

WEST VIRGINIA
SECRETARY OF STATE

KEN HECHLER

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW DIVISION

Form #2

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FILED
Apr 21 1 40 PM '99

OFFICE OF THE WEST VIRGINIA
SECRETARY OF STATE

NOTICE OF A COMMENT PERIOD ON A PROPOSED RULE

AGENCY: Secondary School Activities Comm
West Virginia Board of Education TITLE NUMBER: 127

RULE TYPE: Legislative; CITE AUTHORITY: W. Va. Const., Art. XII, §2 and
W. Va. Code §18-2-25

AMENDMENT TO AN EXISTING RULE: YES NO

IF YES, SERIES NUMBER OF RULE BEING AMENDED: 2

TITLE OF RULE BEING AMENDED: Athletics, Provisions Governing Eligibility

IF NO, SERIES NUMBER OF NEW RULE BEING PROPOSED: _____

TITLE OF RULE BEING PROPOSED: _____

IN LIEU OF A PUBLIC HEARING, A COMMENT PERIOD HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED DURING WHICH ANY INTERESTED PERSON MAY SEND COMMENTS CONCERNING THESE PROPOSED RULES. THIS COMMENT PERIOD WILL END ON May 21, 1999 AT 5:00 p.m.. ONLY WRITTEN COMMENTS WILL BE ACCEPTED AND ARE TO BE MAILED TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESS:

John Ray, Coordinator

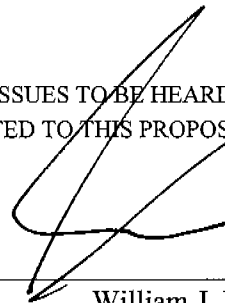
West Virginia Department of Education

Building 6, Room 309

1900 Kanawha Boulevard, East

Charleston, West Virginia 25305-0330

THE ISSUES TO BE HEARD WILL BE LIMITED TO THIS PROPOSED RULE.



William J. Luff, Jr.
Associate State Superintendent

ATTACH A **BRIEF** SUMMARY OF YOUR PROPOSAL

\$21.00

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY
WEST VIRGINIA BOARD OF EDUCATION

POLICY NUMBER AND TITLE: Policy _____
West Virginia Secondary School Activities Commission
Proposed Changes in Rules and Regulations

PUBLIC COMMENT PERIOD ENDS: May 21, 1999 **ADOPTED:** _____

BACKGROUND

The majority of public and most private schools in West Virginia belong to the West Virginia Secondary School Activities Commission. Each year, the principals of member schools submit revisions to the rules and regulations. The submitted proposals are presented and voted upon at the annual Board of Control meeting. Any approved changes are then submitted to the West Virginia State Board of Education for their review and approval.

PURPOSE

These amendments are brought forth to keep the West Virginia Secondary School Activities Commission current and updated on changes, trends and problems in the band and athletic programs.

These proposals were distributed for public comment in April and May. The West Virginia Secondary School Activities Commission will present to the Board the comments received for your review at the June meeting.

The West Virginia Secondary School Activities Commission staff, Constitution and Bylaws Committee, and Board of Control respectfully request that the proposed rule changes to the West Virginia Secondary School Activities Commission Rules and Regulations Handbook be approved.

CONTENT

Seventeen proposals are being submitted to the State Board by the Secondary School Activities Commission. Each rule change is presented with the whole rule being included. This will help the State Board members understand the significance of the rule change.

