

**WEST VIRGINIA  
SECRETARY OF STATE  
BETTY IRELAND  
ADMINISTRATIVE LAW DIVISION**

Form #2

Do Not Mark In This Box

**FILED**

2008 JUL 31 AM 10:59

OFFICE WEST VIRGINIA  
SECRETARY OF STATE

**NOTICE OF A COMMENT PERIOD ON A PROPOSED RULE**

AGENCY: West Virginia Board of Accountancy TITLE NUMBER: 1

RULE TYPE: Legislative CITE AUTHORITY: W.Va. Code §29A-3 et. seq; 30-9-4(8) & 30-9-5

AMENDMENT TO AN EXISTING RULE: YES  NO

IF YES, SERIES NUMBER OF RULE BEING AMENDED: 1

TITLE OF RULE BEING AMENDED: Board Rules and Rules of Professional Conduct

IF NO, SERIES NUMBER OF RULE BEING PROPOSED: \_\_\_\_\_

TITLE OF RULE BEING PROPOSED: \_\_\_\_\_

IN LIEU OF A PUBLIC HEARING, A COMMENT PERIOD HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED DURING WHICH ANY INTERESTED PERSON MAY SEND COMMENTS CONCERNING THESE PROPOSED RULES. THIS COMMENT PERIOD WILL END ON August 29 AT 9:00 a.m. ONLY WRITTEN COMMENTS WILL BE ACCEPTED AND ARE TO BE MAILED TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESS:

West Virginia Board of Accountancy

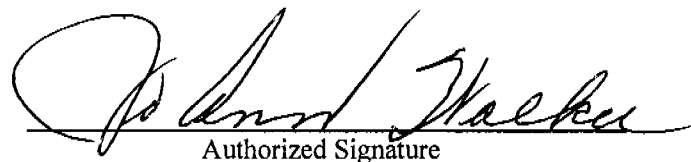
106 Capitol Street, Suite 100

Charleston, WV 25301

wvboa@mail.wvnet.edu

(304) 558-1325 (Fax)

THE ISSUES TO BE HEARD SHALL BE LIMITED TO THIS PROPOSED RULE.

  
Authorized Signature

ATTACH A **BRIEF** SUMMARY OF YOUR PROPOSAL

**West Virginia  
Board of Accountancy**

*106 Capitol Street, Suite 100  
Charleston, West Virginia 25301-2610*

Joe Manchin, III, Governor



*Board Members:  
Reed Spangler, CPA, CVA - President  
James Sturgeon, CPA - Vice-President  
Harold Davis, CPA - Secretary  
Lee Fisher, Public Member - Assistant Secretary  
William M. Ellis, Jr., CPA  
John S. Bodkin, Jr., CPA  
Robert Maust, CPA*

Jo Ann Walker, Executive Director

July 31, 2008

Summary of Proposed Rule 1CSR1 Board Rules and Rules of Professional Conduct

The attached ***Board Rules and Rules of Professional Conduct*** were proposed as a result of changes in the Accountancy Law (W.Va. §30-9) earlier this year. The Rule adds definitions, modifies requirements and application procedures for examination and certification, includes an ethics course requirement for examination and continuing professional education, details reciprocal certificate requirements, reduces accounting corporation firm ownership requirements from sixty percent to a simple majority, and increases various certification, authorization and firm permit fees.

S:\OFFICE\BOARD\NEWLEG\2008 Rules Legislation\Summary for Proposed Rule

APPENDIX B

**FISCAL NOTE FOR PROPOSED RULES**

Rule Title: 1CSR1 Board Rules and Rules of Professional Conduct

Type of Rule:  Legislative  Interpretive  Procedural

Agency: West Virginia Board of Accountancy

Address: 106 Capitol Street, Suite 100, Charleston, WV 25301

Phone Number: (304) 558-3557 Email: wvboa@mail.wvnet.edu

**Fiscal Note Summary**

Summarize in a clear and concise manner what impact this measure will have on costs and revenues of state government.

This Proposed Rule will not affect state government. This office does not receive any funds from the general revenue. The West Virginia Board of Accountancy is a non-appropriated, special revenue fund. This Board operates on the funds generated by examinees and licensees.

**Fiscal Note Detail**

Show over-all effect in Item 1 and 2 and, in Item 3, give an explanation of Breakdown by fiscal year, including long-range effect.

<b>FISCAL YEAR</b>			
Effect of Proposal	Current Increase/Decrease (use "--")	Next Increase/Decrease (use "--")	Fiscal Year (Upon Full Implementation)
<b>1. Estimated Total Cost</b>	0.00	40,000.00	40,000.00
Personal Services	0.00	0.00	0.00
Current Expenses	0.00	40,000.00	40,000.00
Repairs & Alterations	0.00	0.00	0.00
Assets	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other	0.00	0.00	0.00
<b>2. Estimated Total Revenues</b>	25,000.00	1,000.00	24,000.00

Rule Title: 1CSR1 Board Rules and Rules of Professional Conduct

Rule Title: 1CSR1 Board Rules and Rules of Professional Conduct

**3. Explanation of above estimates (including long-range effect):**

Please include any increase or decrease in fees in your estimated total revenues.

The Board of Accountancy has not increased its licensing fees since 1996. We have been able to sustain with this fee structure due to the increase in the number of substantial equivalency practitioners over the last few years. However, with the passage of the new Accountancy Law, the Board will no longer receive substantial equivalency practitioner fees - leaving a deficit of approximately \$25,000 annually. Our estimated total revenues for the next period included an increase in certificate application and renewal fees, firm permit and renewal fees, and authorizations to perform attest and compilation services and renewal fees with an estimated \$41,000 increase in fees. The \$41,000 increase minus the \$25,000 deficit from the previous year leaves us with an overall budget gain of \$16,000. However, within the next year, the Board will need to replace two computers that are aging, as well as contract for programming and implementation of a new licensee record keeping system. The software used by the current system is no longer supported by the provider and has no updates; therefore it will not interface with a new operating system. We estimate the new equipment, software, and data programming costs at a conservative \$40,000. This purchase would leave us \$24,000 in the red for the next fiscal period.

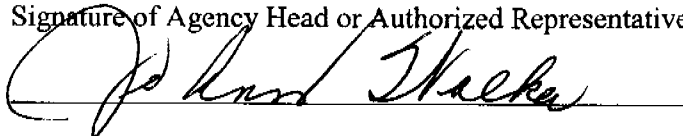
**MEMORANDUM**

Please identify any areas of vagueness, technical defects, reasons the proposed rule **would not** have a fiscal impact, and/or any special issues **not** captured elsewhere on this form.

This Proposed Rule would not have a fiscal impact on state government because this office does not receive any funds from the general revenue. The West Virginia Board of Accountancy is a non-appropriated, special revenue fund. This Board operates on the funds generated by examinees and licensees.

Date: 07/31/2008

Signature of Agency Head or Authorized Representative



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TITLE 1  
LEGISLATIVE RULE  
BOARD OF ACCOUNTANCY

FILED

2008 JUL 31 AM 10: 59

SERIES 1  
BOARD RULES AND RULES OF PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT

OFFICE WEST VIRGINIA  
SECRETARY OF STATE

**§1-1-1. General.**

- 1.1. Scope. -- This Legislative rule establishes general rules for the regulation of certification, registration, permitting and licensure of certified public accountants and the registration and licensure of public accountants and firms.
- 1.2. Authority. -- W. Va. Code §§29A-3 et. seq., 30-9-4(8) and 30-9-5.
- 1.3. Filing Date. -- ~~April 30, 2004.~~
- 1.4. Effective Date. -- ~~April 30, 2004.~~

**§1-1-2. Definitions.**

As used in this Rule, the following words and terms have the following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

- 2.1. "Accredited ~~school~~ college or university" means any ~~four-year, degree-granting college or university~~ institution accredited at the time of an applicant's degree or attendance by the:
  - a. Middle States Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools;
  - b. New England Association of Schools and Colleges;
  - c. North Central Association of Colleges and ~~Secondary~~ Schools;
  - d. ~~Northwest Association of Schools and Colleges~~ Commission on Colleges and Universities;
  - e. Southern Association of Colleges and Schools; or
  - f. Western Association of Schools and Colleges;
- 2.2. "Act" means the provisions of W. Va. Code §§30-9-1 et. seq.;
- 2.3. "AICPA" means the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants or any successor organization as determined by the Board.

