

WEST VIRGINIA
SECRETARY OF STATE
KEN HECHLER
ADMINISTRATIVE LAW DIVISION

Form #6

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OFFICE OF WEST VIRGINIA
SECRETARY OF STATE

**NOTICE OF FINAL FILING AND ADOPTION OF A LEGISLATIVE RULE AUTHORIZED
BY THE WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE.**

AGENCY: Racing Commission TITLE NUMBER: 178

AMENDMENT TO AN EXISTING RULE: YES , NO

IF YES, SERIES NUMBER OF RULE BEING AMENDED: 1

TITLE OF RULE BEING AMENDED: Thoroughbred

IF NO, SERIES NUMBER OF NEW RULE BEING PROPOSED:

TITLE OF RULE BEING PROPOSED:

THE ABOVE RULE HAS BEEN AUTHORIZED BY THE WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE.

AUTHORIZATION IS CITED IN (house or senate bill number) 64-7-5(aa)

SECTION , PASSED ON March 14, 1992

THIS RULE IS FILED WITH THE SECRETARY OF STATE. THIS RULE BECOMES EFFECTIVE ON
THE FOLLOWING DATE: April 1, 1992

Lois G. Proban

LEGISLATIVE RULES
RACING COMMISSION

SERIES 1
THOROUGHBRED RULES

178-1-1. General

- 1.1 Scope - These rules regulate the conduct of thoroughbred racing in this State.
- 1.2. Authority - W. Va. code 19-23.
- 1.3. Filing Date - April 1, 1988
- 1.4. Effective Date - April 4, 1988

178-1-2. Definitions.

2.1. The "Age" of a horse is reckoned as beginning on the first day of January in the year in which it is foaled.

2.2. "Arrears" includes all moneys due for entrance forfeits, fees (including jockey's fees), fines, subscriptions stake, purchase money in claiming or selling races and also any default in money incident to the rules.

2.3. "Association" shall mean a person or persons, partnership or corporate body licensed by the Commission to conduct a meeting where horse racing shall be permitted for any stake, purse or reward.

2.4. An "Authorized Agent" is a person appointed by an owner to act as his representative, the appointment to be designated in a notarized document signed by the owner and deposited with the Commission.

2.5. A horse is "Bred" at the place of his birth.

2.6. The "Breeder" of a horse is the owner of the horse's dam at the time of foaling.

2.7. A "Claiming Race" is one in which, according to the conditions, any of the horses engaged may be claimed.

2.8. "Commission" shall mean the West Virginia Racing Commission.

2.9. "Commissioner" means a member of the West Virginia Racing Commission.

2.10. A "Horse" includes mare, gelding, colt and filly. For racing purposes and programming horses shall be designated as follows:

MALE - horse, colt, gelding or ridgling.

FEMALE - filly or mare.

2.11 A "Maiden" is one which has never, in any country, won a race on the flat, other than a match or private sweepstakes, and a maiden which has been disqualified after having finished first is still a maiden. Conditions referring to "Maidens" shall

mean maiden at the time of starting.

2.12. An "Owner" includes part owner or lessee, -but an interest in the winnings only of a horse shall not constitute ownership.

2.13. "Post Time" is the time set for the arrival at the starting point of the horses in a race and must be shown at a reasonable time prior to the race on a clock device, provided for the purpose, prominently displayed and clearly readable from the grandstand.

2.14. The "Nominator" is the person in whose name the horse is entered for a race.

2.15. A "Handicap" is a race in which the weights to be carried by the horses are adjusted by the handicapper, for the purpose of equalizing their chances of winning.

2.16. A "Match" is a private sweepstakes made between two (2) horses. If either party to a match dies or a dead heat is run the match is off.

2.17. An "Overnight" event is one for which the entries close, or if a handicap, acceptances are to be made, seventy-two (72) hours or less (exclusive of Sunday) before the time set for the first race on the day on which such race is to be run.

2.18. A "Private Sweepstakes" is one to which no money or other prize is added and which, previous to closing, has not been advertised, either by publication, or by circular, or entry blank, or in any other way.