The following is a brief summary of the effect of each proposal:

1. Changes the number of administrative districts from five to eight. (Vote: Yes-65 No-14)
2. Provides for a performance evaluation of the Executive Secretary and the Assistant Executive Secretaries. (Vote: Yes-75 No-2)
3. Allows the person who proposed a rule to present the proposal to the WV State Board of Education. (Vote: Yes-41 No-33)
4. Allows the Executive Secretary the latitude to grant exceptions to the rules based upon past Board of Appeals decisions. (Vote: Yes-57 No-20)
5. Allows junior highs and middle schools to combine students from two or more schools within a county to form one interscholastic team in a sport if insufficient numbers exist at each of the feeder schools. (Vote: Yes-39 No-32)

6. Clarifies means of establishing eligibility if parents move out of the school zone. (Vote: Yes-70 No-6)
7. Defines eligibility of a student who resides with natural parents, guardian, adoptive parents or placement. (Vote: Yes-48 No-27)
8. Grants eligibility to any student who resides with his/her parents and transfers on or before the eleventh instructional day beginning the school term and clarifies the establishment of eligibility as the first participation in a scrimmage or contest. (Vote: Yes-40 No-27)
9. Brings WVSSAC sanction rules into compliance with National Federation regulations. (Vote: Yes-72 No 0)
10. Clarifies that the basketball tournament allowance is for high school varsity teams only. (Vote: Yes-69 No-2)
11. Allows two cross country scrimmages. (Vote: Yes-68 No-2)
12. Changes the first contest date for high school soccer. (Vote: Yes-68 No-2)
13. Changes the beginning of the junior high soccer season to allow for extra conditioning. (Vote: Yes-51 No-13)
14. Allows one alumni game for high school softball. (Vote: Yes-54 No-16)
15. Changes the season dates for high school swimming. (Vote: Yes-63 No-0)
16. Allows two swimming scrimmages. (Vote: Yes-69 No-0)
17. Establishes consistency of inclusion of the Non-Participation Rule under each team sport regulations. (Vote: Yes-71 No-0)

IMPACT

Instruction

None

Leadership

The addition of three Board of Appeals members would influence the leadership of the WVS-SAC.

Financial

One of the proposals would collectively result in increased expenses of \$16,500. Specific amount of increase for this proposal is explained on the Fiscal Note Worksheet.

Administrative

Athletic directors/principals will need to be aware of the changes in order to administer their school programs in accordance with the current rules. There is no major change that would impact administration negatively or cause extra administrative work at the school level.

TITLE 127
LEGISLATIVE RULES
WEST VIRGINIA SECONDARY SCHOOL ACTIVITIES COMMISSION
SERIES 2
ATHLETICS, PROVISIONS GOVERNING ELIGIBILITY

FILED
APR 21 1 40 PM 1987
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE

§127-2-1 General.

- 1.1 **Scope** - These rules establish the provisions governing student eligibility to participate in interscholastic athletics.
- 1.2 **Authority** - WV Code §18-2-25
- 1.3 **Filing Date** -
- 1.4 **Effective Date** - July 1, 1987

§127-2-3 Enrollment and Team Membership.

- 3.1 To be eligible for participation in interscholastic athletics, a student must be enrolled in a member school on or before the eleventh instructional day of the semester in which he competes. Enrollment must be continuous after the student has officially enrolled in the school.

Proposal 5

Amend §127-2-3 Enrollment and Team Membership (pg. 15) as follows:

- 3.2 Students can participate only in schools in which they are enrolled; however, an exception may be granted by the Board of Appeals as follows:
 - (a) if a feeder school does not afford students the opportunity to participate and they are otherwise eligible. ~~Also,~~
 - (b) an exception would be granted for not more than ten students from the WV Schools for the Deaf and the Blind to participate at Hampshire County High School or Romney Junior High School (only in sports not available at WVSD&B).
 - (c) if member schools containing grades 7 and/or 8 and/or 9 may combine students from two or more schools within the county to form one interscholastic team in a sport. Requests for permission to combine students from two or more schools in the same non-public or public school system must be submitted annually to the WVSSAC in writing by the superintendent of the non-public or public school system. Schools which are combining to form one team must be feeder schools for the same high school and at least one school does not have sufficient numbers for a team. If more than two schools are involved, principals are to evaluate the number of available participants in each school and shall combine schools to provide as many teams that sufficient numbers will allow. Sufficient numbers will be defined as the number of a starting line-up plus 50% (for odd number line-ups, round up).