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- 2.4. "Audit" means ~~an audit or other engagement that expresses~~ expressing an opinion about the fairness of presentation of financial statements ~~that is performed~~ in accordance with the Statements on Auditing Standards published by the AICPA or any applicable successor statement on standards published by the AICPA.
- 2.5. "Compilation services" means providing a service performed in accordance with the Statement on Standards for Accounting and Review Services published by the AICPA or any applicable successor statement on standards published by the AICPA, (i) that presents, in the form of a financial statement, information that is the representation of management without an expression of assurance on the statement and (ii) ~~that is performed in accordance with the Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services published by the AICPA or any applicable successor statement on standards published by the AICPA: Provided, That this definition does not apply to the use of the term "compilation" in W. Va. Code §30-9-31.~~
- 2.6. "Examination," when used with reference to prospective financial statements, means ~~an engagement that expresses~~ expressing an opinion about the fairness of presentation of financial information in accordance with the SSAE Statement on Standards for Attestation Engagements published by the AICPA or any applicable successor statement on standards published by the AICPA.
- 2.7. "NASBA" means the National Association of State Board of Accountancy or any successor organization as determined by the Board;
- 2.8. "NQAS" means the National Qualification Appraisal Service operated by NASBA or any successor or comparable service as determined by the Board.
- ~~2.9. "Out-of-state certificate" means a valid certificate as a certified public accountant or equivalent designation issued or renewed under the laws of another state: Provided, That "out-of-state certificate" does not include any certificate as a certified public accountant or equivalent designation that was issued or renewed solely by virtue of a holder's prior status as a public accountant or its equivalent in the state of issuance and not by virtue of the holder's having met the certification requirements of the state of issuance.~~
- 2.9 "Reciprocal certificate" means a certificate issued under reciprocal regulations of prior law or under Section 5 of this Rule to a certificate holder of another jurisdiction who is either a resident of this state, has an office in this state, or is an employee of a firm or business entity in this state.

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- 2.10. "Registrant" means a person registered pursuant to the Act and this Rule.
- 2.11. "Review" means a review of a financial statement that is performed in accordance with the Standards for Accounting and Review Services published by the AICPA or any applicable successor statement on standards published by the AICPA.
- 2.12. ~~An examination "window"~~ refers to a three-month period in which candidates have an opportunity to take the CPA examination during at least ~~(comprised of two of the three months in which the examination is available to be taken and the remaining time one month~~ in which the examination will not be offered while routine maintenance is performed and the item bank is refreshed). Thus, candidates will be able to test a minimum of two out of the three months within an examination window.

### **§1-1-3. Board Organization and Proceedings.**

- 3.1. At its first meeting after July 1 of each year, the Board shall elect a president, a vice president, a secretary, and an assistant secretary from among its members. All officers shall be elected for a term of one (1) year and each shall continue in office until his or her successor has been elected and qualified or until his or her term as a member of the Board expires.
- 3.2. The Board shall meet in Charleston or elsewhere in West Virginia as it may elect, at least twice each year, and shall remain in session as long as necessary in order to transact its business. Meetings shall be held upon notice by the president of the Board or by joint call of any three (3) of its members and may be held at any reasonable time or place designated in the notice of the meeting.
- 3.3. A majority of the Board constitutes a quorum for the transaction of business.
- 3.4. The Board shall establish an office in West Virginia, if it is considered necessary and desirable, to transact the day-to-day business of the Board and for the maintenance of its files and records. The Board shall designate one (1) of its principal officers or any other person as the executive officer in charge of its office and shall arrange his or her compensation in the form of a per diem allowance or as a salary. The executive officer, with the approval of the Board, may employ such assistance as may be necessary for efficient performance of his or her duties.

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- 3.5. The Board shall designate and cause to have prepared those forms it considers necessary or expedient to the discharge of its duties, the convenience of applicants for licensure, and the compilation of proper records. As soon as practicable after July 1 of each year the Board shall publish a roster showing the names and addresses of all holders of certificates, registrations, permits and authorizations during the fiscal year beginning on that date.

**§1-1-4. Certification.**

- 4.1. The Board shall issue a certificate to any applicant of good moral character who satisfies ~~each of the requirements of this section.~~ A certificate will only be issued when all of the education, examination, and experience requirements listed in this ~~s~~Section are met by the applicant.

~~(a) 4.2. Good moral character. --- An applicant for certification shall have fiscal integrity and no history of acts involving dishonesty or acts which would constitute a violation of this Rule. The Board may deny certification upon a finding supported by clear and convincing evidence of a lack of good moral character.~~  
Education - The satisfactory completion of one hundred fifty semester hours or their equivalent conferred by an accredited college or university, the total education program to include an accounting concentration or its equivalent.

(b) Examination - Passage of the uniform certified public accountant examination published by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants or its successor and any additional examination required by the Board by rule that tests the applicant's knowledge of subjects related to the practice of accounting: Provided, That before applying for the examination required by this subsection, an applicant is required to have met the baccalaureate degree requirement but not the one hundred fifty semester hour requirement of 4.1(a) of this Rule.

~~(a) If the initial application for examination is made prior to February 15, 2000, the obtainment of a baccalaureate or equivalent degree conferred by an accredited school with a concentration in accounting or its equivalent. A qualified candidate shall submit an application on Board approved forms with the required documentation.~~

~~(b) If the initial application for examination is made on or after February 15, 2000, the satisfactory completion of one hundred fifty (150) semester hours or their equivalent at an accredited school, including the~~

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~~obtainment of baccalaureate or higher degree.~~

(i) Specific course requirements- As part of the required ~~one hundred fifty semester~~ hours to sit for the ~~, an examination an~~ applicant shall have completed the following credit hours at the upper-division baccalaureate and/or graduate levels at an accredited college or university:

(A) at least twenty-seven (27) credit hours or equivalent quarter hours in accounting, excluding introductory accounting courses covering the principles of accounting components, including the minimum requirements in each of the following subject areas:

(1) six (6) credit hours in financial or intermediate accounting;

(2) six (6) credit hours in auditing or accounting information systems with a minimum of three (3) credit hours in auditing;

(3) three (3) credit hours in taxation;

(4) three (3) credit hours in cost accounting, managerial accounting, governmental accounting or not-for-profit accounting; and

(5) nine (9) credit hours in accounting electives. Accounting internships or independent studies not exceeding three (3) credit hours may satisfy this accounting elective requirement;

(B) six (6) credit hours in business law;

(C) effective July 1, 2011, three (3) credit hours in ethics to be counted as part of the nine (9) hours of accounting electives or twelve (12) hours of business electives;

(D) a minimum of twenty-seven (27) credit hours in business courses, excluding required accounting and business law courses, with a minimum requirement in each of the following subject areas:

(1) three (3) credit hours in economics;

(2) three (3) credit hours in finance;

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- (3) three (3) credit hours in marketing;
- (4) three (3) credit hours in statistics;
- (5) three (3) credit hours in management; and
- (6) twelve (12) credit hours in business-related electives, excluding the introductory principles of accounting components and the required six (6) credit hours in business law. Business-related courses include, but are not limited to, quantitative application in business, business ethics, business communication skills and organizational behavior.

(~~c~~ii) Foreign academic credentials shall be accompanied by a written evaluation from the Foreign Academic Credentials Service, Inc., or any other credentialing agency which is a member of the National Association of Credential Evaluation Service, Inc., regarding equivalency of the credentials to the requirements of this Rule.

(c) Experience - An applicant shall demonstrate at least one year of experience in the four-year period immediately preceding the application in providing any type of relevant service or advice involving the use of accounting, attest, compilation, management advisory, financial advisory, tax or consulting skills. The experience requirement may be satisfied by employment in private practice, government, industry, a not-for-profit organization, academia or public practice and must be verified by the holder of an active West Virginia certificate, a West Virginia registered public accountant or an out-of-state certificate.

~~4.4. An applicant shall satisfactorily complete the examination provided for in section 7 of this Rule.~~

~~4.5. An applicant shall demonstrate that he or she has one year of experience in the four year period immediately preceding his or her application in providing any type of service or advice involving the use of accounting, attestation, compilation, management advisory, financial advisory, tax or consulting skills.~~

(~~ai~~) ~~Experience may include private, government, industry, or public practice, as well as experience in academia. In evaluating the experience of the applicant, the Board shall consider the complexity~~

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and diversity of the work performed as well as any other factor the Board may consider relevant.

~~(b) The applicant shall have his or her experience verified to the Board by the holding of a certificate, registration or out-of-state certificate.~~

(ii) Any person who has been requested by the applicant to provide evidence of the applicant's experience shall comply with the request. Any person who refuses to provide evidence shall, upon request of the Board, explain in writing or in person the basis for his or her refusal.

(iii) The Board may require any licensee who has furnished evidence of an applicant's experience to substantiate the information. The Board may require the applicant and/or the licensee to provide documentation supporting the evidence of experience for review by the Board.

(iiiiv) The Board may require any applicant to appear before it or its representative to supplement, explain, or verify the evidence of experience.

4.6. Prior Certificants. -- No person who, on July 1, 1989, held a ~~certificate~~ license as a certified public accountant previously issued by the Board shall be required to obtain an additional or substitute certificate or to fulfill an experience requirement in order to ~~maintain or~~ renew a certificate.