2.19. A "Produce Race" is one to be run for by the produce of horses named or described at the time of entry.

2.20. A "Purse Race" is a race for money or other prize to which the owners of the horses engaged do not contribute.

2.21. A "Race" includes a stake, a purse, a sweepstakes, a private sweepstakes, a match or an overnight event, but does not include a steeplechase or hurdle race.

2.22. A "Walkover" is a race in which only one (1) horse starts or in which all the starters are owned by the same interest.

2.23. "Weight for Age" means standard weight according to the rules. A "Weight for Age Race" is one in which all horses carry weight according to the scale, without penalties or allowances.

2.24. A "Recognized Meeting" is: (a) A meeting held under license of the West Virginia Racing Commission; (b) a meeting held in this or any other country under the sanction of a Commission or turf authority whose jurisdiction over racing of any nature is recognized by the West Virginia Racing Commission, and which gives effect to sentences imposed by the West Virginia Racing Commission upon those guilty of improper turf practices.

2.25. A horse is a "Starter" when the stall doors of the starting gate open in front of the horse at the time the starter dispatches the field.

2.26. "Thoroughbred Race or Thoroughbred Racing" shall include that form of horse racing in which each horse

participating in such race is a thoroughbred (i.e., meeting the requirements of and registered with The Jockey Club of New York) and is mounted by a jockey.

2.27. A "Sweepstakes" is a race in which the entrance fee, subscription and/or other contribution of three (3) or more owners, is distributed according to the conditions of the race; and any such race is still a sweepstakes when money or other prize is added, but no overnight race, whatever its conditions, shall be considered to be a sweepstakes.

178-1-3. Calculation of time.

3.1. When the last day for doing anything under these rules falls on a Sunday, it may be done on the following Monday, unless a race to which such act relates is appointed for that day, in which case it must be done on the previous Saturday.

3.2. A "Month" means a calendar month; a "Day" means twenty four (24) hours ending at midnight; and a "Year" means a calendar year.

178-1-4. Administrative.

4.1. The Rules of Racing herein prescribed and any amendments or additions thereto apply to all persons, associations, partnerships or corporations holding, conducting or participating in and/or patrons at a meeting within the State of West Virginia, licensed by its Racing Commission.

4.2. In reading the rules, unless the text otherwise requires, it shall be understood, without constant reference thereto, that they apply only in the State of West Virginia.

4.3. The Commission may rescind or modify any penalty or decision on infraction of the rules imposed or made by the racing officials. The laws of the State of West Virginia and the rules promulgated by the Commission supersede the conditions of a race or the Regulations of a Racing Association.

4.4. Members of the West Virginia Racing Commission and its designated representatives shall have the right of full and complete entry to any and all parts of the grounds and mutuel plants of the association licensed to conduct horse racing in West Virginia.

4.5. The Commission or the stewards of any licensed meeting shall have the right to permit and direct any person or persons authorized by them or either of them to enter in or upon the stables, rooms, trailers, vehicles or other places within the grounds of the association, at which a licensed race meeting is held or at other tracks or places where horses are kept which are eligible to race at said meeting, to inspect and examine the person of a trainer, jockey, apprentice, stable foreman, exercise boy, authorized agent, veterinarian or of any other person who has been granted a license by the Commission; and each licensee in accepting his license does thereby consent thereto.

4.6. Every person participating in and every patron of a

licensed race meeting shall abide by said laws and rules, and accept the stewards' decisions on any and all questions, subject to the right of appeal to the Racing Commission.

4.7. No person shall in any manner, or at any time, disturb the peace or make himself obnoxious on the grounds of an association.

4.8. Any person ejected from the grounds of an association shall be denied admission to said grounds until permission for his reentering has been obtained from the association and the Racing Commission; Provided, however, That all licensed personnel ejected shall have the right of appeal to the Racing Commission.

4.9. The state steward shall sound the bell closing the pari-mutuel machines when the starter dispatches the field.

4.10. The holder of a claim whether it be a mortgage, bill of sale or lien of any kind against a horse, shall be required to file the same with the Horsemen Bookkeeper previous to the time the horse starts. Failure to do so shall forfeit his rights in the winnings of the horse previous to the time his claim is properly filed.

