250.00
E. Residential Board and Care Homes		150.00
E. <u>Residential Care Community</u>		250.00
F. Behavioral Health Center Locations	150.00	<u>250.00</u>
2. Architect's Review of Plans		
A. Hospitals		
New Hospitals and Major Additions	\$500.00	<u>850.00</u>
Minor Additions and Renovations		300.00
B. Ambulatory Surgical Centers	\$300.00	<u>200.00</u>
C. Nursing Homes		
New Home and Major Additions	\$350.00	<u>750.00</u>
Minor Additions and Renovations		200.00
D. Personal Care Homes <u>Assisted Living Residence -</u>		
<u>17 beds and larger</u>		
New Home and Major Additions	\$250.00	<u>\$500.00</u>
Minor Additions and Renovations	\$150.00	<u>\$250.00</u>
E. Residential Board and Care Homes		<u>\$150.00</u>
<u>Assisted Living Residences 4 - 16 beds</u>		
New Homes and Major Additions		<u>\$300.00</u>
Minor Additions and Renovations		<u>\$200.00</u>
F. <u>Residential Care Community</u>		<u>500.00</u>
F. <u>G. Behavioral Health Center Group Homes</u>	\$150.00	<u>200.00</u>
H. <u>End Stage Renal Disease (ESRD)</u>		<u>200.00</u>
I. <u>Hospice</u>		
<u>New Hospice and Major Additions</u>		<u>500.00</u>
<u>Minor Additions and Renovations</u>		<u>250.00</u>
J. <u>Birth Center</u>		<u>200.00</u>

G. <u>K.</u> Overtime Review Requested by Facility <u>(per hour)</u>		50.00
3. <u>Building</u> Inspection of New Projects Prior to Opening		
A. Hospitals		\$300.00
<u>New Hospital and Major Additions</u>		<u>850.00</u>
<u>Minor Additions and Renovations</u>		<u>500.00</u>
B. Ambulatory Surgical Centers	250.00	<u>400.00</u>
C. Nursing Homes		<u>300.00</u>
<u>New Home and Major Additions</u>		<u>750.00</u>
<u>Minor Additions and Renovations</u>		<u>400.00</u>
D. Personal Care Homes		<u>250.00</u>
E. Residential Board and Care Homes		<u>150.00</u>
<u>New Home and Major Additions</u>		<u>500.00</u>
<u>Minor Additions and Renovations</u>		<u>200.00</u>
F. <u>D.</u> Behavioral Health Center Locations	150.00	<u>400.00</u>
<u>E.</u> End Stage Renal Disease (ESRD)		<u>400.00</u>
<u>F.</u> Hospice		
<u>New Hospice and Major Additions</u>		<u>650.00</u>
<u>Minor Additions and Renovations</u>		<u>300.00</u>
<u>G.</u> <u>Birth</u> ing Centers		<u>400.00</u>

Appendix D. 64-51.4. Epidemiology and Health Promotion.
~~Fees [Reserved]~~

1. Fees for services:

- A. Preparation of a new certificate of birth due to adoption or legitimation. This does not include one certified copy. \$10.00

- B. Amendment of a certificate following a legal name change, by court order. This does not include one certified copy. \$10.00

- C. Amendment of a certificate subsequent to acceptance of a child support enforcement order or a court ordered determination of paternity. This does not include a certified copy. No Charge

- D. Amendment of a birth certificate after acceptance of a paternity acknowledgment. This does not include a certified copy.
No charge within 1 year of birth
\$10.00 after the 1st year

- E. Preparing and filing a delayed certificate of birth or death. This does not include one certified copy. \$15.00

- F. Additional handling charge for non-routine, expedited service and all special delivery, priority, or express mail that requires special attention. Express shipping charges extra at cost.
\$5.00 for regular mail
\$10.00 for next day service

- G. Preparing and filing a presumptive death certificate. This does not include one certified copy. No Charge

- H. Amending a birth or death certificate. This does not include one certified copy.
No charge within one year of event
\$10.00 after the 1st year of event

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- I. Manually preparing an abstracted document from the original on file for certification, upon demand by the customer. This does not include a certified copy of the abstracted certificate. \$10.00

- J. Preparing an heirloom birth certificate from the original document. \$30.00

- K. A fee may be charged for special services not specified in this Appendix. The fee shall be the actual cost for providing the service as determined by the State Registrar.

~~Appendix 64-51-5. Local Board of Health Fees.~~

- Appendix ~~5.1. Barbour County Board of Health [Reserved]~~
~~5.2. Beckley-Raleigh Board of Health~~
~~5.3. Berkeley County Board of Health [Reserved]~~
~~5.4. Boone County Board of Health [Reserved]~~
~~5.5. Braxton County Board of Health [Reserved]~~
~~5.6. Brooke County Board of Health~~
~~5.7. Cabell-Huntington Board of Health [Reserved]~~
~~5.8. Clay County Board of Health~~
~~5.9. Doddridge County Board of Health [Reserved]~~
~~5.10. Fayette County Board of Health [Reserved]~~
~~5.11. Gilmer County Board of Health [Reserved]~~
~~5.12. Grant County Board of Health~~
~~5.13. Greenbrier County Board of Health~~
~~5.14. Hampshire County Board of Health [Reserved]~~
~~5.15. Hancock County Board of Health~~
~~5.16. Hardy County Board of Health [Reserved]~~
~~5.17. Harrison-Clarksburg Board of Health [Reserved]~~
~~5.18. Jackson County Board of Health~~
~~5.19. Jefferson County Board of Health [Reserved]~~
~~5.20. Kanawha-Charleston Board of Health~~
~~5.21. Lewis County Board of Health [Reserved]~~
~~5.22. Lincoln County Board of Health~~
~~5.23. Logan County Board of Health [Reserved]~~
~~5.24. Marion-Fairmont Board of Health [Reserved]~~
~~5.25. Marshall County Board of Health~~
~~5.26. Mason County Board of Health~~
~~5.27. McDowell County Board of Health~~
~~5.28. Mercer County Board of Health~~
~~5.29. Mid-Ohio Valley Board of Health~~
~~5.30. Mineral County Board of Health~~
~~5.31. Mingo County Board of Health~~
~~5.32. Monongalia County Board of Health~~
~~5.33. Monroe County Board of Health~~
~~5.34. Morgan County Board of Health [Reserved]~~
~~5.35. Nicholas County Board of Health~~
~~5.36. Pendleton County Board of Health~~
~~5.37. Pocahontas County Board of Health [Reserved]~~
~~5.38. Preston County Board of Health~~
~~5.39. Putnam County Board of Health [Reserved]~~
~~5.40. Randolph-Elkins Board of Health~~
~~5.41. Summers County Board of Health~~
~~5.42. Taylor-Grafton Board of Health [Reserved]~~
~~5.43. Tucker County Board of Health [Reserved]~~
~~5.44. Upshur-Buckhannon Board of Health [Reserved]~~

- ~~5.45. Wayne County Board of Health [Reserved]~~
- ~~5.46. Webster County Board of Health [Reserved]~~
- ~~5.47. Wetzel-Tyler Board of Health~~
- ~~5.48. Wheeling-Ohio Board of Health~~
- ~~5.49. Wyoming County Board of Health [Reserved]~~