### **§1-1-5. Reciprocal Certificate Requirements Not Substantially Equivalent Certificate Requirements.**

5.1 Certified public accountants or their equivalent from other jurisdictions who intend to perform accounting services in this state and are either (1) a resident of this state, or (2) have established a business in this state, or (3) are an employee of a firm or business entity in this state shall first make application for a reciprocal certificate and meet the applicable qualifications below:

(a) Reciprocal Certificate Requirements for Substantial Equivalency Practitioners. The Board shall issue a reciprocal certificate to an applicant of good moral character who holds a valid out-of-state certificate if the state of issuance has certified public accountant certification requirements that are substantially equivalent or the individual has qualifications substantially equivalent to the certified public accountant certification requirements of the Uniform

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Accountancy Act.

(b) Reciprocal Certificate Requirements for Not Substantially Equivalent Practitioners. 5.1. The Board shall issue a reciprocal certificate to an applicant of good moral character who holds a valid out-of-state certificate but who does not qualify for a certificate under the provision of W. Va. Code §30-9-9, if the applicant meets the following education, experience, examination and continuing education requirements:

- (~~a~~i) The applicant passed the examination required for issuance of the applicant's certificate with grades that would have been passing grades at the time in this state;
- (~~b~~ii) Within the ten year period immediately preceding the application and after passing the examination upon which the applicant's certificate in the other state was based, the applicant has had one year of experience outside of this state of the type described in W. Va. Code §30-9-8(~~c~~3) and/or ~~§~~Section ~~4.5~~ 4.1.(c) of this Rule; and
- (~~c~~iii) If the applicant's out-of-state certificate was issued more than four years prior to the application for issuance of a certificate under this ~~§~~Section, that the applicant has fulfilled the continuing professional education requirements that would have been applicable under W. Va. Code §30-9-12(b) and ~~§~~Section ~~7~~.3 of this Rule.

~~§1-1-6.(c)~~ Reciprocal Certificate Requirements for Foreign Designations Certificate Requirements. 6.1. The Board shall issue a reciprocal certificate to an applicant of good moral character who holds a foreign designation in public accountancy if:

- (~~a~~i) the foreign authority which granted the designation makes similar provision to allow a person who holds a valid certificate issued by this State to obtain such foreign authority's comparable designation;
- (~~b~~ii) the foreign designation:
  - (~~i~~A) was duly issued by a foreign authority that regulates the practice of public accountancy and has not expired or been revoked or suspended;
  - (~~i~~B) entitles the holder to issue reports upon financial statements; and
  - (~~i~~C) was issued upon the basis of educational,

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examination, and experience requirements established by the foreign authority or by law that are substantially equivalent to those contained in the Uniform Accountancy Act; and

(~~e~~iii) The applicant:

(~~i~~A) received the designation, based on educational and examination standards substantially equivalent to those in effect in this State at the time the foreign designation was granted;

(~~i~~B) completed an experience requirement, substantially equivalent to the requirement set out in Section ~~4-5~~ 4.1.(c) of this Rule, in the jurisdiction which granted the foreign designation; or meets equivalent requirements prescribed by the Board by rule, within the ten years immediately preceding the application; and

(~~i~~C) passed a uniform qualifying examination in national standards and an examination on the laws, rules and code of ethical conduct in effect in this state acceptable to the Board.

(~~d~~iv) An applicant under this ~~s~~Section shall in the application list all jurisdictions, foreign and domestic, in which the applicant has applied for or holds a designation to practice public accountancy, and each holder of a certificate issued under this subsection shall notify the Board in writing, within thirty days after its occurrence, of any issuance, denial, revocation or suspension of a designation or commencement of a disciplinary or enforcement action by any jurisdiction.

(d) Reciprocal Certificate Requirements for a Holder of an Out-of-State Certificate Establishing a Place of Business in this State.

(i) A holder of an out-of-state certificate who intends to establish an office in this state shall first apply to the Board for the issuance of a reciprocal certificate.

(ii) Until the applicant has applied for and received a certificate, the applicant may only offer professional services in this state upon compliance with the substantial equivalency provisions set forth in W.Va. Code §30-9-16 et. seq.

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- (iii) If the applicant is not issued a certificate under the provisions of this Rule, the applicant shall cease offering professional services in this state as a substantial equivalency practitioner upon notice of denial of the applicant's application for certificate.

**§1-1-76. Examination for Certificate.**

~~7.1. Application. -- An applicant for certificate examination shall meet the requirements of subsections 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, and 4.5 of this Rule and shall complete the application form prescribed by the Board and furnish all information, documentation, references, and fees required in section 19 of this Rule. If the candidate fails to take any part of the examination in six consecutive windows from the time the application is filed with the Board, the applicant shall complete a new application for certification examination under the requirements existing at the time the new application is completed.~~

~~7.2. (a) Administration of Examination. The Board may make use of all or any part of the Uniform Certified Public Accountant Examination and Advisory Grading Service of the AICPA and may contract with third parties to perform any administrative services with respect to the examination that it considers appropriate to assist it in performing its duties hereunder.~~

~~7.2.3. Cheating~~

~~(a) Cheating by an applicant in applying for or taking the examination shall be considered to invalidate any grade otherwise earned by a candidate on any part of the examination, and may warrant summary expulsion from the examination room and disqualification from taking the examination for a specified number of subsequent sittings.~~

~~(b) For purposes of this Rule, the following actions, among others, may be considered cheating:~~

~~(1) Falsifying or misrepresenting educational credentials or other information required for admission to the examination;~~

~~(2) Communication between candidates inside or outside the examination room or copying another candidate's answers while the examination is in progress;~~

~~(3) Communication with others outside the examination room while the examination is in progress;~~

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- ~~(4) Substitution of another person to sit in the examination room in the stead of a candidate;~~
- ~~(5) Reference to crib sheets, text books or other material inside or outside the examination room while the examination is in progress.~~
- ~~(6) Violating the nondisclosure prohibitions of the examination or aiding or abetting another in doing so.~~
- ~~(7) Retaking or attempting to retake a Test Section by an individual holding a valid Certificate or by a Candidate who has unexpired credit for having already passed the same Test Section, unless the individual has been directed to retake a Test Section pursuant to Board order or unless the individual has been authorized by the Board to participate in a "secret shopper" program.~~
- ~~(c) In any case where it appears to the Board, while the examination is in progress, that cheating has occurred or is occurring, the Board may either summarily expel the candidate involved from the examination or move the candidate to a position in the room away from other examinees where the candidate can be watched more closely.~~
- ~~(d) In any case where the Board believes that it has evidence that a candidate has cheated on the examination, or where a candidate has been expelled from the examination, the Board shall conduct a hearing immediately following the examination session for the purpose of determining whether or not there was cheating, and if so what remedy should be applied. In hearing, the Board shall decide:
  - ~~(1) Whether to give the candidate credit for any portion of the examination completed in that session; and~~
  - ~~(2) Whether to bar the candidate from taking the examination in future sittings, and if so, for how many sittings.~~~~
- ~~(e) In any case where the Board permits a candidate to continue taking the examination, it may, depending on the circumstances:
  - ~~(1) Admonish the candidate;~~
  - ~~(2) Seat the candidate in a segregated location for the rest of the examination;~~~~

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- ~~(3) Keep a record of the candidate's seat location and identification number, and the names and identification numbers of the candidates on either side of the candidate; and/or~~
- ~~(4) Notify the AICPA of the circumstances, furnishing the candidate's identification number, so that after the initial grading is completed the candidate's papers can be compared for unusual similarities with the papers of others who may have been involved. Upon introduction of a computer-based examination, notify the National Candidate Database and the AICPA and/or the Test Center of the circumstances, so that the Candidate may be more closely monitored in future examination sessions.~~
- ~~(f) In any case where a candidate is refused credit for parts of the examination taken, or is disqualified from taking other parts, the Board shall give the candidate a statement containing its findings, the evidence upon which the findings are based, and a notice of the right of the candidate to a formal rehearing by the Board, with right of appeal, pursuant to West Virginia Board of Accountancy Rule, 1 C.S.R. 2, Contested Case Hearing Procedures.~~
- ~~(g) In any case where a candidate is refused credit for any part of an examination taken, disqualified from taking any part of the examination, or barred from taking the examination in future sittings, the Board will provide to the Board of Accountancy of any other state to which the candidate may apply for the examination information as to the Board's findings and actions taken. Notwithstanding any other provisions under these rules, the Board may postpone scheduled examinations, the release of grades, or the issuance of certificates due to a breach of examination security; unauthorized acquisition or disclosure of the contents of an examination; suspected or actual negligence, errors, omissions, or irregularities in conducting an examination; or for any other reasonable cause or unforeseen circumstance.~~

7.3.(b) Applications for Examination.