4.11. No person who is the holder of a racing permit or a director, officer or any employee of a corporation, association, trust or partnership having or holding such permit for a commercial horse race meeting, or has any substantial financial interest in such corporation, association, trust or partnership shall race or permit or cause to be raced any horse in which he has an interest, either direct or indirect, at any meeting where racing is conducted under such permit. A substantial interest is hereby defined as being ownership or interest, direct or indirect, of twenty percent (20%) or more in the corporation, association, trust or partnership.

178-1-5. Financial responsibilities.

5.1. Any official, owner, trainer or any person licensed by the West Virginia Racing Commission who shall obtain food, feed, shelter, drugs, transportation, services for horses, veterinary services or supplies for himself or others, whether they be licensed or not, and fails to pay the person or persons from whom said services or supplies are obtained shall be guilty of conduct detrimental to the best interests of racing and may be suspended at the discretion of the stewards or the Commission; however, neither the association nor the West Virginia Racing Commission shall be obliged to collect debts from horsemen or other personnel licensed by the Commission.

5.2. Checks. No licensee shall write, issue, make or present any check in payment for any licensee fee, fine, nomination or entry fee or other fees, or for any service or supplies when such licensee knows or should reasonable know that the said check will be refused for payment by the bank upon which it is written, or that the account upon which the check is written does not contain sufficient funds for payment of the said check, or that the check is written on a closed account or a non-

existent account. The fact that such a check is returned to the payee by the bank as refused is a ground for suspension pending satisfactory redemption of the returned check.

178-1-6. Minors.

6.1. The term minor shall be determined by and be in accordance with the Laws of the State of West Virginia.

6.2. No minor shall be sold a pari-mutuel ticket by any racing association nor shall he be employed in any manner about said track, excepting he be a jockey, jockey apprentice, exercise boy, groom errand boy or employed in such other capacity as the Commission may approve.

6.3. No stable may have in its employment, in any capacity, any employee under sixteen (16) years of age.

6.4. It shall be the responsibility of the racing association conducting a racing meet under a license issued by the West Virginia Racing Commission to assure that all children under the age of sixteen (16) years are properly supervised by an adult when admitted to the racing enclosure. In the event children under the age of sixteen (16) are permitted to be and remain unsupervised in the racing enclosure, the licensed racing association shall be fined two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) per occurrence. No minor under the age of eight (8) years may be permitted in a restricted area prior to twelve noon on any race day, except in case of an emergency. Any minor eight (8) years of age or older may be admitted to a restricted area with the permission of the stewards. Failure of any licensee or permit holder to properly supervise any minor admitted with the licensee or permit holder to a restricted area shall be fined not less than two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) and/or suspended.

178-1-7. Telephone, telegraph, radio and television.

7.1. No telephone, telegraph, teletype, semaphore, signal device, radio, television or other method of electrical, mechanical, manual or visual communication, shall be installed within the enclosure of an association, until same has been approved by the Racing Commission.

7.2. Associations may allow telephone or telegraph wires on their respective grounds during their race meeting for the benefit of the public press or transacting ordinary business, but no information regarding the results of any race shall be transmitted out of a race track unless prior approval has been granted by the Racing Commission until the results are official, nor shall any message be sent over said wires transmitting money, or other things of value or directing the placing of any wager on the result of a race; nor shall any message be sent in cipher or code, nor unless the same is in plain and intelligible English, under penalty of forfeiture of license.

7.3. An approved type telephone or intercommunication system shall be provided by the association to maintain contact

between the stewards and other designated stations.

7.4. All instruments of communication other than those designed for the sole use of the Commission or those approved by the Commission for use during racing hours must be disconnected and not reconnected for use between the hours starting thirty (30) minutes before post time for the first race and the flashing of the "Official" sign following the last race.

7.5. No telephone calls, telegrams or messages of any kind for any person or persons attending or participating in the conduct of a race meeting shall be accepted nor shall any notice be given pertaining to such message or telephone call during the hours indicated in the preceding rule unless permission is first given by the stewards or an officer or the general manager of the racing association.

7.6. Each association shall furnish to the Commission a list showing the location of all radio and television equipment located within its plant, together with all telephone, teletype and telegraph wires to and within the grounds upon which its race track is located.

178-1-8. Associations.

8.1. Application for license, filing - Application to the Commission for license to conduct a race meeting must be filed yearly with the Commission, signed by an executive officer of the association, at the time and place designated by the Commission. Said application shall be on the forms prescribed by the Commission.

