

WEST VIRGINIA

SECRETARY OF STATE

KEN HECHLER

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW DIVISION

Form #6

FILED

MAY 6 11 35 AM '94

OFFICE OF WEST VIRGINIA
SECRETARY OF STATE

**NOTICE OF FINAL FILING AND ADOPTION OF A LEGISLATIVE RULE AUTHORIZED
BY THE WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE.**

AGENCY: State Commission on Aging TITLE NUMBER: 76

AMENDMENT TO AN EXISTING RULE: YES , NO

IF YES, SERIES NUMBER OF RULE BEING AMENDED: _____

TITLE OF RULE BEING AMENDED: _____

IF NO, SERIES NUMBER OF NEW RULE BEING PROPOSED: Series 4

TITLE OF RULE BEING PROPOSED: West Virginia Long-Term Care
Ombudsman Program


THE ABOVE RULE HAS BEEN AUTHORIZED BY THE WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE.

AUTHORIZATION IS CITED IN (house or senate bill number) SB 1006

SECTION 64-5-9, PASSED ON March 15, 1994

THIS RULE IS FILED WITH THE SECRETARY OF STATE. THIS RULE BECOMES EFFECTIVE ON

THE FOLLOWING DATE: July 1, 1994



Authorized Signature

5.20

FILED

Promulgation History
Title 76. Series 4.

MAY 6 11 35 AM '94

West Virginia Long Term Care Ombudsman Program

OFFICE OF WEST VIRGINIA
SECRETARY OF STATE

The rule was filed for thirty (30) day comment period with the Secretary of State's Office on June 22, 1993. Filed Agency approved rule with the Secretary of State's Office and the Legislative Rule-Making Review Committee August 17, 1993. Approved by the Legislative Rule-Making Review Committee with modifications on January 9th, 1994. Filed modified rule on January 14, 1994 to meet the objections of the Legislative Rule-Making Committee. A bill authorizing the agency to promulgate the rule was introduced on March 14, 1994. Senate Bill No. 1006 passed the legislature on March 15, 1994, effective from passage. Final rule was filed with the Secretary of State's office on May 6, 1994 effective July 1, 1994.

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TITLE 76
WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATIVE RULES
STATE COMMISSION ON AGING

OFFICE OF WEST VIRGINIA
SECRETARY OF STATE

SERIES 4
WEST VIRGINIA LONG-TERM CARE OMBUDSMAN PROGRAM

§76-4-1. General Purpose.

1.1. Scope -- This legislative rule establishes the structure, powers and goals of the West Virginia long-term care ombudsman program. This program was created to effectively assist residents of long-term care facilities in the assertion of their civil and human rights.

1.2. Authority -- W. Va. Code, §16-5L-21.

1.3. Filing Date --

1.4. Effective Date --

§76-4-2. Application and Enforcement.

2.1. Application -- This rule applies to State, regional and volunteer long-term care ombudsman programs as defined by this rule.

2.2. Enforcement -- This rule is enforced by the State Commission on Aging.

§76-4-3. Definitions.

3.1. "Government Agency" -- means any department, division, office, bureau, board, commission, council, authority, or any other agency or instrumentality created by the State or political subdivision thereof or to which the State is a party or by any county or municipality which is responsible for the regulation, visitation, inspection, or supervision of long-term care facilities or which provides services to residents or long-term care facilities.

3.2. "Guardian" -- means a person lawfully vested with the power and charged with the duty of taking care of another person and managing the property and rights of another person who for some peculiarity of status or defect of age, understanding or self control is considered incapable of administering his or her own affairs, to include committees or other references under the code.

3.4. "Identity Information" -- means information which contains the identity of a complainant or resident, or which reasonably could reveal the identity of any complainant or resident.

3.5. "Immediate Family" -- means spouse, children, mother, father, brothers, or sisters.

3.6. "Long-term Care Facility" -- means nursing home, personal care home, or residential board and care home as defined in W. Va. Code, §16-5C-2; nursing homes operated by the Federal government or the State government; extended care facilities operated in connection with hospitals; and any similar institution, residence or place, or any part or unit thereof, however named, in this State which is advertised, offered, maintained or operated by the ownership or management for consideration, for the express and implied purpose of providing accommodations and care or personal assistance to one or more persons who are ill or otherwise incapacitated or are dependent upon the services of others by reasons of physical or mental impairment and who are not related within the degree of consanguinity of second cousin to the owner or manager of the institution, residence or place.