- (a) An applicant for examination shall meet the requirements of 4.1(b) and shall complete the application form prescribed by the Board and furnish all information, documentation, references, and fees required in Section 18 of this Rule. Applications to take the Certified Public Accountant Examination must be made on a form provided by the Board and filed with the Board by a due date specified by the Board in the application form

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shall be filed in the Board office no later than 30 days prior to the first testing window for which the candidate intends to sit.

(~~b~~ii) An application will not be considered filed until the application fee and examination fee required by these Rules and all required supporting documents have been received, including proof of identity as determined by the Board and specified on the application form, official transcripts and proof that candidate has satisfied the education requirement.

(~~c~~iii) Any ~~c~~candidate who fails to appear for the examination shall forfeit all fees charged for both the application and the examination.

(~~d~~iv) The Board or its designee will forward notification of eligibility for the computer-based examination to NASBA's National Candidate Database.

(~~v~~) If the candidate fails to take any part of the examination in six consecutive windows from the time the application is filed with the Board, the applicant shall complete a new application for certification examination under the requirements existing at the time the new application is completed.

~~7.4.(c)~~ Time and ~~p~~Place of ~~e~~Examination. ~~Prior to the implementation of a computer-based examination, notice of the time and place of the examination shall be mailed at least ten days prior to the date set for the examination to each candidate whose application to sit for the examination has been approved by the Board. Upon the implementation of a computer-based examination, e~~Eligible candidates shall be notified of the time and place of the examination or shall independently contact the Board or a test center ~~operator~~ identified by the Board to schedule the time and place for the examination at an approved test site. Scheduling reexaminations must be made in accordance with subdivision ~~7.7(b)~~ 6.(f) of this Rule.

~~7.5.(d)~~ Examination ~~c~~Content. The examination required by Section 5 8.(2) of the Act shall test the knowledge and skills required for performance as an entry-level certified public accountant. The examination shall consist of include the subject areas of accounting and auditing and related knowledge and skills as the Board may require. the following four test sections - Auditing and Attestation (AUD), Financial Accounting and Reporting (FAR), Regulation (REG), and Business Environments and Concepts (BEC) or as otherwise established by the AICPA.

~~7.6.(e)~~ Determining and Reporting Examination Grades. A candidate

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shall pass all each of the four Test Section of the examination provided for in ~~5(d)~~ 8.(2) of the Act with a minimum score of 75 in order to qualify for a certificate to meet the certification requirement in 4.1.(b) of this Rule. Upon receipt of advisory grades from the examination provider, the Board will review and may adopt the examination grades and will report the official results to the candidate. ~~Prior to the implementation of a computer-based examination, a passing grade for each Test Section shall be 75. Upon implementation of a computer-based examination, the candidate must attain the uniform passing grade of 75.~~

### 7.7.(f) Retake and Granting of Credit Requirements.

- ~~(a) A candidate shall be required to pass all sections of the examination provided for in Section 5(d) of the Act in order to qualify for a certificate. Prior to the implementation of a computer-based examination, if at a given sitting of the examination a candidate passes two or more but not all sections, then the candidate shall be given credit for those sections that the candidate has passed and need not sit for reexamination in those sections, provided that~~
- ~~(1) at that sitting the candidate wrote all sections of the examination for which the candidate does not have credit;~~
  - ~~(2) the candidate attained a minimum grade of 50 on each section taken at that sitting;~~
  - ~~(3) the candidate passes the remaining sections of the examination within six consecutive examinations given after the one at which the first sections were passed;~~
  - ~~(4) at each subsequent sitting at which the candidate seeks to pass any additional sections, the candidate sits for all sections for which the candidate does not have credit; and~~
  - ~~(5) in order to receive credit for passing additional sections in any such subsequent sitting, the candidate attains a minimum grade of 50 on sections taken at that sitting.~~
- (b) Upon the implementation of a computer-based examination, a candidate may take the required Test Sections individually and in any order. Credit for any Test Sections passed are valid for eighteen months from the actual date the candidate took that Test Section, without having to attain a minimum



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~~under the paper and pencil examination have remaining, at the launch of the computer based CPA examination, to complete all remaining Test Sections, or the number of remaining opportunities under the paper and pencil examination, multiplied by six months, whichever is first exhausted.~~

~~(2) If a conditional status candidate does not pass all remaining Test Sections during the transition period, conditional credits earned under the paper and pencil examination will expire and the candidate will lose credit for the Test Sections earned under the paper and pencil examination. However, any Test Section(s) passed during the transition period is subject to the conditioning provisions of the computer based examination as indicated in the aforementioned conditioning recommendation, except that a previously conditioned candidate will not lose conditional credit for a Test Section of the computer based examination that is passed during the transition period, even though more than eighteen months may have elapsed from the date the Test Section is passed, until the end of the transition period.~~

(dD) A candidate shall retain credit for any and all Test Sections of an examination passed in another state if such credit would have been given, under then applicable requirements, if the candidate had taken the examination in this State.

(eE) The Board may in particular cases extend the term of conditional credit validity notwithstanding the requirements of subsections (a), (b), (c) and (d), upon a showing that the credit was lost by reason of circumstances beyond the candidate's control.

(fF) A candidate shall be deemed to have passed the Uniform CPA Examination once the candidate holds at the same time valid credit for passing each of the four Test Sections of the examination. For purposes of this sSection, credit for passing a Test Section of the ~~computer based~~ examination is valid from the actual date of the testing event for that Test Section, regardless of the date the candidate actually receives notice of the passing grade.

76.87. Candidate Testing Fee. The candidate shall, for each Test Section scheduled by the candidate to the Board or its designee, pay a ~~Candidate Testing F~~ee that includes the actual fees charged by the AICPA, NASBA, and the Test Delivery Service Provider, as well as reasonable application fees established by the State Board.

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76.98. Cheating.

- (a) ~~Any grade otherwise earned by a candidate on any part of the examination shall be invalidated and summary expulsion from the examination room and disqualification from taking the examination for a specified number of subsequent sittings may be warranted if an applicant cheats in applying for or taking an examination.~~ Cheating by an applicant in applying for or taking the examination shall be considered to invalidate any grade otherwise earned by a candidate on any part of the examination, and may warrant summary expulsion from the examination room and disqualification from taking the examination for a specified number of subsequent sittings.
- (b) For purposes of this Rule, the following actions, among others, may be considered cheating:
- (1) Falsifying or misrepresenting educational credentials or other information required for admission to the examination;
  - (2) Communication between candidates inside or outside the examination room or copying another candidate's answers while the examination is in progress;
  - (3) Communication with others outside the examination room while the examination is in progress;
  - (4) Substitution of another person to sit in the examination room in the stead of a candidate;
  - (5) Reference to crib sheets, text books or other material inside or outside the examination room while the examination is in progress.
  - (6) Violating the nondisclosure prohibitions of the examination or aiding or abetting another person in doing so.
  - (7) Retaking or attempting to retake a Ttest Ssection by an individual holding a valid Certificate or by a candidate who has unexpired credit for having already passed the same Ttest Ssection, unless the individual has been directed to retake a Ttest Ssection pursuant to Board order or unless the individual has been expressly authorized by the Board to participate in a "secret shopper" program.
- (c) In any case where it appears that cheating has occurred or is occurring while the examination is in progress, the Board or its representatives may either summarily

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expel the candidate involved from the examination or move the candidate to a position in the room test center away from other examinees where the candidate can be watched more closely.

- (d) In any case where the Board believes that it has evidence that a candidate has cheated on the examination, ~~or where a~~ including those cases where the candidate has been expelled from the examination, the Board shall conduct an investigation and may conduct a hearing immediately following the examination session consistent with the requirements of 1 C. S. R. 2, Contested Case Hearing Procedure for the purpose of determining whether or not there was cheating, and if so what remedy should be applied. In the hearing, the Board shall decide:

~~(1) Whether to give the candidate credit for any portion of the examination completed in that session; and~~

~~(2) Whether to bar the candidate from taking the examination in future sittings, and if so, for how many sittings.~~

- ~~(e) In any case where the Board permits a candidate to continue taking the examination, it may, depending on the circumstances:~~

~~(1) Admonish the candidate;~~

~~(2) Seat the candidate in a segregated location for the rest of the examination;~~

~~(3) Keep a record of the candidate's seat location and identification number identifying information, and the names and identification number identifying information of the candidates on either side in close proximity of the candidate;~~

~~(4) Notify the AICPA of the circumstances, furnishing the candidate's identification number, so that after the initial grading is completed, the candidate's papers can be compared for unusual similarities with the papers of others who may have been involved; or upon introduction of a computer based examination, nNotify the National Candidate Database and the AICPA and/or the Ttest Ccenter of the circumstances, so that the candidate may be more closely monitored in future examination sessions.~~

- (fe) In any case where a candidate is refused credit for parts of the examination taken, or is disqualified from taking other parts, the Board shall give the candidate

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a statement containing its findings, the evidence upon which the findings are based, and a notice of the right of the candidate to a formal rehearing by the Board, with right of appeal, pursuant to West Virginia Board of Accountancy Rule, 1 C.S.R. 2, Contested Case Hearing Procedures. This Board will also provide to the board of accountancy of any other state to which the candidate may apply for the examination, information as to the Board's findings and actions taken.

