

**WEST VIRGINIA
SECRETARY OF STATE
JOE MANCHIN, III
ADMINISTRATIVE LAW DIVISION**

Form #5

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2001 NOV 19 P 12:15

OFFICE WEST VIRGINIA
SECRETARY OF STATE

**NOTICE OF AGENCY ADOPTION OF A PROCEDURAL OR INTERPRETIVE RULE
OR A LEGISLATIVE RULE EXEMPT FROM LEGISLATIVE REVIEW**

AGENCY: West Virginia Board of Accountancy TITLE NUMBER: I

CITE AUTHORITY: W.Va. Code §§30-9-1 et seq, 30-1-1 et seq and 29A-5-1 et seq

RULE TYPE: PROCEDURAL INTERPRETIVE _____

EXEMPT LEGISLATIVE RULE _____

CITE STATUTE(S) GRANTING EXEMPTION FROM LEGISLATIVE REVIEW

AMENDMENT TO AN EXISTING RULE: YES NO _____

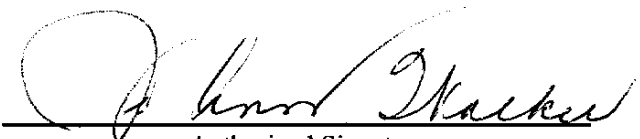
IF YES, SERIES NUMBER OF RULE BEING AMENDED: 2

TITLE OF RULE BEING AMENDED: Contested Case Hearing Procedure

IF NO, SERIES NUMBER OF RULE BEING PROPOSED: _____

TITLE OF RULE BEING PROPOSED: _____

THE ABOVE RULE IS HEREBY ADOPTED AND FILED WITH THE SECRETARY OF STATE. THE
EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS RULE IS December 19, 2001


Authorized Signature

**West Virginia
Board of Accountancy**

122 Capitol Street, Suite 100
Charleston, West Virginia 25301



Board Members:
Jack Rossi, CPA, President
Edward P. McDonough, CPA, CVA, V. Pres.
Reed J. Tanner, CPA, Secretary
Norman T. Daniels, CPA
Roy Rishel, PA
Gayle E. Mason, CPA

Bob Wise, Governor

Jo Ann Walker, Executive Director

To: Judy Cooper
Administrative Law Division
Secretary of State's Office

From: Jo Ann Walker
Executive Director
West Virginia Board of Accountancy

Date: November 19, 2001

Re: Contested Case Hearing Procedure (1CSR2)

There were no comments regarding this filing.

TITLE 1
PROCEDURAL RULE
WEST VIRGINIA BOARD OF ACCOUNTANCY
SERIES 2
CONTESTED CASE HEARING PROCEDURE

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OFFICE WEST VIRGINIA
SECRETARY OF STATE

§1-2-1. General.

1.1. Scope. -- This rule establishes procedures for the adjudication of contested case hearings before the Board.

1.2. Authority. -- W. Va. Code §§30-9-1 et seq., 30-1-1 et seq. and 29A-5-1 et seq..

1.3. Filing Date. --

1.4. Effective Date. --

§1-2-2. Definitions.

The following words and phrases as used in these rules shall have the following meanings, unless the context otherwise requires:

2.1. "Act" means W. Va. Code §§30-9-1 et seq.

2.2. "Authorization" means an authorization issued pursuant to the Act that entitles a permit holder or an individual practitioner to perform attest or compilation services.

2.3. "Board" means the West Virginia Board of Accountancy.

2.4. "Certificate" means a certificate as a certified public accountant issued or renewed by the Board pursuant to the Act or corresponding provisions of prior law.

2.5. "Charged party" means a licensee, substantial equivalency practitioner or firm that has been charged by the Board as described in subsection 3.4 of these rules.

2.6. "Demanding party" means an individual or firm that has been denied a license or substantial equivalency practice privilege by the Board and that, as a result, demands that a hearing

be held before the Board on the issue of such denial.

2.7. "Firm" means any business entity, including an accounting corporation, in which two or more certified public accountants or public accountants hold an ownership or membership interest, in terms of the financial interests and voting rights of all partners, officers, shareholders, members or managers, and the primary business activity of which is the provision of professional services to the public by certified public accountants or public accountants.

2.8. "License" means a certificate, permit, registration or authorization.

2.9. "Licensee" means the holder of a license.

2.10. "Permit" means a permit issued to a firm pursuant to the Act.