3.7. "Office of the State Long-Term Care Ombudsman" -- means the office which includes the State long-term care ombudsman, regional long-term care ombudsmen and volunteer ombudsmen all of whom are representatives of the office.

3.8. "Official Duties" -- means the work assigned to the office of the State long-term care ombudsman authorized by Federal or State law and carried out under the auspices and general direction of the State long-term care ombudsman.

3.9. "Pecuniary Interest" -- means pecuniary interest in long-term care which includes, but is not limited to, employment by a home health company, employment by a long-term care facility, or by an association (or affiliate organization of association) for long-term care facilities, or by any organization or corporation that directly or indirectly legislates, owns or operates a long-term care facility.

3.10. "Personal Assistance" -- means any personal services, including, but not limited to, the following: help in walking, bathing, dressing, feeding or getting in or out of bed, or supervision required because of the age or mental impairment of the resident.

3.11. "Regional Long-Term Care Ombudsman" -- means any paid staff of a designated regional long-term care ombudsman program who has obtained appropriate certification from the State Commission on Aging and who meets the qualifications set forth in W. Va. Code, §16-5L-9 and this rule.

3.12. "Resident" -- means an individual living in a nursing home, personal care home, a residential board and care home, or any long-term care facility as defined in W. Va. Code, §16-5L-3(b) and this rule or who has lived in such a setting, or who has made application to live in such a setting.

3.13. "Secretary" -- means the secretary of the State department of health and human resources or his or her designee.

3.14. "State Long-Term Care Ombudsman" -- means an individual who meets the qualifications of W. Va. Code, §16-5L-5 and this rule and who is employed by the State Commission on Aging to implement the State long-term care ombudsman program.

3.15. "Volunteer Long-Term Care Ombudsman" -- means any uncompensated individual who performs the duties enumerated under W. Va. Code, §16-5L-8 and this rule: Provided, that the individual has obtained appropriate certification as set forth in W. Va. Code, §16-5L-9 and this rule.

§76-4-4. Office of the State Long-Term Care Ombudsman.

4.1. The office of the State long-term care ombudsman is to be administered by the State Commission on Aging.

4.2. No individual involved in the selection of the State long-term care ombudsman (whether by appointment or otherwise) may be (1) subject to a conflict of interests as defined in Section 8 of this rule; (2) a member or staff personnel of an agency or organization which is (a) responsible for licensing or certifying long-term care services in West Virginia; (b) an association (or an affiliate organization of such an association) of long-term care facilities; or (c) a member or employee of an agency or organization which is designated as a regional long-term care ombudsman program.

4.3. The responsibilities of the office of the State long-term care ombudsman include, but are not limited to, the following:

4.3.1. Providing advocacy services on behalf of residents;

4.3.2. Responding to residents who have complaints against the system of long-term care. The system includes not only long-term care facilities, but also all involved State and local agencies;

4.3.3. Monitoring the operation of the long-term care system to assure that all laws, rules, policies and procedures are administered in the best interest of long-term care residents and potential residents;

4.3.4. Identifying, investigating and resolving complaints made by or on behalf of older individuals who are residents of long-term care facilities relating to actions, in-actions or decisions of providers, or their representatives, of long-term care services of public agencies or of social service agencies, which may adversely affect their health, safety, welfare or rights;

4.3.5. Monitoring the development and implementation of Federal, State and local laws, regulations and policies that relate to long-term care facilities in the State;

4.3.6. Continuing to expand the statewide network to ensure that residents have regular and timely access to services provided through the office and that residents and complainants receive timely responses from representatives of the office to complaints; and

4.3.7. Representing the interests of residents before governmental agencies and seek administrative, legal, and other remedies to protect the health, safety, welfare, and rights of residents.

4.4. A State, regional and volunteer ombudsman is required to carry out his or her official duties in a manner consistent with the National Association of State Long-Term Care Ombudsman Programs Code of Ethics.

§76-4-5. State Long-Term Care Ombudsman Qualifications and Continuing Education.

5.1. The State long-term care ombudsman is required to have at least a master's degree in gerontology, social work, health, or a related field.

5.1.1. The term "related field" used in this rule includes, but is not limited to, the following areas: psychology, sociology, public administration, planning, political science, nursing and community organization.