Rationale:

This would provide opportunities to more potential athletes of smaller schools to participate in a wider variety of sports-related activities. This would enhance feeder programs for high schools.

- 3.3 An ineligible student may practice 15 days prior to his date of becoming eligible provided that he is otherwise eligible. This rule applies only to an academically ineligible student or a student who falls under Transfer Rules 127-2-7.15, 127-2-7.16, 127-2-7.20, and Adoption Guardianship Rule 127-2-8.5.
- 3.4 Students enrolled in the following grades in member schools will be eligible for junior high participation:

<u>Junior High Schools</u>	<u>High Schools</u>
Grades 7 and 8	7, 8 and 9 (six year school)
Grades 7, 8 and 9	8 and 9 (five year school)
Grades 8 and 9	9 (four year school)
- 3.5 Students enrolled in the ninth grade of a four, five or six year high school may participate on the high school team; however, once a student becomes a member of that team said student will be ineligible for the junior high team in that sport.
- 3.6 Students who are enrolled in a grade below the ninth are not eligible for a high school team, and students enrolled in a grade below the seventh will not be eligible for a junior high team.

- 3.7 Senior students will be eligible for spring sports until the close of the school's season.
- 3.8 Schools may sponsor separate teams for members of each sex where selection for such teams is based upon competitive skill. If a school sponsors a team in a particular sport for members of one sex but sponsors no such team for members of the other sex, and athletic opportunities for members of that sex previously have been limited, members of the excluded sex must be allowed to try out for the team offered. For example, because overall athletic opportunities for females have previously been limited, females will be allowed to try out for baseball, but males will not be allowed to try out for volleyball or softball.
- 3.9 Students enrolled at WV School for the Deaf will be allowed to participate in sports at the WV School for the Blind. Reciprocal being students from the WV School for the Blind to also participate in sports at the WV School for the Deaf. This allowance would not be honored for the respective tournaments of the EDSAA (Eastern Schools for Deaf Athletic Association) and the EAAB (Eastern Athletic Association of the Blind.)

TITLE 127
LEGISLATIVE RULES
WEST VIRGINIA SECONDARY SCHOOL ACTIVITIES COMMISSION
SERIES 2
ATHLETICS, PROVISIONS GOVERNING ELIGIBILITY

§127-2-1 General.

1.1 Scope - These rules establish the provisions governing student eligibility to participate in interscholastic athletics.

1.2 Authority - WV Code §18-2-25

1.3 Filing Date -

1.4 Effective Date - July 1, 1987

§127-2-7 Residence-Transfer.

Philosophy:

Following is a brief resume of the points of philosophy included in the residence and transfer rules of this Commission:

- 7.1 Participation in interscholastic athletics is a privilege provided for students who meet standards set by principals of all member schools.
- 7.2 Participation in interscholastic athletics is a privilege which should fundamentally be available to bona fide students in school zones where their parents or legally established guardians as established in Rule 127-2-8 reside.
- 7.3 Standards governing residence and transfer are a necessary prerequisite to participation in athletics because
 - (a) They protect the opportunities of bona fide resident students to participate.
 - (b) They provide a fundamentally fair and equitable framework in which interscholastic athletic competition in an educational setting can take place.
 - (c) They provide uniform standards for all schools to follow in maintaining athletic competition.
 - (d) They support the educational philosophy that participation in athletics is a privilege which must not be permitted to assume a dominant position in the school program.
 - (e) They keep the focus of educators and students on the fact that students attend school to receive those requirements mandated by law first and athletics second.
 - (f) They maintain the fundamental principle that a student should live at home with his parents and attend school in the school zone in which his parents reside.
 - (g) They reinforce the view that the family is a strong and viable unit in our society and, as such, is the best place for a student to reside while attending school.
 - (h) They prevent school hopping or shopping around for school or athletic programs which may suit an individual's personal interest.
 - (i) They prevent "bumping" of students who have gained legitimate eligibility by persons from outside the school zone.
 - (j) They serve as a deterrent to individuals who would seek to recruit student athletes to attend a particular school.
 - (k) They serve as a deterrent to student athletes running away from discipline problems, teacher problems, coach or similar conflicts.
 - (l) They protect school programs from losing students who have established an identity as an athlete and, as such, are contributors to the overall school program and image.
 - (m) They tend to encourage competition between member nonpublic and public schools.