8.2. Duty of licensed association. -- Each association shall observe and enforce the Rules of Racing and all regulations and orders of the Commission. The license is granted on the condition that the association, its officials, its employees and its concessionaires shall respect any and all decisions and orders of the Commission.

8.3. Jurisdiction of the Commission. -- The jurisdiction of the Commission over matters related to subjects covered by law or the Rules and/or Regulations of the Commission is continuous throughout the year.

8.4. Each licensee shall file an annual balance sheet and profit and loss statement on or before the 15th of April of each year unless otherwise authorized by the Commission covering all income and disbursements relating directly and indirectly to horse racing activities in the state, including, but not limited to, the following: Concessions, programs, parking, pari-mutuel wagering, breakage, etc.

8.5. All associations granted a license from this Commission shall, at least thirty (30) days before each meeting, submit the names of the officers and a complete list of administrative personnel, showing addresses, duties and compensations; and at least two (2) weeks after the start of each meeting, submit a complete list of all other employees, with addresses, duties and compensations. All additions or changes in

the above personnel must be promptly reported to the Commission for its approval. An association failing to furnish such required information may be fined two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) for each day in violation.

8.6. The secretary of the corporation conducting racing in West Virginia shall provide to the Commission a list of all stockholders of the corporation within one (1) week after they have closed stock transfer books, prior to the annual meeting.

8.7. Each association conducting races on any tracks shall, before distribution, submit to the Commission the conditions for all races it proposes to hold, together with the stake, purse or reward, all of which shall be subject to the approval of the Commission. All proposed purses shall be exclusive of any entrance or starting fees that may be charged.

8.8. The minimum number of races per day at all race tracks under supervision of the West Virginia Racing Commission shall be eight (8), and the maximum number of races per day shall be ten (10), unless otherwise authorized by the Commission.

8.9. Racing associations shall furnish and maintain at least one (1) human ambulance and at least one (1) horse ambulance each day that their tracks may be open for racing or exercising horses, equipped, ready for immediate duty, and to be placed at an entrance to the racing strip, so that no time may be lost in answering calls.

8.10. Each racing association shall police its grounds at all times in such a manner as to preclude the admission of any person in and around the stables, excepting those being duly licensed by the Commission.

8.11. Each racing association shall equip and maintain at its track at least one (1) temporary hospital provided with adequate beds and equipped with such first aid appliances and material as shall be approved by the Commission; and each association shall meet minimum staffing requirements of emergency service personnel during all exercising and racing hours, employing an emergency medical technician and an individual trained in cardiopulmonary resuscitation. Additionally, each association shall employ a paramedic and a registered nurse during all racing hours.

8.12. Each racing association shall provide and maintain one (1) unit of adequate starting gates on every race day of its meeting, and every day during the racing season on which it permits the exercising of horses on its racing strip; and an additional reserve unit of such starting gates shall be provided and maintained on every race day. Each association shall use every reasonable endeavor to have in attendance, whenever said gates are in use, one or more men skilled and qualified to keep said gates in good working order, and shall also provide for such periodical inspections thereof as may be required by the Commission.

8.13. Each racing association shall exclude from the paddock, in the interest of public safety, all persons who have no immediate business with the horses entered:

8.14. Each racing association with mutuel privileges shall, at least thirty (30) days prior to the opening date of each meeting, submit to the Commission the proposed total purse distribution, exclusive of stake races, and the stake, purse or reward for all races it proposes to hold during the next ensuing meeting, all of which shall be subject to the approval of the Commission. The minimum purse for all races shall be one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500).

8.15. Each racing association shall pay the state patrol judge approved by the Commission and assigned to duty on the grounds of said association, such rate of compensation as prescribed by the Commission.