5.2. The State long-term care ombudsman is to have demonstrated experience as documented by volunteer or paid employment history related to his or her duties and responsibilities as an ombudsman.

5.3. The State long-term care ombudsman is to have expertise and experience in the fields of long-term care and advocacy.

5.4. The State long-term care ombudsman is required to have demonstrated experience in one (1) of the following areas:

5.4.1. The field of aging;

5.4.2. Health care;

5.4.3. Community programs;

5.4.4. Long-term care issues;

5.4.5. Working with health care providers;

5.4.6. Working with and involvement in volunteer programs; or

5.4.7. Administration and management.

5.5. In lieu of the educational and experience qualifications listed in Sections 5.1. and 5.4. of this rule, the State long-term care ombudsman may have a four-year degree in gerontology, social work, health or a related field plus five (5) years of full-time equivalent experience in gerontology, social work, health, or related field.

5.6. The State long-term care ombudsman is required to attend twenty-five (25) hours of initial training before beginning his or her official duties. Initial training content is required to include the long-term care ombudsman program's authority and responsibility, resident rights, long-term care facilities, special needs of the elderly, community agencies, and complaint investigation techniques.

5.7. The State long-term care ombudsman is required to attend twenty-five (25) hours of documented continuing education on long-term care, management, supervision or topics related to his or her duties or responsibilities within each calendar year before a new identification care is issued.

§76-4-6. Duties of the State Long-Term Care Ombudsman.

Duties of the State long-term care ombudsman include, but are not limited to, the following:

6.1. Establishing a mandatory statewide procedure to receive, investigate, and resolve complaints filed on behalf of a resident, or filed on the State or regional long-term care ombudsman's own initiative on behalf of residents, relating to action, inaction or decisions of providers of long-term care services, or the representatives of such providers, of public agencies, or of social service agencies, which may adversely affect the health, safety, welfare and rights of such residents;

6.2. Monitoring the development and implementation of Federal, State and local legislation, regulations and policies with respect to long-term care facilities;

6.3. Advocating for the rights of residents of long-term care facilities;

6.4. Establishing a mandatory statewide training program and certification procedures for regional long-term care ombudsmen, excluding clerical staff, which includes training in the following areas: (i) the review of medical records; (ii) regulatory requirements for long-term care facilities; (iii) confidentiality of records; (iv) techniques of complaint investigation; (v) the effects of institutionalization; (vi) the special needs of the elderly; and (vii) applicable Federal and State laws.

6.5. Establishing and maintaining a statewide uniform reporting system to collect and analyze data relating to complaints and conditions in long-term care facilities for the purpose of identifying and resolving significant problems faced by the residents as a class. Such data is required to be submitted to the office of health facility licensure and certification of the department of health and human resources on a regular basis;

6.6. Promulgating mandatory statewide rules, regulations and training related to the use of long-term care ombudsman volunteers in the program, including procedures to assure that the responsibility and authority of ombudsman volunteers is restricted to activities which do not involve access to confidential resident or facility records, which do not involve complaint investigation other than information gathering to ascertain the nature and facts of a complaint, and which do not involve the initiation or pursuit of legal proceedings, actions or remedies;

6.7. Preparing an annual report consisting of data and findings regarding the types of problems experienced and complaints received by or on behalf of residents, and providing policy, regulatory and legislative recommendations to solve such problems, resolve such complaints, and improve the quality of care and life in long-term care facilities;

6.8. Providing information and recommendations to public agencies, legislators, and the general public regarding the problems and concerns of residents of long-term care facilities;

6.9. Establishing and directing the designation and maintenance of regional and volunteer long-term care ombudsman programs including written standards and procedures for the operation of such programs;

6.10. Monitoring compliance of designated regional long-term care ombudsman programs at least annually and reporting findings and recommendations for change to the executive director of the State Commission on Aging;

6.10.1. Designated regional long-term care ombudsman programs which are the subject of the compliance review will receive copies of the finding and recommendations.

6.11. Providing technical assistance and policy clarifications and interpretations to designated regional long-term care ombudsman programs and regional and volunteer long-term care ombudsman in case handling and adherence to rules, standards, procedures and other documents established for the program;

6.12. Establishing and maintaining written priorities for the statewide long-term care ombudsman program;

6.13. Promoting the development of citizen organizations to participate in the ombudsman program;

6.14. Establishing cooperative interagency agreements; and

6.15. Other duties as mandated by the Older Americans Act of 1965, as amended.

§76-4-7. Designation of Regional Long-Term Care Ombudsman Programs.