- (n) They eliminate family financial status from becoming a factor on eligibility. The ability to pay or not to pay tuition creates a suspect classification.

7.4 Speculative loss of college scholarship is not considered a basis for granting exceptions to these rules.

Part A - Residence

- 7.5 A student shall be eligible in the zone in which his parents reside. Public secondary school zones shall be established by official action by each county Board of Education. Zones of nonpublic member schools shall be established by their governing board and subject to approval by Board of Appeals.
- 7.6 A student shall be eligible if he is enrolling to attend a secondary school for the first time at either a public school or a member nonpublic secondary school in the zone in which his parents reside, unless he has established eligibility under Rule 127-2-7.15 or Rule 127-2-7.21 in another attendance zone.
- 7.7 When a town or city is located in two counties and only one public secondary school is located in the town or city, students living in the town or city may attend this secondary school if mutually agreed upon by the two county Boards of Education and approved by the Board of Appeals.
- 7.8 A student from a broken home who is in the care of the Department of Health and Human Services of West Virginia shall be eligible to participate in interscholastic athletics as a member of the athletic teams of the high school in the zone in which said Department of Public Assistance places him in a home, provided he is otherwise eligible under the rules of the West Virginia Secondary School Activities Commission.
- 7.9 A student may be eligible outside his specified zone of attendance if he has been in attendance in that zone the immediate preceding year (365 days) prior to entering a member secondary school. There can be no change of residence involving change of attendance zone during the immediate preceding year (365 days).

Proposal 6

Amend §127-2-7 Residence Transfer (pg. 20) as follows:

- 7.10 (a) Should the parents make a bona fide change of residence to a new school zone during the school term, a student of any grade may remain in the school zone from which his parents moved and retain eligibility.
- (b) A student whose parents have resided in the school zone for a minimum of one academic year at which the student has been in attendance for a minimum of one academic year and whose parents move out of the school zone may:
 - 1) Retain his/her eligibility as long as said student retains enrollment and attendance or;
 - 2) Transfer at time of change of residence to the school in the attendance zone in which his/her parents are now residing and be eligible in that school or;
 - 3) Transfer at any time prior to the start of the next school year to the school in the attendance zone in which his/her parents are residing and be eligible for interscholastic activities at the receiving school.

Rationale:

Students establish academic goals and plans and social identities and relationships. This rule allows continuity for the student.

- 7.11 Students who have attended a given high school and whose parents move from the zone following the completion of the student's eleventh (11th) grade may retain eligibility for their twelfth (12th) grade, providing there is no undue influence to retain the attendance of such students.
- 7.12 Foreign exchange students, attending a member school under the auspices of approved student exchange programs, shall be considered eligible regarding residence for a maximum period of one calendar year. Said foreign exchange student may not be a graduate of the secondary school of his home country and must maintain eligibility in a member school. A foreign exchange program must assign students to schools by a method which insures that no student, school, or other interested party may influence the assignment for athletic purposes.
- 7.13 A student returning from an approved foreign exchange program may resume interscholastic competition in a member school at the point of interruption provided the student did not receive credits toward graduation while participating in the exchange program and provided the student meets all requirements relative to age and semesters of eligibility.