~~(g) In any case where a candidate is refused credit for any part of an examination taken, disqualified from taking any part of the examination, or barred from taking the examination in future sittings, the Board will provide to the Board of Accountancy of any other state to which the candidate may apply for the examination information as to the Board's findings and actions taken.~~

~~76.109.~~ Security and Irregularities. Notwithstanding any other provisions under these Rules, the Board may postpone scheduled examinations, the release of grades, or the issuance of certificates due to a breach of examination security; unauthorized acquisition or disclosure of the contents of an examination; suspected or actual negligence, errors, omissions, or irregularities in conducting an examination; or for any other reasonable cause or unforeseen circumstance.

### **§1-1-87. Certificate Renewal; Condition of Renewal.**

87.1. All registrants and certificants shall annually renew their certificates from the Board in order to offer professional services to the public. Licenses are valid for a period of one (1) year (or portion thereof) ending on June 30 of each year. All registrants and certificants shall file with the Board a written notification of any change of home or employment address within thirty (30) days after its occurrence.

87.2. Applicants for renewal of a certificate shall complete the forms prescribed by the Board and furnish all information and documentation required in the form, as well as the license fee provided for in ~~s~~Section 1918 of this Rule.

87.2.1. An applicant shall list all states in which he or she has applied for or holds an out-of-state certificate and any past denial, revocation or suspension of an out-of-state certificate.

87.2.2. The Board shall not consider an application unless the fee provided by this Rule accompanies the

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application.

§7.3. Continuing education. -- Certificate holders applying for annual licensure renewal shall have completed 120 hours of continuing education as provided for in this subsection within the three proceeding calendar years, with at least 20 hours in each calendar year, of which a minimum of two (2) hours of ethics shall be secured annually. A program in ethics includes topics such as ethical reasoning, state-specific statutes and rules, and standards of professional conduct, including those of other applicable regulatory bodies. Any certificate holder applying for licensure who has not been engaged in the practice of public accountancy during the prior calendar year shall be considered to have complied with the hourly requirements set forth in this subsection: Provided, That the certificate holder completes 40 hours of continuing education during the subsequent calendar year and thereafter satisfies all otherwise applicable provisions of this subsection.

§7.3.1. Continuing education program guidelines. The Board shall determine if a continuing education program satisfies the requirements of this subsection. In its evaluation of continuing education programs, the Board shall apply the following standards:

- (a) The program should contribute directly to the professional competence of the individual;
- (b) The stated objectives of a program should include the enhancement of the ability of the participant which the program is intended to accomplish;
- (c) The education and/or experience prerequisites for the program should be stated;
- (d) Materials used in programs should be developed by qualified individuals for use with specified teaching methods;
- (e) Program content should be current;
- (f) Programs should be reviewed by persons other than the preparer to ensure compliance with this subdivision;
- (g) Programs should meet the Statement on Standards for Continuing Professional Education (CPE) Programs issued jointly by AICPA and NASBA

§7.3.2. Qualifying programs include, but are not necessarily limited to:

- (1) Courses and mini-courses sponsored by national or

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state professional accounting organizations. The Board may approve programs sponsored by other groups if they meet the same educational objectives;

- (2) University and college courses (other than courses in principles of accounting) which contribute to the professional competence of the individual;
- (3) Formal home study courses;
- (4) Firm "in house" programs sponsored by accounting firms ~~associations~~, other than basic, "on-the-job" training;
- (5) Published books and articles, to a maximum of 60 hours credit per publication; and
- (6) Technical sessions at meetings of professional organizations or other organizations of direct interest and application to the practice of public accountancy, such as the West Virginia Tax Institute;
- (7) Program sponsors listed on the NASBA's National Registry of CPE Sponsors

§7.3.3. Qualifying programs do not include, for example, time spent in:

- (1) Providing services to clients;
- (2) Presentations to nonprofessional groups such as schools, civic, religious, or community organizations; and
- (3) Informal review of professional journals.

§7.3.4. Continuing education program preapproval, credits and administration; additional credit for instruction.

- (a) The Board encourages licensees, program sponsors, and other interested persons to seek prior approval of continuing education programs in order to facilitate the administration of and compliance with this subsection.
- (b) The Board shall award one hour of credit for the completion of each 50 minutes of actual participation in the program, or its lesson equivalent in a home study course, as indicated on the certificate of completion. The Board shall not award credit for programs less than 50 minutes in

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~~length or partial hours of program participation.~~

- (c) The Board shall grant credit for university or college courses at accredited schools as follows:
  - (1) Applicants shall receive 15 hours credit for each semester credit hour earned and ten hours credit for each quarter credit hour earned; and
  - (2) Applicants attending non-credit courses shall receive credit at the rate of one hour of credit for each 50 minutes in-class participation.
- (d) An applicant may claim credit only for programs completed during the relevant calendar years, except for good cause shown.
- (e) Instructors in an approved program shall receive three hours credit for each hour taught for the first time they teach a course, to a maximum of 60 hours credit per course per year. The Board shall not give credit for subsequent teaching of the same course, unless the course has been substantially updated. If the same course is taught again in less than three years, the instructor must receive prior approval from the Board for additional credit.

**§7.3.5. Compliance monitoring.**

- (a) The Board shall measure compliance with this subsection by the calendar year. All certificate holders shall return an annual continuing education reporting form to the Board by January 31 of the following year.
- (b) Reporting forms shall contain the certificate holder's Board certificate and licensee numbers.
- (c) The Board shall enter hours reported into the record of the certificate holder in a master file with the designation of the year and the number of credits and maintain in the master file the certificate holder's record of the current year and the past two years. In addition, the Board shall maintain a file of continuing education reporting forms for each certificate holder for four years.
- (d) The Board shall annually provide a mailing to each certificate holder which will provide a confirmation or the record for review by the licensee so that corrective action can be taken if

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there is an error or dispute.

- (e) Fraudulent reporting of Continuing Professional Education credits is a basis for disciplinary action by the Board.

87.3.6. Continuing education exceptions.

- (a) The following persons are exempt from the requirements of this subsection:

- (1) Any Inactive certified public accountants who ~~does~~ not perform or offer to perform any professional service to the public, either directly or indirectly through his or her employer; or

- (2) Persons who demonstrate good cause for exemption to the Board. A person not meeting the requirements of this subsection must apply to the Board for a waiver due to extenuating circumstances, such as accident, illness, pregnancy, military service or any other circumstance as determined appropriate by the Board. This request shall be received by the Board by January 31 following the reporting period, except for good cause shown.

~~(3) (1) Notwithstanding the requirement of subsection 8.3 of this Rule, during the period beginning on July 1, 2001 and ending on June 30, 2004 (the "Phase-In Period"), any certified public accountant who (i) is not subject to continuing professional education requirements as of July 1, 2001, because he or she has not performed or offered to perform professional services to the public; and (ii) who elects to offer to perform any professional service to the public during the Phase-In Period, may satisfy the requirements of subsection 8.3 of this Rule by obtaining continuing professional education hours on the phase-in schedule set forth in paragraph (2) of this subdivision (c).~~

~~(3) (2) If the certified public accountant elects to offer professional services to the public during the certificate renewal period beginning on (A) July 1, 2001, then he or she may satisfy the continuing professional education requirement by~~

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~~obtaining (i) 20 hours during calendar year 2001; (ii) 30 hours during calendar year 2002; and (iii) 40 hours during calendar year 2003; (B) July 1, 2002, then he or she may satisfy the continuing professional education requirement by obtaining (i) 30 hours during calendar year 2002; (ii) 40 hours during calendar year 2003, and (C) July 1, 2003, then he or she may satisfy the continuing professional education requirement by obtaining 40 hours during calendar year 2003.~~

- ~~(3) (3) Any certified public accountant who wishes to take advantage of the phase in specified in paragraph 1 of this paragraph must notify the Board in his or her annual continuing professional education reporting form.~~

#### ~~§1-1-10. Holder of Out-of-State Certificate Establishing Principal Place of Business in State.~~

~~10.1. A holder of an out-of-state certificate who intends to establish his or her principal place of business in this state shall first apply to the Board for the issuance of a certificate.~~

~~10.1.1. Until he or she has applied for and received a certificate, he or she may only offer professional services in this state upon compliance with the substantial equivalency notice provisions set forth in W.Va. Code §30-9-16 (b)~~

~~10.1.2. If the applicant is not issued a certificate under the provisions of this Rule, the applicant shall cease offering professional services in this state as a substantial equivalency practitioner upon notice of denial of his or her application for certificate.~~

#### ~~§1-1-118. Peer Review~~

~~14.2.5. For purposes of subdivisions 1412.2.5 and 1412.3.5 of this section, the Board shall accept (i) the peer review program offered by the AICPA and administered by the West Virginia Society of Certified Public Accountants or (ii) any other peer review program that the Board deems comparable in terms of quality, thoroughness and reliability to the AICPA peer review program. If an applicant intends to use a peer review program other than the~~

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AICPA peer review program, ~~the Board strongly encourages~~ the applicant shall submit detailed information concerning the peer review program (including but not limited to the sponsor of the program, the standards used, the identity and qualifications of the expected reviewers, and similar information) to the Board prior to contracting with the alternative peer review provider. The Board will promptly evaluate the proposed peer review program and inform the applicant whether the program is acceptable.