7.1. The State Commission on Aging has the authority to designate and maintain regional long-term care ombudsman programs encompassing all planning and development areas of the State under the direction of the State long-term care ombudsman.

7.2. In order to be designated, a regional long-term care ombudsman program must meet the following requirements:

7.2.1. The program cannot have a pecuniary, licensing, or organizational interest in long-term care facilities or an association thereof;

7.2.2. The program must maintain a private, nonprofit status as defined under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 or function as a local or regional government agency;

7.2.3. The program must agree to create and be capable of maintaining a clearly definable unit to function as a regional long-term care ombudsman program; and

7.2.4. The program must have the capability to carry out the responsibilities of the program.

7.3. The program is required to submit on a yearly basis a completed designation proposal and budget for a regional long-term care ombudsman program to the State Commission on Aging.

7.3.1. This proposal is reviewed by the State long-term care ombudsman and other staff as the executive director of the State commission on aging deems necessary.

7.4. Upon approval by the State commission on aging, the designated regional long-term care ombudsman program is operated as a component of the office of the State long-term care ombudsman.

7.5. No individual involved in the designation of a regional long-term care ombudsman program may be (1) subject to a conflict of interest as defined in Section 8 of this rule; (2) a member or staff personnel of an agency or organization which is (a) responsible for licensing or certifying long-term care services in West Virginia, or (b) an association (or an affiliate organization of such an association) of long-term care facilities; or (c) a member or employee of an agency or organization which is designated as a regional long-term care ombudsman program.

7.6. A regional long-term care ombudsman program may not operate in conflict with objectives and policies of the office of the State long-term care ombudsman.

7.6.1. Any complaints that the organization or agency designated as the regional long-term care ombudsman program has violated the Older Americans Act, as amended, the Long-Term Care Ombudsman Program Act, or applicable regulations is to be reported to the State long-term care ombudsman.

§76-4-8. Conflict of Interest.

8.1. A conflict of interest, as used in this rule, occurs when:

8.1.1. A State, regional or volunteer ombudsman or any member of his or her immediate family has a pecuniary interest in long-term care facilities or an association thereof within the last two years.

8.1.2. A State, regional or volunteer ombudsman or any member of his or her immediate family has a pecuniary interest adverse to long-term care facilities or an association thereof.

8.1.3. A State, regional or volunteer ombudsman solicits contributions or seeks employment from a long-term care facility which he or she monitors.

8.2. Potential and existing State, regional or volunteer long-term care ombudsmen are to disclose information regarding himself/herself and his or her immediate family in order to assess a conflict of interest at the time of employment and at least annually.

8.2.1. Regional and volunteer long-term care ombudsman's information is reviewed by the State long-term care ombudsman at the time of certification and during the annual program review.

8.2.2. The State long-term care ombudsman reports potential or apparent conflicts of interest from the review to the executive director of the State Commission on Aging.

8.2.3. The executive director of the State Commission on Aging reviews potential or apparent conflicts of interest of the State long-term care ombudsmen.

8.2.4. The residence of a member of a State, regional or volunteer long-term care ombudsman's immediate family in a long-term care facility is not, in and of itself, construed as a conflict of interest. However, a State, regional or volunteer long-term care ombudsman may not be assigned to a long-term care facility in which an immediate family member is a resident.

8.3. No long-term care ombudsman volunteer may perform his or her duties in any specific facility at which, within the proceeding two (2) years, an immediate family member of the volunteer is or has been a resident or an applicant for resident. Placing a name of a family member on a waiting list is not a formal application.

8.4. Upon allegation, discovery or disclosure of a conflict of interest the executive director of the State Commission on Aging is required to identify and to remedy a conflict of interest. Failure to abide by the remedy defined by the Director is grounds for termination of certification of a State, regional or volunteer ombudsman and is grounds for termination as a designated regional long-term care ombudsman program.

§76-4-9. Regional and Volunteer Long-Term Care Ombudsman Qualifications.

9.1. A regional long-term care ombudsman is required to have at least a four-year degree in gerontology, social work, health or a related field (the term "related field" includes but is not limited to the areas listed in 5.1.1. of this rule) and demonstrated experience in one (1) of the following areas:

- 9.1.1. The field of aging;
- 9.1.2. Health care or social service programs;
- 9.1.3. Community programs; or
- 9.1.4. Long-term care issues.