Part B - Transfer

- 7.14 A student becomes immediately eligible, providing he is otherwise eligible, when parents make a bona fide change of residence to a new school zone. Determination of a bona fide change of residence depends upon the facts of each case. In order for a change of residence to be considered bona fide at least the following facts must exist:
 - a. The original residence must be abandoned as a residence; that is sold, rented, or disposed of as a residence and must not be used as a residence by any member of the immediate family;

- b. The entire family must make the change and take with them the household goods and furniture appropriate to the circumstances;
- c. The change must be made with the intent that it is permanent;
- d. Under no circumstance can a single family unit have two or more residences for eligibility purposes;
- e. When parents are not legally separated and when they are residing in different places, the residence shall be considered the residence formerly used by both parents;
- f. Nine months at the new residence will be required to make it a bona fide move. If a family moves into a new school zone and remains there for less than nine months, the move will not be considered bona fide and the family's child who is enrolled and participating in athletics in the new school zone becomes ineligible there the day the family leaves the new school zone;
- g. Under no circumstances can a residence change be used or manipulated for the purpose of gaining athletic eligibility.

7.15 If a student transfers during the school year from a secondary school in one zone to a secondary school in another zone, said student shall be ineligible for the remainder of that school year unless the parents become residents of the district to which the student transfers. Students transferring out of attendance zone shall immediately forfeit eligibility in their home zone unless exempted by Rule 127-2-7.21.

7.16 Students who transfer during the school year to or from a member school shall be ineligible for the remainder of that school year unless the parents move from one public school zone to another public school zone in conjunction with transfer of schools unless exempted by Rule 127-2-7.21. Students may, during this bona fide change in residence, transfer to either a member public or a member non-public school without penalty. However, if the transfer is from a non-member private school to a public school in the zone where the student's parents reside, a student is eligible providing: (1) the student is enrolling in a member school for the first time and (2) the principals of both private and public schools involved concur that undue influence is not involved with the transfer.

7.17 A student may be transferred from one school zone to another zone within the same county by a county Board of Education and maintain eligibility. The transfer must be initiated by County Board of Education personnel to fulfill certain special education programs(s) not available in the school zone from which the student is transferred. Upon the completion of the special program, the student must return to the school zone of his residence.

7.18 The Commission does not recognize emancipated status as relates to transfer except as might occur in marriage and relocation to another school zone.

7.19 The Board of Appeals is authorized to grant exceptions to the Residence and Transfer Rule when it feels the rule fails to accomplish the purpose for which it is intended and when the rule works extreme and undue hardship upon the student.

7.20 Notwithstanding any other provisions of WVSSAC rules and regulations, if a student transfers for athletic reasons, he/she will be ineligible for 365 days from the date of enrollment. A transfer for athletic reasons is defined as, but not limited to:

- (a) Seeking a superior athletic team;
- (b) Seeking a team consistent with the student's ability;
- (c) Seeking relief from conflict with the philosophy or action of an administrator, teacher or coach relating to sports;
- (d) Seeking a means to nullify punitive action by the previous school.

Proposal 7

Amend §127-2-7 Residence-Transfer (pg. 22) as follows:

7.21 If a student is released and accepted by formal actions of County Boards of Education or similar governing bodies of a non-public school which have verified that such transfer is not for athletic purposes, said student will be granted immediate eligibility provided all other rules are met. ~~The transfer must occur at the beginning of the school year. The student must be enrolled in school on or before the eleventh instructional day of the beginning of the school year.~~ The transfer must occur at the beginning of the school year with the student enrolled on or before the eleventh instructional day of the beginning of the school year and provided that said student is residing with his/her parents. Notwithstanding any provisions, once that team has participated in a scrimmage or contest, the student has established eligibility at that school for the remainder of that school year.

Rationale:

The rule proposal will ensure that students continue to reside with parents and will designate a definite date for establishment of eligibility for the school year. The rule will limit the ability of students to transfer to several schools to choose a team to accommodate their personal abilities.