**~~§1-1-119.~~ Public Accountants.**

~~11.1.~~ All provisions of this Rule that are specifically applicable to certified public accountants are also applicable to the same extent to public accountants.

**~~§1-1-1210.~~ Substantial Equivalency Practice Privileges.**

~~1210.1.1.~~ In determining whether the certification requirements of the other state or the individual are substantially equivalent to the certification requirements of the Uniform Accountancy Act, the Board is authorized to use the NQAS.

10.1.2 Any individual performing or offering to perform any services as a substantial equivalency practitioner is subject to the following:

(a) Jurisdiction of the board concerning all matters within the scope of these Rules;

(b) Compliance with the provisions of W.Va. Code §30-9 et. seq. and applicable Rules;

~~12.1.2.~~ (c) The appointment of the Board of accountancy of the state of issuance of his or her out-of-state certificate as his or her agent upon which process may be served in an action or proceeding by the Board; and

~~12.1.3.~~ (d) Voluntary disclosure of any and all documentation necessary to conduct an investigation under this Rule.

**~~§1-1-1311.~~ Issuance and Renewal of Permits.**

~~1311.1.~~ A firm receiving a permit pursuant to this ~~s~~Section shall file with the Board a written notification of any of the following events within thirty (30) days after its occurrence:

(a) Formation of a new firm;

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- (b) Addition of a partner, member, manager or shareholder;
- (c) Retirement, withdrawal or death of a partner, member, manager or shareholder;
- (d) Any change in the name of the firm;
- (e) Dissolution of the firm;
- (f) Change in the management of any branch office in this State;
- (g) Establishment of a new branch office or the closing or change of address of a branch office in this State; or
- (h) The occurrence of any event or events which would cause the firm not to be in conformity with the provisions of the Act or this Rule.

~~1311~~.2. In the event of any change in legal form of a firm, such new firm shall within thirty (30) days of the change file an application for the issuance of a permit in accordance with these Rules and pay the fee required by these Rules.

**~~§1-1-1412~~. Issuance and Renewal of Authorizations.**

~~1412~~.1. ~~Beginning on the first day of July, two thousand one,~~ No person or business entity may provide attest or compilation services without first having obtained an authorization issued by this Board (except as provided for in §30-9-16 et. seq.).

~~1412~~.1.1. An applicant may apply for authorization to perform attest or compilation services or both.

~~1412~~.2. The Board shall issue an authorization to a person who tenders the fee specified in Section ~~1918~~ of this Rule and provides the following information:

~~1412~~.2.1. The name of the individual applying and the individual practitioner's certificate or registration number;

~~1412~~.2.2. The location of each office within the state from which the individual practitioner performs accounting services;

~~1412~~.2.3. Any issuance, denial, revocation, suspension, probation, or censure of any certification issued by this state or an out-of-state accountancy Board;

~~1412~~.2.4. Verification that he or she the individual

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practitioner signs attest and compilation reports as a certified public accountant or public accountant; and

~~1412.2.5.~~ For purposes of subdivisions ~~1412.2.5~~ and ~~1412.3.5~~ of this section, the Board shall accept (i) the peer review program offered by the AICPA and administered by the West Virginia Society of Certified Public Accountants or (ii) any other peer review program that the Board deems comparable in terms of quality, thoroughness and reliability to the AICPA peer review program. If an applicant intends to use a peer review program other than the AICPA peer review program, the Board strongly encourages the applicant submit detailed information concerning the peer review program (including but not limited to the sponsor of the program, the standards used, the identity and qualifications of the expected reviewers, and similar information) to the Board prior to contracting with the alternative peer review provider. The Board will promptly evaluate the proposed peer review program and inform the applicant whether the program is acceptable. Verification that the individual is undergoing a peer review program that conforms with Section 8 of this Rule.

~~14.2.6.~~ The Board shall issue an authorization to an individual providing the information required in this subsection.

~~1412.3.~~ The Board shall issue an authorization to a firm that holds a permit or a firm that applies for a permit who tenders the fee specified in Section ~~1918~~ of this Rule and provides the following information:

~~1412.3.1.~~ The names of all partners, officers, shareholders, members or managers of the firm whose principal place of business is in this state and each individual's certification or registration number;

~~1412.3.2.~~ The location of each office of the firm within the state and the name of the certified public accountant or public accountant in charge of each office (if applicable);

~~1412.3.3.~~ Any issuance, denial, revocation, suspension, probation, or censure of a permit issued by this or another state Board;

~~1412.3.4.~~ Verification that any certified public accountant or public accountant who signs or authorizes

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someone to sign a report ~~on~~ or financial statements on behalf of the permit holder meets the competency requirements set forth in the Generally Accepted Auditing Standards published by the AICPA (for attest services) and/or the Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services published by the AICPA (for compilation services); and

~~14~~12.3.5. Verification that the permit holder is undergoing a peer review program that conforms with ~~sub~~Section ~~14.2.5.~~ 8 of this Rule.

~~14~~12.4. A firm may simultaneously apply for the issuance or renewal of a permit and the issuance or renewal of an authorization by demonstrating that the firm meets the requirements of Section ~~13~~ 11 of this Rule and Section ~~14~~ 12 of this Rule.

~~14~~12.5. The Board shall renew an authorization for a period of one year beginning on the first day of July of each year.

### **~~§1-1-15~~13. Refusal to Issue or Renew; Suspension, Revocation of License; Disciplinary Action**

~~15~~13.1. Authority and grounds for refusal to issue or renew a license or to suspend, revoke and/or fine a licensee. — The Board may refuse to issue, refuse to renew, suspend, revoke or limit any license or practice privilege of any licensee, substantial equivalency practitioner or firm and may take disciplinary action against a licensee or substantial equivalency practitioner practicing in this state who, after hearing held pursuant to W. Va. Code § 30-1-1, et seq., has been adjudged by the Board as unqualified because of any of the following reasons:

- (a) Fraud or deceit in obtaining or maintaining a license or substantial equivalency practice privilege;
- (b) Cancellation, revocation, suspension or refusal to renew an out-of-state certificate, an out-of-state permit or substantial equivalency practice privilege for disciplinary reasons in any other state for any cause other than failure to pay an annual fee for the renewal of an out-of-state certificate or out-of-state permit in the other state;
- (c) Failure by any licensee to maintain compliance with requirement for issuance or renewal of a license or to timely notify the Board as required under W. Va. Code § 30-9-18;

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- (d) Revocation or suspension of the right of the licensee or substantial equivalency practitioner to practice before any state or federal agency;
- (e) Dishonesty, fraud, professional negligence in the performance of services as a licensee or substantial equivalency practitioner or in the filing or failure to file the licensee's or substantial equivalency practitioner's own income tax returns, or a willful departure from accepted standards of professional conduct applicable to licensees and substantial equivalency practitioners;
- (f) Violation of any provision of this article, any lawful order of this Board, or any Rule, including the violation of any professional standard or rule of professional conduct;
- (g) Conviction of a felony or any crime an element of which is dishonesty or fraud under the laws of the United States or this state, or conviction of any similar crime under the laws of any other state if the underlying act or omission involved would have constituted a crime under the laws of this state;
- (h) Performance of any fraudulent act by any licensee or substantial equivalency practitioner;
- (i) Any conduct reflecting adversely upon the licensee's or substantial equivalency practitioner's fitness to perform professional services;
- (j) Making any false or misleading statement or verification in support of an application for a license filed by another person or firm; or
- (k) Engaging in the unlawful practice of law as defined by the West Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals.

~~15~~13.2. If the Board renders a decision to deny issuance or renewal of a license, or to suspend or revoke a license, or the Board takes disciplinary action, the Board shall determine whether the licensee, substantial equivalency practitioner or firm holds an out-of-state certificate or permit, and, if so, the Board shall notify the Board of Accountancy of the state of issuance of its decision.

~~15~~13.2.1. The Board shall notify of the decision 30 days from the time the decision becomes final including the final determination of any appeals that may be made.