2.11. "Professional services" means those services that involve the specialized knowledge and skills of a certified public accountant or a public accountant.

2.12. "Registration" means a registration as a public accountant issued by the Board pursuant to prior law governing the registration of public accountants and renewed by the Board pursuant to the Act.

2.13. "Substantial equivalency practice privilege" means the privilege of practicing in this State accorded to a substantial equivalency practitioner.

2.14. "Substantial equivalency practitioner" means any individual holding an out-of-state certificate who has notified the Board of his or her intent to practice accountancy in this State under the provisions of the Act and has complied with

the provisions of section 16 of the Act.

§1-2-3. Hearing Procedures.

3.1. Any person or firm denied a license or substantial equivalency practice privilege by the Board who believes such denial was in violation of W. Va. Code §§30-1-1 et seq. and/or 30-9-1 et seq. shall be entitled to a hearing on the action denying such license or substantial equivalency practice privilege.

3.2. Any person who desires a hearing for the reason described in subsection 3.1. of this section must present a written demand for such to the Board.

3.3. When the president of the Board or his or her authorized designee is presented with such a demand for a hearing, he or she shall schedule a hearing within forty-five (45) days of receipt by him or her of such written demand, unless postponed to a later date by mutual agreement.

3.4. Charges may be instituted against any licensee or substantial equivalency practitioner by the Board when reasonable cause exists for believing that the licensee or substantial equivalency practitioner may have engaged in conduct or be in such condition that the license or substantial equivalency practice privilege should be suspended or revoked or that the licensee or substantial equivalency practitioner should otherwise be disciplined for one or more of the grounds set forth in W. Va. Code §30-9-1 et seq. or the Board's legislative rules. Charges may be based upon information received by way of a verified written complaint filed with the Board and further information gathered by the Board in the process of investigating such complaint. Charges may also be based upon information received solely through investigative activities undertaken by the Board.

3.5. Charges instituted against a licensee or substantial equivalency practitioner as described in subsection 3.4. of this section shall be set forth in a Complaint and Notice of hearing issued in the name of the Board. Such Complaint and Notice of Hearing shall designate the Board as the "Complainant", and shall designate the licensee or substantial equivalency practitioner involved in

the proceeding as the "Respondent"; shall set out the substance of each offense charged with sufficient particularity to reasonably apprise the Respondent of the nature, time and place of the conduct or condition complained of therein; shall state the date, time and place for the hearing; and shall contain a statement of intention by the Board to appoint a hearing examiner.

3.6. Upon receipt of a demand for a hearing described in subsection 3.1. and 3.2. of this section, the president or his or her designee shall provide the demanding party with a Complaint and Notice of Hearing issued in the name of the Board. Such Complaint and Notice of Hearing shall designate the demanding party as the "Complainant", and shall designate the Board as the "Respondent"; shall set out the substance of each and every reason that the Board has denied the demanding party a license or substantial equivalency practice privilege with sufficient particularity to reasonably apprise the demanding party of the nature, time and place of the conduct or condition at issue therein; shall state the date, time and place for the hearing; and, shall contain a statement of intention by the Board to appoint a hearing examiner.

3.7. The Board may amend the charges set forth in a Complaint and Notice of Hearing as it deems proper.

3.8. A Complaint and Notice of Hearing shall be served upon the demanding party or charged party at least thirty (30) days prior to the date of the hearing. The Complaint and Notice of Hearing shall be served via certified mail, at the demanding or charged party's last known address as maintained in the records of the Board.

3.9. Upon written motion received by the Board no later than twenty (20) days prior to the date of hearing, a more definite statement of the matters charged or the reasons stated for denial of the license or substantial equivalency practice privilege shall be provided to the demanding or charged party or his or her counsel, at least fifteen (15) days prior to the hearing date.

3.10. Hearings shall be conducted as follows:

(a) Any party to a hearing shall have the

right to be represented by an attorney-at-law, duly qualified to practice law in the State of West Virginia.

(b) The Board may be represented by the West Virginia Attorney General's Office.

(c) Irrelevant, immaterial, or unduly repetitious evidence shall be excluded from the hearing. Furthermore, the rules of evidence as applied in civil cases in the circuit courts of this State shall be followed. However, when necessary to ascertain facts not reasonably susceptible of proof under those rules, evidence not admissible thereunder may be admitted, except where precluded by statute, if it is of a type commonly relied upon by reasonably prudent persons in the conduct of their affairs.