9.2. A regional long-term care ombudsman is to have knowledge of long-term care or advocacy.

9.3. Persons employed in a regional long-term care ombudsman program on March 6, 1991, who comply with the conditions set forth in W. Va. Code §16-5L-7, may be given a waiver by the State long-term care ombudsman from the four-year degree requirement.

9.4. A long-term care ombudsman volunteer is to have demonstrated interest in the field of aging and long-term care issues and be able to communicate effectively orally and in writing.

§76-4-10. Duties of the Regional and Volunteer Long-Term Care Ombudsman.

10.1. The regional long-term care ombudsman's duties include, but are not limited to, the following:

10.1.1. Monitoring long-term care facilities and investigating complaints filed on behalf of a resident, or filed on the regional long-term care ombudsman's own initiative, relating to the health, safety, welfare and rights of such residents, in accordance with complaint investigation procedures developed by the State long-term care ombudsman program.

10.1.1.1. Nothing in this section is to be construed so as to grant a regional long-term care ombudsman the right of entry to a long-term care facility's drug rooms, or to treatment rooms occupied by a resident unless prior consent has been obtained from the resident or legal representative if the resident is unable to consent;

10.1.2. Monitoring the development and implementation of Federal, State and local laws, regulations and policies with respect to long-term care facilities;

10.1.3. Training volunteers in accordance with the training and certification program developed by the State long-term care ombudsman program;

10.1.4. Encouraging, cooperating with, and assisting the development and operation of referral services which can provide current, valid and reliable information on long-term care facilities and alternatives to institutionalization to persons in need of these services and the general public;

10.1.5. Submitting reports as required by the State long-term care ombudsman program;

10.1.6. Other duties as mandated by the Older Americans Act of 1965, State law and the State long-term care ombudsman.

10.2. The long-term care ombudsman volunteer is to perform only those duties assigned by the regional long-term care ombudsman, including, but not limited to, the following:

10.2.1. Regularly visiting and talking with residents of long-term care facilities, and inspecting all public areas of the facility;

10.2.2. Interviewing residents, family members and employees of long-term care facilities to ascertain the nature and facts of a complaint;

10.2.3. Preparing reports for the regional long-term care ombudsman's review or approval relating to complaint interviews and the health, safety, welfare and rights of residents of long-term care facilities;

10.2.4. Informing residents as to the availability of ombudsman services;

10.2.5. Establishing and maintaining a cooperative working relationship with employees of long-term care facilities;

10.2.6. Working to establish and maintain resident and family councils to encourage interaction among residents, their families and long term care facility staff;

10.2.7. Performing other duties as assigned by the regional long-term care ombudsman which are not contrary to this article, to any applicable Federal law, or to rules promulgated by the State long-term care ombudsman and the State Commission on Aging.

§76-4-11. Certification and Continuing Education.

11.1. The State long-term care ombudsman is required to develop and implement procedures for training and certification of regional and volunteer long-term care ombudsmen.

11.1.1. Regional and volunteer long-term care ombudsmen who satisfactorily complete the training requirements are to be certified by the State Commission on Aging.

11.1.2. Regional and volunteer ombudsman are given identification cards which are presented to the administrator or his or her designee when entering a long-term care facility and to employees, residents and others thereafter.

11.1.3. Consistent with the provisions of this rule, certified regional and volunteer long-term ombudsmen are to be representatives of the office of the State long-term care ombudsman;

11.2. No regional or volunteer ombudsman is permitted to perform his or her official duties prior to the completion of certification training except as a supervised portion of that training program.

11.3.1. Training content will include, but is not limited to:

11.3.1.1. Review of medical records;

11.3.1.2. Regulatory requirements for long-term care facilities;

11.3.1.3. Confidentiality of records;

11.3.1.4. Techniques of complaint investigations;

11.3.1.5. Effects of institutionalization;

11.3.1.6. Special needs of the elderly;

11.3.1.7. Applicable Federal and State laws.

11.4. An individual is to attend, at a minimum, twenty-five (25) hours of training to be initially certified as a regional or volunteer ombudsman.

11.5. Regional and volunteer long-term care ombudsmen who have completed the minimum training requirements specified in Section 11.2. of this rule are to be given identification cards by the State Commission on Aging valid for one (1) year.