~~15~~13.2.2. Upon expiration of the time period set forth in

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subsection ~~1513.2.1.~~, the Board shall provide a certified copy of its decision and any decision of a circuit court or the West Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals issued in the matter to the licensee, substantial equivalency practitioner or firm.

~~1513.3.~~ When the Board has suspended, revoked or refused to renew a license or has revoked the practice privileges of a substantial equivalency practitioner, the licensee, firm, or substantial equivalency practitioner against whom the action has been taken shall be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate the qualifications to resume practice or regain licensure.

~~1513.3.1.~~ A request for reinstatement shall be made in writing and directed to the Board. It shall state with specificity the reasons that the applicant believes that he or she is qualified to resume practice or regain licensure. The applicant requesting reinstatement may also request to address the Board at a future Board meeting. The Board may also request a meeting and may require any additional information that it considers necessary to issue a decision.

~~1513.3.2.~~ Upon a determination with regard to the request for reinstatement, the Board shall notify the requesting party of its decision in writing.

~~1513.3.3.~~ The provisions of this subsection are separate and distinct from the Contested Case Hearing Procedure West Virginia Board of Accountancy, 1 CSR 2. A request for reinstatement shall not meet the petition requirements set forth in that rule.

### **§1-1-914. Peer-Review Board Initiated Review**

~~914.1.~~The Board may, at its discretion, provide for the review of any certificate holder (i) applying for licensure renewal or (ii) who the Board has reason to believe may be in violation of ~~§~~Section ~~2018~~ of this Rule. In these cases, the Board may provide for reimbursement and payment of those persons conducting the review and shall set forth in writing the scope and procedures of the review. Nothing in this subsection is a prerequisite to any other Board action under this Rule, including but not limited to ~~§~~Section ~~1513~~ of this Rule.

### **§1-1-~~1615~~.Contingency Fee Contracts; Commissions; Referral Fees.**

~~1615.1.~~ All contingency fee contracts shall be in writing and signed by both the licensee or substantial equivalency practitioner and the clients.

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~~†615.2.~~ Before entering into a contingency fee contract, the licensee or substantial equivalency practitioner shall disclose, to the prospective client, in writing; the percentage to be retained by the licensee or substantial equivalency practitioner in the event a favorable result is attained.

~~1614.3.~~ In determining the reasonableness of a contingency fee contract, the Board shall consider the following factors:

~~1614.3.1.~~ The time and labor expended in attaining the result;

~~1614.3.2.~~ The difficulty of the work performed;

~~1614.3.3.~~ The level of skill required to perform the work;

~~1614.3.4.~~ Whether acceptance of this client's work precluded the licensee or substantial equivalency practitioner from accepting work from other clients;

~~1614.3.5.~~ The standard contingency fee charged in the area;

~~1614.3.6.~~ Time limitations imposed by the work or the client;

~~1614.3.7.~~ The amount involved and the results obtained;

~~1614.3.8.~~ The experience, reputation and ability of the licensee or substantial equivalency practitioner; and

~~1614.3.9.~~ The nature and length of the relationship with the client;

~~†615.43.~~ A licensee or substantial equivalency practitioner may utilize a contingency fee contract when representing a client before a taxing authority. Provided: that nothing in this Rule shall be construed either to limit or expand the scope of professional services. This Rule shall not be construed to promote the unauthorized practice of law.

~~†615.54.~~ Disclosure of Permitted Commission. A licensee or substantial equivalency practitioner who is not prohibited by this Rule from performing services for or receiving a commission and who is paid or expects to be paid a commission shall disclose that fact in writing to any person or entity to whom the licensee recommends or refers a product or service to which the commission relates.

~~†615.65.~~ Referral Fees. Any licensee or substantial equivalency

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practitioner who accepts a referral fee for recommending or referring any service of a licensee to any person or entity or who pays a referral fee to obtain a client shall disclose the acceptance or payment to the client in writing.

### **§1-1-1716. Confidentiality of Information.**

~~1716.1.~~ Except by permission of the client for whom a licensee or substantial equivalency practitioner performs services or the heirs, successors, or personal representatives of a client, a licensee or substantial equivalency practitioner shall not voluntarily disclose information communicated to the licensee or substantial equivalency practitioner by the client relating to and in connection with services rendered to the client by the licensee or substantial equivalency practitioner. The information shall be considered confidential: Provided, That this ~~s~~Section shall not be construed as prohibiting the disclosure of information required to be disclosed by the standards of the profession in reporting on the examination of financial statements or as prohibiting disclosures in court proceedings, in investigations or proceedings under this article, in ethical investigations conducted by private professional organizations, in the course of peer reviews, to other persons on a need-to-know basis when those persons are active in the firm and performing services for the client, or to persons in the firm who need the information for the sole purpose of assuring quality control within the firm.

### **§1-1-1817. Accounting Corporations and Other Forms of Business.**

#### 17.1 Accounting Corporations

~~18.1.~~ (a) One or more licensees may organize and become shareholders of an accounting corporation subject to the requirements of this ~~s~~Section.

~~18.2.~~ (b) No accounting corporation shall exist or transact business as an accounting corporation without the prior authorization of the Board. An applicant for authorization shall complete an application form, furnish all other documents and information requested by the Board, and pay the fee set forth in ~~s~~Section ~~1918~~ of this Rule.

~~18.3.~~ (c) The Board shall not authorize the organization of an accounting corporation unless, in addition to the other requirements set forth in this Rule, the applicants comply with the following requirements:

(i) The sole purpose and business of the corporation shall be to furnish to the public, services not inconsistent with the Act or this Rule: Provided,

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That the corporation may invest its funds in a manner not incompatible with the practice of public accounting;

- (~~b~~iii) The principal officer of the corporation and any officer or director having authority over the practice of public accounting by the corporation shall be an individual licensed under W. Va. Code §30-9-1 et. seq.
  - (~~c~~iii) At least one shareholder of the corporation is certified or registered in this state;
  - (~~d~~iv) The accounting corporation is domiciled in this State.
  - (~~e~~v) ~~Sixty (60) %~~ A simple majority of the ownership of any accounting corporation is by individuals licensed under W. Va. Code §30-9-1 et. seq.
  - (~~f~~vi) The remaining percentage of ownership may be held by non-licensee owners who are active participants in the accounting corporation.
    - (~~i~~A) Non-licensee owners are considered active participants in the accounting corporation if they are employed by the accounting corporation for at least 20 hours per week and are otherwise legally authorized to provide compatible professional services.
    - (~~i~~B) Non-licensee owners shall possess no direct control or have personal supervision of the practice or personnel who act ~~in~~ on behalf of the corporation in giving of assurance in a report or otherwise.
  - (~~g~~vii) Each resident manager in charge of an office of the corporation in this State and each shareholder or director who constitute the majority personally engaged within this State in the practice of public accounting shall be certified or registered in this State; and
  - (~~h~~viii) When not inconsistent with this ~~s~~Section, the organization and procedures of accounting corporations shall conform to the requirements of W.Va. Code §31-1-1, et. seq.
- ~~18.4.~~(d) When the Board determines that an accounting corporation meets the requirements of this Rule and W. Va. Code §30-9-30, the Board shall notify the Secretary of State that a certification of authorization has been issued to the person or persons making application for the accounting corporation.

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- ~~18.5.~~(e) Upon receipt of the certificate of authorization required by subsection ~~18.6.4.~~ of this Rule, an accounting corporation shall promptly file in the office of the Secretary of State a certified copy of the certificate of authorization.
- ~~18.6.~~(f) The person or persons making application for the accounting corporation shall send a copy of the certification of authorization to the Secretary of State's office.
- ~~18.7.~~(g) An accounting corporation shall not transact business until it has received (i) a certificate of incorporation from the Secretary of State and (ii) filed a certified copy of the certificate of incorporation with the Board.
- ~~18.8.~~(h) The Secretary of State, upon receipt of a certificate of authorization shall attach the Certificate of Authorization to the corporation's application and, upon compliance with the applicable provisions of chapter thirty of the West Virginia Code, the Secretary of State may issue to the incorporators a certificate of incorporation for the accounting corporation. Once the accounting corporation receives the certificate of incorporation from the Secretary of State's Office it may begin offering professional services to the public.

17.2 Professional Limited Liability Companies [RESERVED]

**§1-1-1918. Fees.**

1918.1.The Board shall charge the following fees:

(a) CPA Examination Fees

- (~~a~~1) An examination application fee of one hundred seventy dollars (\$170.00), which will give the candidate two (2) consecutive windows to sit one time each for all four sections of the examination. Beyond the second window, the examination application fee schedule in subdivision (b) of this subsection will apply to each section of the examination in which the candidate sits;
- (~~b~~2) An examination/~~re-examination~~ application fee of forty dollars (\$40.00) for each section after the expiration date of the second window identified in subdivision (a) of this subsection
- (~~c~~3) ~~Third party participant~~ Computerized examination fees for each section at each sitting. are subject to change and paid directly to a third party administrator.