(d) The rules of privilege recognized by the law of this State shall be followed.

(e) Objections to evidentiary offers shall be noted in the record. Any party to the hearing may vouch for the record as to any excluded testimony or other evidence.

(f) Any party to a hearing may appear with witnesses to testify on his or her behalf; may be heard in person, by counsel or both; may present such other evidence in support of his or her position as deemed appropriate by the Board or its designated hearing examiner; and, when appropriate, may cross-examine witnesses called by the Board in support of the charges or in defense of its decision to deny the license or substantial equivalency practice privilege.

(g) The hearing shall be held at such time and place as is designated by the Board, but no hearing shall be conducted unless and until at least thirty (30) days written notice thereof has been served upon the charged or demanding party and/or his or her attorney in person; or if he or she cannot be found, by delivering such notice at his or her usual place of abode, and giving information of its purport, to his wife or her husband, or to any other person found there who is a member of his or her family and above the age of sixteen years; or if neither his wife or her husband nor any such person can be found there, and he or she cannot be found, by leaving such

notice posted at the front door of such place of abode; or if he or she does not reside in this State, such notice may be served by the publication thereof once a week for three successive weeks in a newspaper published in this State; or such notice may be served by registered or certified mail.

(h) The hearing shall be open to the general public.

(i) Members of the Board and its officers, agents and employees shall be competent to testify at the hearing as to material and relevant matters: Provided, that no member of the Board who testifies at such hearing shall thereafter participate in the deliberations or decisions of the Board with respect to the case in which he or she so testified.

(j) The hearing may be conducted by one or more Board members or by a hearing examiner appointed by the Board.

(k) A record of the hearing, including the complaint(s), if applicable, the notice of hearing, all pleadings, motions, rulings, stipulations, exhibits, documentary evidence, evidentiary depositions and the stenographic report of the hearing, shall be made and a transcript thereof maintained in the Board's files. Upon request, a copy of the transcript shall be furnished to any party at his or her expense.

(l) Documentary evidence may be received in the form of copies or excerpts or by incorporation by reference.

(m) Where a hearing is held upon the instance of the Board after charges have been brought against a licensee or substantial equivalency practitioner pursuant to subsections 3.4. and 3.5. of this section, the Board shall have the burden of proof and shall present its evidence and/or testimony in support of the charges first.

(n) Where a hearing is held upon demand under the provisions of subsections 3.1., 3.2., 3.3., and 3.6. of this section, the demanding party shall have the burden of proof and shall therefore be required to present his or her evidence first.

(o) Following the conclusion of the Board's presentation of evidence in accordance

with subsection 3.10.(m) of this section, the Respondent or charged party shall have the right to submit his or her evidence in defense.

(p) Following the conclusion of the demanding party's presentation of evidence in accordance with subsection 3.10.(n) of this section, the Board shall have the right to submit its evidence in defense.

(q) The Board may call witnesses to testify in support of its decision to deny the license or substantial equivalency practice privilege or in support of the charges instituted against a licensee or substantial equivalency practitioner; may present such other evidence to support its position; and, may cross-examine witnesses called by the demanding party or charged party in support of his or her position.

(r) All parties shall have the right to offer opening and closing arguments, not to exceed ten (10) minutes for each presentation.

(s) Hearings held by the Board as a result of charges instituted against a licensee or substantial equivalency practitioner may be continued or adjourned to a later date or a different place by the Board or its designee by appropriate notice to all parties.

(t) Motions for a continuance of a hearing may be granted upon a showing of good cause. Motions for continuance must be in writing and received in the office of the Board no later than seven (7) days prior to the hearing date. In determining whether good cause exists, consideration will be given to the ability of the party requesting the continuance to proceed effectively without a continuance. A motion for a continuance filed less than seven (7) days from the date of hearing shall be denied unless the reason for the motion could not have been ascertained earlier. Motions for continuance filed prior to the date of hearing may be ruled on by the Executive Secretary or Assistant Executive Secretary of the Board or designated hearing examiner. All other motions for continuance shall be ruled on by the Board member(s) or the hearing examiner presiding over the hearing.