11.6. For each year after initial certification, a regional long-term care ombudsman is to attend twenty-five (25) hours of documented continuing education on long-term care, Federal, State, and local laws, regulations, and policies or subjects related to his or her duties or responsibilities annually in order to obtain a new identification card.

11.6.1. For each year after initial certification, a volunteer long-term care ombudsman is required to attend at least seven (7) hours of documented continuing education, on subjects related to long-term care, annually in order to obtain a new identification card.

§76-4-12. Investigation of Complaints.

12.1. Upon receipt of a complaint made on behalf of a resident, or on his or her own initiative, the State or regional long-term care ombudsman is authorized to investigate any act, practice, policy or procedure of any long-term care facility or government agency which affects the health, safety, welfare or rights of any resident. Investigative activities of the State or regional long-term care ombudsman are described in W. Va. Code, §16-5L-10.

12.2. Investigation procedures may include, but are not limited to, the following:

12.2.1. Establishing contact with the complainant, resident if different from the complainant, legal representative or other relevant persons;

12.2.2. Identifying issues by the complainant, resident and the State, regional or volunteer long-term care ombudsman;

12.2.3. Developing and implementing a strategy in consultation with the resident or complainant to resolve the complaint;

12.2.4. Referring, where applicable, to the appropriate regulatory and other agencies; and

12.2.5. Taking appropriate action pertaining to complaints regarding any government agency.

12.3. The State or regional long-term care ombudsman need not investigate any complaint upon determining that:

12.3.1. The complaint is trivial, frivolous, vexatious or not made in good faith;

12.3.2. The complaint has been too long delayed to justify present investigation;

12.3.3. The resources available, considering the established priorities, are insufficient for an adequate investigation;

12.3.4. The matter complained of is not within the investigatory authority of the long-term care ombudsman program; or

12.3.5. A real or apparent conflict of interest exists and no other ombudsman is available to investigate the complaint in an impartial manner. If a determination is made by a regional long-term care ombudsman not to investigate any complaint, then the complaint is to be referred to the State long-term care ombudsman who will make a final decision as to whether the matter warrants further investigation.

§76-4-13. Confidentiality of Information.

13.1. Identity information obtained or maintained by the State, regional or volunteer long-term care ombudsmen in the course of carrying out their official duties pursuant to the long-term care ombudsman program will remain confidential.

13.2. All other information and files maintained by the ombudsman program are to be disclosed only at the discretion of the regional ombudsman program having authority over the disclosure of such files. Prior to any destruction of the files, the State long-term care ombudsman must receive notice; this notice must be in writing and 30 days prior to the actual destruction of the files.

§76-4-14. Procedure for complaints filed against a regional or volunteer long-term care ombudsman.

14.1. The organization or agency designated as the regional long-term care ombudsman program is required, at a minimum, to respond to allegations that applicable Federal or State Laws, applicable regulations or the National Association of State Long-Term Care Ombudsman Program's Code of Ethics has been violated by regional or volunteer long-term care ombudsman.

14.2. All regional and volunteer long-term care ombudsman are to act in accordance with the Code of Ethics adopted by the National Association of State Long-term Care Ombudsman Programs. A copy is kept on file at the State long-term care ombudsman office. The regional long-term care ombudsman program is to provide a copy to every ombudsman.

14.3. The organization or agency designated as the regional long-term care ombudsman program is to maintain a file on every complaint filed with their office including a statement of the disposition of the complaint. This file may be reviewed by the State long-term care ombudsman at any time.

14.4. Procedure for residents and others to file complaints against regional or volunteer long-term care ombudsman.

14.4.1. Complaints alleging: (A) unsatisfactory action or inaction on behalf of residents, (B) violation of applicable laws or regulations or (C) violation of the Code of Ethics are to be filed with the organization or agency designated as the regional long-term care ombudsman program.

14.4.1.1. The organization or agency designated as the regional long-term care program is required, at a minimum, to do the following:

14.4.1.1.a. Advise all employees of their duties and responsibilities under the applicable Federal and State laws and regulations, and under the Code of Ethics adopted by the National Association of State Long-term Care Ombudsman Programs;

14.4.1.1.b. Determine if an employee has violated a provision of the applicable laws or regulations or the Code of Ethics;

14.4.1.1.c. Determine the appropriate sanction to be imposed for a violation, including, but not limited to, administrative reprimand if a violation is found to be minor and unintentional, or otherwise affected by mitigating circumstances; suspension from employment without pay; or termination of employment.