7.22 The eligibility of a student whose parents are divorced is determined by the following:

- a. If there has been a divorce in a family and sole custody has been awarded by the court granting the divorce to one of the parents, the athletic eligibility of the student will be established at the school that serves the area where that parent resides.
- b. If joint custody has been awarded, the student will be eligible in the zone where either parent resides. After establishing initial residency with one parent, all subsequent transfers will require a period of ineligibility for the remainder of that school year.
- c. If it becomes necessary at a later date for the student to reside with the other parent, the move will be accepted as a bona fide move if the court changes the custody to this parent. This type of move will be accepted for immediate athletic eligibility purposes only one time. Thereafter, if a student subsequently decides to return and reside with the first parent in a different school zone, the student will be ineligible for the remainder of that school year.

TITLE 127
LEGISLATIVE RULES
WEST VIRGINIA SECONDARY SCHOOL ACTIVITIES COMMISSION

SERIES 2
ATHLETICS, PROVISIONS GOVERNING ELIGIBILITY

§127-2-1 General.

1.1 **Scope** - These rules establish the provisions governing student eligibility to participate in interscholastic athletics.

1.2 **Authority** - WV Code §18-2-25

1.3 **Filing Date** -

1.4 **Effective Date** - July 1, 1987

Proposal 8

Amend §127-2-8 Adoption Guardianship (pg. 22) as follows and renumber:

- 8.1 A student athlete shall be able to participate in interscholastic athletics only if he is (1) residing with one or both of his natural parents; (2) residing with a testamentary guardian following the death of his natural parents; (3) residing with his adoptive parents; or (4) residing in a location where he or she was placed by the Department of Health and Human Resources pursuant to WVSSAC Rule 127-2-7.8.
- 8.1 8.2 The residence of parents by adoption shall constitute the residence of their adopted child for the purpose of these rules when, and only when, the student is legally adopted.
- 8.2 8.3 The residence of a testamentary guardian shall constitute the residence of his ward when, and only when, (1) such testamentary guardian has been duly appointed by the last will and testament of the student's last surviving natural parent; (2) said testamentary guardian has duly qualified as such before the proper tribunal in West Virginia; and (3) the student is actually residing in the household of his testamentary guardian at the time of his sport participation.
- 8.4 Notwithstanding any other provision of the WVSSAC rules and regulations, any student residing with a guardian/custodian may not compete for a school in any sport on the varsity level.
- 8.3 ~~The residence of a guardian/custodian shall constitute the residence of his ward when, and only when, (1) the guardian/custodian has been appointed or approved as such by order of a circuit court of West Virginia or by a court of record in some other state; (2) such circuit court or court of record in some other state has, in addition to such appointment or approval, awarded legal custody of such student to his guardian in accordance with the provisions of Chapters 48 and/or 49 of the West Virginia Code; and (3) the student is actually residing in the household of his guardian/custodian at the time of his sports participation.~~
- 8.4 ~~Except as provided in 7.8 (Residence), the residence of a person exercising the position of guardian but not custodian of a student or exercising the position of custodian but not guardian of a student shall not constitute the residence of such student under these rules.~~
- 8.5 ~~Effective retroactively orders of any circuit court or court of record of any other state shall not have the effect of retroactively establishing residence of a student under these rules.~~
- 8.6 ~~A person shall not be considered the guardian of a student for the purpose of these rules unless and until he/she has met each and every requirement set forth in Section 8.3 above and has qualified as such by meeting all the prerequisites therefore as prescribed by law and the order of the appointing court of record.~~
- 8.7 ~~A student may not compete for his school in any sport on the basis of the residence of his guardian/custodian unless written evidence of (1) a court record appointment or approval of his guardian, and (2) an order awarding custody or approving the awarding of custody to such guardian is furnished to the Executive Secretary of the West Virginia Secondary School Activities Commission before such sports participation. When a student has complied with the provisions of this rule, he becomes eligible immediately.~~
- 8.8 8.5 Notwithstanding any other provisions of WVSSAC rules and regulations, legal guardian/custodian may not be changed for athletic reasons. If this should occur, the student will be ineligible for 365 days from the date of enrollment in the new member school. A transfer for athletic reasons is defined as, but not limited to:
- (a) Seeking a superior athletic team;
 - (b) Seeking a team consistent with the student's ability;
 - (c) Seeking relief from conflict with the philosophy or action of an administrator, teacher or coach relating to sports;
 - (d) Seeking a means to nullify punitive action by the previous school.