(u) All motions related to a case set for

hearing before the Board, except motions for continuance and those made during the hearing, shall be in writing and shall be received in the office of the Board at least ten (10) days before the hearing. Prehearing motions shall be heard at a prehearing conference or at the hearing prior to the commencement of testimony. The Board member(s) or the hearing examiner presiding at the hearing shall hear the motions and the response from the non-moving party and shall rule on such motions accordingly.

§1-2-4. Transcription of Testimony and Evidence.

4.1. All testimony, evidence, arguments and rulings on the admissibility of testimony and evidence shall be recorded by stenographic notes and characters or by mechanical means.

4.2. All recorded materials shall be transcribed. The Board shall have the responsibility to make arrangements for the transcription of the recorded testimony and evidence.

4.3. Upon the motion of the Board or any party assigning error or omission in any part of any transcript, the Board or its appointed hearing examiner shall settle all differences arising as to whether such transcript truly discloses what occurred at the hearing and shall direct that the transcript be corrected and/or revised as appropriate so as to make it conform to the truth.

4.4. A transcript of the hearing shall be provided to all members of the Board for review at least ten (10) days before the vote is taken on its decision in any case involving the denial of a license or substantial equivalency practice privilege or the discipline of a licensee or substantial equivalency practitioner.

§1-2-5. Submission of Proposed Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law.

5.1. Any party may submit proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law at a time and manner designated by the Board or its duly appointed hearing examiner.

§1-2-6. Hearing Examiner.

6.1. The Board may appoint a hearing examiner who shall be empowered to subpoena witnesses and documents, administer oaths and affirmations, examine witnesses under oath, rule on evidentiary matters, hold conferences for the settlement or simplification of issues by consent of the parties, cause to be prepared a record of the hearing so that the Board is able to discharge its functions and otherwise conduct hearings as provided in §1-2-3.10 herein.

6.2. Hearing examiners appointed by the Board are not authorized or empowered to grant, suspend or revoke any license or substantial equivalency practice privilege or otherwise discipline any licensee or substantial equivalency practitioner.

6.3. The hearing examiner shall prepare recommended findings of fact and conclusions of law for submission to the Board. The Board may adopt, modify or reject such findings of fact and conclusions of law.

§1-2-7. Conferences; Informal Disposition of Cases.

7.1. At any time prior to the hearing or thereafter, the Board, its designee or its duly appointed hearing examiner may hold conferences for the following purposes:

(a) To dispose of procedural requests, prehearing motions or similar matters;

(b) To simplify or settle issues by consent of the parties; or

(c) To provide for the informal disposition of cases by stipulation or agreement.

7.2. The Board or its appointed hearing examiner may cause such conferences to be held on its own motion or by the request of a party.

7.3. The Board may also initiate or consider stipulation or agreement proposals with regard to the informal disposition of cases and may enter into such stipulations and/or agreements without conference.

§1-2-8. Depositions.

8.1. Evidentiary depositions may be taken and read or otherwise included into evidence as in civil actions in the circuit courts of this State.

§1-2-9. Subpoenas.

9.1. Subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and subpoenas duces tecum to compel the production of documents may be issued by the Board, its Executive Secretary, its Assistant Executive Secretary, and by the hearing examiner appointed by the Board. Such subpoenas shall be issued pursuant to W. Va. Code §29A-5-1(b).

9.2. Written requests by a party for the issuance of subpoenas or subpoenas duces tecum as provided in subsection 9.1. of this section must be received by the Board no later than ten (10) days before a scheduled hearing. Any party requesting the issuance of subpoenas or subpoenas duces tecum shall see that they are properly served in accordance with W. Va. Code §29A-5-1(b).

§1-2-10. Orders.

10.1. Any final order entered by the Board following a hearing conducted pursuant to these rules shall be made pursuant to the provisions of W. Va. Code §§29A-5-3 and 30-1-8(d). Such orders shall be entered within forty-five (45) days following the submission of all documents and materials necessary for the proper disposition of the case, including transcripts, and shall contain findings of fact and conclusions of law.

10.2. The findings of fact and conclusions of law must be approved by a majority of the Board either by a poll or vote at a regular meeting, before a final order is entered. A copy of the final order approved by a majority of the Board shall be served upon the demanding or charged party and/or his attorney of record, if any, within five (5) days after entry by the Board by personal service or by registered or certified mail.

§1-2-11. Appeal.

11.1. An appeal from any final order entered in accordance with these rules shall comply with the provisions of W. Va. Code §30-1-9.