14.4.1.1.c.1. Before suspending or terminating the employment of any ombudsman for violating a provision of the applicable laws or regulations of the Code of Ethics, the organization or agency designated as the regional long-term care ombudsman program is to consult with the office of the State Long-term Care Ombudsman to insure that its' interpretation of the laws, regulations, or Code of Ethics is consistent with the interpretation of the Office of the State Long-term Care Ombudsman.

14.4.1.1.d. Respond to the complainant in writing of the disposition of the complaint.

14.4.2. If the complainant is not satisfied with the response or conclusion of the regional long-term care ombudsman program, the complainant may then request a review by the Office of the State Long-term Care Ombudsman.

14.4.2.1. The Office of the State Long-term Care Ombudsman is to notify all interested parties in writing of the date, time and place the review is to be held.

14.4.2.2. All of the testimony and evidence and the admissibility of testimony and evidence is to be recorded by stenographic notes and characters or by mechanical means.

14.4.2.3. The Office of the State Long-term Care Ombudsman need not review a complaint if the following is determined:

14.4.2.3.a. The complaint is trivial, frivolous, vexatious or not made in good faith;

14.4.2.3.b. The complaint had been too long delayed to justify review;

14.4.2.3.c. The resources available, considering the established priorities, are insufficient to proceed with a review; or

14.4.2.3.d. The matter complained of is not within the authority of the Office of the State Long-term Care Ombudsman.

14.4.2.4. The Office of the State Long-term Care Ombudsman is to issue a written decision, including findings of fact and conclusions of law.

14.4.2.5. Whenever there is clear reason to believe that an organization or agency designated as the regional long-term care ombudsman program: (a) has violated the applicable laws, regulations, or Code of Ethics or (b) after notice, has failed to take appropriate remedial or disciplinary action to ensure compliance by its employees with the applicable laws, regulations or Code of Ethics, and (c) attempts resolution, have been unsuccessful, then the office of the State long-term care ombudsman may proceed to suspend or terminate the designation of the regional long-term care ombudsman program, or take any further action deemed appropriate.

14.4.2.6. Nothing in this rule is intended to require the individual with a complaint to exhaust administrative remedies before pursuing alternative legal rights, or otherwise to limit or diminish any other existing legal right.

§76-4-15. Severability.

15.1. The provisions of this rule are declared to be severable. If any provision of this rule is held invalid, the remaining provisions will remain in effect.

SENATE BILL NO. 144

(By Senators Manchin, Anderson, Grubb, Macnaughten
and Minard)

E

1 [introduced January 31, 1994; referred to the
Committee on

2

HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES

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10 A BILL to amend article five, chapter sixty-four of the code of
11 West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as
12 amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section
13 nine, relating to authorizing the commission on aging to
14 promulgate legislative rules relating to the West Virginia
15 long-term care ombudsman program.

16 Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

17 That article five, chapter sixty-four of the code of West
18 Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be
19 amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine,
20 to read as follows:

21 ARTICLE 5. AUTHORIZATION FOR DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN
22 RESOURCES TO PROMULGATE LEGISLATIVE RULES.

23 §64-5-9. Commission on aging.

1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
2 seventeenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety-
3 three, modified by the commission on aging to meet the objections
4 of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in
5 the state register on the fourteenth day of January, one thousand
6 nine hundred ninety-four, relating to the commission on aging
7 (West Virginia long-term care ombudsman program), are authorized.

8

9 NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to authorize the
10 Commission on Aging to promulgate legislative rules relating to
11 the West Virginia Long-term Care Ombudsman Program.

12
13 This section is new; therefore, strike-throughs and
14 underscoring have been omitted.

4234

H. B. 4234

(By Delegates Gallagher, Douglas, Compton,
Huntwork, Burk and Faircloth
(Introduced January 31, 1994); referred to the
Committee on Health and Human Resources then
the Judiciary

A BILL to amend article five, chapter sixty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine, relating to authorizing the commission on aging to promulgate legislative rules relating to the West Virginia long-term care ombudsman program.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article five, chapter sixty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5. AUTHORIZATION FOR DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES TO PROMULGATE LEGISLATIVE RULES.

§64-5-9. Commission on aging.