Rationale:

To prevent the manipulation of the rules for eligibility purposes.

FISCAL NOTE WORKSHEET

(submit 4 copies)

JO. _____ DRAFT NO. _____ BILL NO. _____ RESOLUTION NO. _____

SUBJECT WV Secondary School Activities Commission FUND _____

SOURCE OF REVENUE: GENERAL FUND SPECIAL OTHER (SPECIFY) _____

COST ESTIMATE BASED ON: AN ORIGINAL ESTIMATE BUDGET BILL OTHER (SPECIFY) _____

INCOME ESTIMATE BASED ON: AN ORIGINAL ESTIMATE BUDGET BILL OTHER (SPECIFY) _____

SHOW OVER-ALL EFFECT IN ITEMS 1 AND 2, AND GIVE EXPLANATION OF BREAKDOWN BY FISCAL YEAR INCLUDING LONG RANGE EFFECT IN ITEM 3.					
EFFECT OF PROPOSAL	ANNUAL		FISCAL YEAR		
	INCREASE	DECREASE	CURRENT	NEXT	THEREAFTER
1. ESTIMATED TOTAL COST	\$ 16,500	\$	\$ 26,750	\$ 43,250	\$
PERSONAL SERVICES	\$ (1a) 3,000	\$	\$ (1a) 5,000	\$ (1a) 8,000	\$
CURRENT EXPENSES	(1b) 2,100		(1b) 3,500	(1b) 5,600	
REPAIRS/ALTERATIONS	(1c) 900		(1c) 1,500	(1c) 2,400	
EQUIPMENT	(1d) 10,500		(1d) 16,750	(1d) 27,250	
OTHER					
2. ESTIMATED TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 0	\$	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$

3. EXPLANATION OF ABOVE ESTIMATES (INCLUDING LONG-RANGE EFFECT):

Proposal 1

- a. If the number of administrative districts is raised from five to eight, the amount of annual student scholarships of \$1,000 each would increase from \$5,000 to \$8,000.
- b. If the number of administrative districts is raised from five to eight, three additional representatives would need to be added to each of the fourteen Sport Coaches' Committees. Currently, each representative's expenses is \$50.00 annually. The increase of 42 more representatives would be an additional expense of \$2,100.00.
- c. If the number of administrative districts is increased, the number of Board of Appeals members would increase from five to eight. There would be an increase of \$900 in personal services due to a \$300 honorarium received by each member.
- d. The current expense for each board member is \$3,350 annually. The additional three members would result in an increase expense of \$10,050.

4/1/99

DATE

WV Secondary School Activities Commission

AGENCY


AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE

PUBLIC RESPONSE

**Policy West Virginia Code Title 127, § 18-2-25: West Virginia Secondary School
Activities Commission**

Directions: Please use this form to comment on the proposed changes in the policy.

Individual/Organization: _____

Address: _____

Telephone: _____

COMMENTS

Proposal 1: _____

Proposal 2: _____

Proposal 3: _____

Proposal 4: _____

Proposal 5: _____

Proposal 6: _____

Proposal 7: _____

Proposal 8: _____

Proposal 9: _____

Proposal 10: _____

Proposal 11: _____

Proposal 12: _____

Proposal 13: _____

Proposal 14: _____

Proposal 15: _____

Proposal 16: _____

Proposal 17: _____

General Comments: _____

RETURN BY: May 21, 1999

**TO: John Ray, Coordinator
West Virginia Department of Education
Building 6 , Room 309
1900 Kanawha Boulevard, East
Charleston, West Virginia 25305
Fax 304-558-3787**