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~~participant fee schedule for each section is as follows:~~

<del>Auditing</del>	<del>\$134.50</del>
<del>Accounting</del>	<del>\$126.00</del>
<del>Regulation</del>	<del>\$109.00</del>
<del>Business E&amp;C</del>	<del>\$100.50</del>

(d4) A transfer of credit and examination application fee as follows:

(i) an examination application fee of one hundred seventy dollars (\$170.00), which will give the candidate two (2) "windows" to sit for any remaining sections(s);

(ii) and forty dollars (\$40.00) per section score transferred.

(b) Certification/Licensure Fees.

(f1) An active or inactive initial certificate fee of ninety one hundred twenty dollars (\$90.00120.00) (which includes the wall certificate and initial license to practice);

(2) A reciprocal certificate fee of two-hundred dollars (\$200.00 (which includes the wall certificate and initial license to practice)

(g3) A annual certificate renewal fee and a non-resident application renewal fee of sixty-five eighty-five dollars (\$65.0085.00);

(4) A fee for an annual CPA-Inactive certificate renewal of sixty-five dollars (\$65.00);

(5) A fee for a duplicate wall certificate (if the certificant's name has been legally changed or if the original certificate has been destroyed) of thirty-five dollars (\$35.00)

(h6) All renewals postmarked after the annual renewal deadline date of June 30 are subject to an additional late filing fee of fifty dollars (\$50.00);

(o7) A fee for a reinstatement of a certificate where a license renewal application is received after July 31 of sixty-five dollars (\$65.00); A fee to reinstate a certificate for an individual who was previously ineligible for renewal of eighty-five dollars (\$85.00);

(8) The application for reinstatement of a certificate where a license renewal lapsed past July 31 of the current licensing period is subject to a fee of \$75.00 per month

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or partial month thereof;

- (9) A fee for Activation of License of eighty-five dollars (\$85.00)

(c) Firm Fees.

- (p1) A fee for issuance or renewal licensure of a firm permit of ~~sixty-five~~ one-hundred dollars (~~\$65.00~~100.00);
- (2) An additional fee for firm renewal postmarked after July 31 of current licensing period of \$75.00 per month;
- (3) A fee for an application to form an accounting corporation of two-hundred dollars (\$200.00);
- (4) A fee for an application to form a professional limited liability company or a registered limited liability partnership of two-hundred dollars (\$200.00);

(d) Continuing Professional Education Fees.

- (\*1) A late fee for the filing of a continuing professional education reports postmarked if they are filed after January 31 of one hundred ten dollars (\$110.00) one-hundred-fifty dollars (\$150.00);
- (†2) ~~A fee for a~~ Requests for an extension of time to secure additional hours to meet CPE compliance for the previous year are subject to a fee of seventy-five dollars for forms to file a continuing professional education report postmarked prior to on or before January 31 of fifty-five dollars (\$55.00);
- (m3) ~~A fee for a~~ Requests for an extension of time to secure additional hours to meet CPE compliance for the previous year are subject to a fee of two-hundred twenty-five dollars for forms to file a continuing professional education report postmarked subsequent to January 31 of one hundred ten dollars (\$110.00);
- (n4) ~~A fee for a request for extension of time to file continuing professional education report (postmarked after June 30 of fifty-five dollars (\$55.00) per month~~ Initial or additional extension requests after June 30 will be increased by \$75.00 per month;

(e) Authorization Fees.

- (q1) A fee for issuance or renewal of a firm authorization to perform attest and/or compilation services of sixty-five dollars (\$65.00); at the level indicated below:

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	<u>Number of Licensees in Firm</u>	<u>Fee</u>
<u>(A)</u>	<u>1-5 licensees</u>	<u>\$100.00</u>
<u>(B)</u>	<u>6-10 licensees</u>	<u>\$200.00</u>
<u>(C)</u>	<u>11+ licensees</u>	<u>\$300.00</u>

(r2) A fee for issuance or renewal of an authorization to perform attest and/or compilation services for an individual practitioner of ~~sixty-five~~ eighty-five dollars (~~\$65.00~~85.00);

(f) Other Fees.

(e1) A fee for authorization to release information form of thirty dollars (\$30.00);

(i2) ~~A fee for a copy of the directory of all certificants of one hundred ten dollars (\$110.00);~~ A fee for a directory of active licensees in electronic format of \$125.00;

(j3) A fee for a copy of the list of all scheduled examination candidates of not more than two hundred dollars (\$200.00);

~~(s) A fee of ten dollars (\$10.00) for an applicant who wishes to practice in this state pursuant to Section 12 of this Rule and whose out-of-state requirements are found to be substantially equivalent; and~~

~~(t) A fee of fifty dollars (\$50.00) for an applicant whose out-of-state requirements are not found to be substantially equivalent, but are required to be verified independently by the Board.~~

(u4) If the Board is required to use any appraisal service in making a determination as to whether an applicant's qualifications or the qualifications of another state are substantially equivalent, the applicant shall bear the cost of such appraisal service.

18.2. All fees are non-refundable and shall not be prorated. The Board may, in its discretion, return all or part of a fee accompanying a filing which the Board declines to process.

**\$1-1-2019. Rules of Professional Conduct.**

2019.1. Independence, Integrity, and Objectivity.

(a) A licensee or substantial equivalency practitioner shall be independent in the performance of professional services.

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- (b) In the performance of any professional service, a licensee or substantial equivalency practitioner shall maintain objectivity and integrity, shall be free of conflicts of interest, and shall not knowingly misrepresent facts or subordinate his or her judgment to others.

### 2019.2. General Standards; Accounting Principles.

- (a) A licensee or substantial equivalency practitioner shall:
- (1) Undertake only those professional services that the licensee or substantial equivalency practitioner can reasonably expect to be completed with professional competence;
  - (2) Exercise due professional care in the performance of professional services;
  - (3) Adequately plan and supervise the performance of professional services; and
  - (4) Obtain sufficient relevant data to afford a reasonable basis for conclusions or recommendations in relation to any professional services performed.
- (b) A licensee or substantial equivalency practitioner who performs auditing, review, compilation, management advisory, tax, or other professional services shall comply with the recognized professional standards applicable to the services.
- (c) A licensee or substantial equivalency practitioner shall not (1) express an opinion or state affirmatively that the financial statements or other financial data of any entity are presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principals or (2) state that he or she is not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the statements or data in order for them to be in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, if the statements or data contain any departure from any accounting principle promulgated by bodies designated to establish the principles that has material effect on the statements or data taken as a whole. If, however, the statements or data contain a departure and the licensee or substantial equivalency practitioner can demonstrate that due to unusual circumstances the financial statements or data would otherwise have been misleading, the licensee or substantial equivalency practitioner can comply with the Rule by describing the departure, and its approximate effects with the principle would result in a misleading

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statement.

### 2019.3. Responsibilities to Clients.

- (a) Except as provided in ~~Section 1715~~ of this Rule, a licensee or substantial equivalency practitioner shall not disclose any confidential client information without the specific consent of the client. This Rule shall not be construed (i) to relieve a licensee or substantial equivalency practitioner of its professional obligations under subdivisions 2019.2 (b) and (c) of this Rule, (ii) to affect in any way the obligation to comply with a validly issued and enforceable subpoena or summons, (iii) to prohibit review of a licensee or substantial equivalency practitioner's professional practice under subsection 9-114 of this Rule, or (iv) to preclude a licensee or substantial equivalency practitioner from initiating a complaint with or responding to any inquiry made by a recognized investigative or disciplinary body. Members of a recognized investigative or disciplinary body and professional practice reviewers shall not use to their own advantage or disclose any licensee or substantial equivalency practitioner's confidential client information that comes to their attention in carrying out their official responsibilities. However, this prohibition shall not restrict the exchange of information with a recognized investigative or disciplinary body or affect, in any way, compliance with a validly issued and enforceable subpoena or summons.

### 2019.4. Responsibilities to Colleagues [RESERVED]

### 2019.5. Other Responsibilities and Practices.

- (a) A licensee or substantial equivalency practitioner shall not commit an act that discredits the public accounting profession.
- (b) A licensee or substantial equivalency practitioner shall not seek to obtain clients by advertising or other forms of solicitation that are false, misleading, or deceptive. Solicitation by the use of coercion, over-reaching, or harassing conduct is prohibited.
- (c) A licensee may practice public accounting only in the form of a proprietorship, a partnership, or a professional corporation whose characteristics conform to this Rule. A licensee shall not practice public accounting under a firm name that is misleading. Names of one or more past partners or shareholders may be included in the firm name of a successor partnership or corporation. Also, a partner or shareholder surviving

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the death or withdrawal of all other partners or shareholders may continue to practice under a name which includes the name of past partners or shareholders for up to two years after becoming a sole practitioner.