4234

1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
2 seventeenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety-
3 three, modified by the commission on aging to meet the objections
4 of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in
5 the state register on the fourteenth day of January, one thousand
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KEN HECHLER
Secretary of State

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STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA

SECRETARY OF STATE

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(Plus all the volunteer
help we can get)

FAX: (304) 558-0900

March 16, 1994

William E. Lytton, Jr.
Aging
Holly Grove
1900 Kanawha Blvd. East
Charleston, WV 25305

SB 1006 authorizing, **Title 76, Series 4, WV Long-Term Care Ombudsman Program**, passed the Legislature on **March 15, 1994**. It is now awaiting the Governor's signature.

You have sixty (60) days after the Governor signs SB 1006, to final file the legislative rule with the Secretary of State's office. To final file your legislative rule, fill in the blanks on the enclosed form #6, the "Final Filing" form and file the form with our office with a promulgation history of the rule. Authorization for your legislative rule is cited in **SB 1006** section **64-5-9**. The agency may set the effective date of the legislative rule up to ninety (90) days from the date the legislative rule is final filed with the Secretary of State's office. Please have an authorized signature on the bottom line.

*****IMPORTANT: IF YOUR AGENCY HAS COMPLETED THE LEGISLATIVE RULE ON A WORD PERFECT OR WORD PERFECT COMPATIBLE COMPUTER SYSTEM THAT USES A 3 1/2" OR 5 1/4" DISK, YOU MUST SUBMIT A CLEAN COPY, WITH ALL UNDERLINING AND STRIKE-THROUGHS TAKEN OUT, TO OUR OFFICE WHEN FINAL FILING THE RULE. STATE ON THE DISK THE FORMAT THE RULE IS IN AND THE TITLE IT IS FILED UNDER. THIS WILL MAKE IT QUICKER FOR US TO ENTER YOUR RULES ON THE LEGISLATIVE DATA BASE. REMEMBER THE TEXT OF THE COMPUTER FILED RULE MUST BE IDENTICAL - WORD FOR WORD, COMMA FOR COMMA, WITH ALL UNDERLINING AND STRIKE-THROUGHS TAKEN OUT, AS THE HARD COPY AUTHORIZED BY THE LEGISLATURE.**

After the final rule is entered into the legislative data base, the rule will be sent to the agency for review and proofing. Following confirmation or corrections, as the case may be, the Secretary of State shall submit to the agency a final version of the rule for their records.

If you have any questions or need any assistance, please do not hesitate to call our office.

Thank You
Administrative Law Division



KEN HECHLER
Secretary of State

MARY P. RATLIFF
Deputy Secretary of State

A. RENEE COE
Deputy Secretary of State

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STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA

SECRETARY OF STATE

Building 1, Suite 157-K
1900 Kanawha Blvd., East
Charleston, WV 25305-0770

TO: William E. Lytton, Jr.

AGENCY: Aging

FROM: JUDY COOPER, DIRECTOR, ADMINISTRATIVE LAW DIVISION

DATE: August 16, 1994

OFFICE OF THE
SECRETARY OF STATE
AUG 29 10 22 AM '94
FILED

THE ATTACHED RULE FILED BY YOUR AGENCY HAS BEEN ENTERED INTO OUR COMPUTER SYSTEM. PLEASE REVIEW, PROOF AND RETURN IT WITH ANY CORRECTIONS. IF THERE ARE NO CORRECTIONS, PLEASE SIGN THIS MEMO AND RETURN IT TO THIS OFFICE. YOU WILL BE SENT A FINAL VERSION OF THE RULE FOR YOUR RECORDS.

PLEASE RETURN EITHER THE CORRECTED RULE OR THIS FORM WITHIN TEN (10) WORKING DAYS OF THE DATE YOU RECEIVED THIS REQUEST. CALL IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS.

SERIES: 4 TITLE: 76 Aging

* THE ATTACHED RULE HAS BEEN REVIEWED AND IS CORRECT.

SIGNED: William E. Lytton Jr.

TITLE OF PERSON SIGNING: Interim Executive Director

DATE: 8-29-94

* THE ATTACHED RULE HAS BEEN REVIEWED AND NEEDS CORRECTING. THE CORRECTIONS HAVE BEEN MARKED.

SIGNED: _____

TITLE OF PERSON SIGNING: _____

DATE: _____

NOTE: IF YOU ARE NOT THE PERSON WHO HANDLES THIS RULE, PLEASE FORWARD TO THE CORRECT PERSON.