8.16. No racing association conducting a race meeting under a license issued by the Commission shall permit bets to be made on the grounds of said association on any race run outside of said grounds, and no foreign book or gambling device of any kind shall be permitted on said grounds, nor shall the association provide or permit to be provided any conveniences or facilities for the use of bookmakers, betting commissioners, their agents or their employees. No facilities will be provided or permitted for the handling of "Come-back" money at the track. The maintenance of credit accounts, the payment of commissions in any form, the providing of telephone or other communication services and any other form of aid to bookmakers, betting commissioners, their agents or their employees is prohibited and any licensee violating the provisions of this section shall have its license revoked or such other penalty imposed as the Commission, in its discretion, may determine. This rule is not intended to include wire service privileges or any other form of communication service privileges to legitimate and approved news outlets which do not service bookmakers, betting commissioners, or their agents or employees, but approval of the Commission for such other form of communication service privileges must be obtained before the beginning of the race meeting for which the license is granted.

8.17. No racing association shall permit the making of handbooks on its grounds, and if such practices are found to exist, such association shall take immediate steps to eliminate the same under penalty of having its license revoked, in the discretion of the Commission, and any owner, trainer, jockey, groom or other person interested in any horse or horses at said meeting, who shall bet with or through any such handbook shall be ejected from the grounds, and refused admission to the grounds of all other licensed associations in West Virginia, and in the case of the owner of any horse, the entries of said owner shall be refused for all West Virginia tracks.

8.18. Stands for judges, timers and stewards shall be maintained in positions commanding an uninterrupted view of the entire racing strip and shall be appropriately maintained and furnished, all of which shall be subject to approval by the Commission.

8.19. Distance poles of all racing associations shall be of standard color designations which are, namely:

1/4 POLES - Red and White
1/8 POLES - Green and White
1/16 POLES - Black and White

8.20. The association shall maintain a sufficient number of police officers to maintain order on all parts of the racing enclosure; and no tipsters shall be allowed in any part of the betting ring or anywhere else upon the grounds or buildings of said association; and no stable boy, exercise boy, groom, jockey, or stable attendant shall loiter in the betting ring, or any place else, with the evident intention of engaging in tipping for any remuneration or for nothing, and anyone so found shall be immediately escorted to the General Manager of the Association, and his badge shall be taken up and a written report thereof immediately made to his employer and to the Commission. No employer shall harbor or continue to employ any such person so reported.

8.21. Post time for the first race at each meeting under the supervision of the West Virginia Racing Commission, shall first be approved by the Commission, and each race thereafter shall be run at intervals to be approved by the Commission, unless an emergency arises, and in that event the final decision shall be in the hands of the steward representing the Commission.

8.22. All forms of wagering such as daily doubles, perfectas, exactas and similar pool systems may only be used with the permission of the Commission.

8.23. Each association shall provide within its grounds an office and suitable parking space for the use, and to be at the disposal, of the West Virginia Racing Commission and all its representatives. The office shall offer sufficient space for private consultation, shall be equipped with a telephone and it must also have sufficient space for the harboring of Commission records and supplies under lock, and the key shall be available only to the secretary of the Commission or the steward representing said Commission. The Commission employees shall have free access to all parts of the grounds while on duty. The association shall likewise provide sufficient office space for the state license clerk and state security officer as requested by the Commission.

8.24. Each barn shall be numbered and each and every stall therein shall be numbered and a record of each designation filed with the racing secretary.

8.25. Any racing association contemplating a change of any kind pertaining to the racing strip, or the erection of new buildings, stands or other structures, or the remodeling of any of these, which are to be used as a part of the facilities for conducting a race meeting, on the grounds of the association, shall notify the Racing Commission.

8.26. Each racing association's liability insurance coverage shall have an endorsement naming by position the following: Three (3) stewards, racing secretary, the patrol

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8.26. Each racing association's liability insurance coverage shall have an endorsement naming by position the following: Three (3) stewards, racing secretary, the patrol

judges, the clerk of scales, the placing judges, the identifiers, starter and state veterinarians, as additional named insured; and to include personal liability coverage at the limits of the association policy, but no to be less than five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) limit per named official.

178-1-9. Officials.

9.1. Officials of a race meeting, unless otherwise approved by the Commission, are as follows: Three (3) stewards; three (3) placing judges; one or more patrol judges; clerk of the scales; starter; handicapper; timer; paddock judge; veterinarian; state security officer; racing secretary; horse identifier and jockey room custodian.

9.2. No person shall be approved by the Commission as a steward, placing judge, patrol judge, performance observer or such other official as the association may designate, from time to time, unless within one (1) year prior thereto he has taken and satisfactorily passed an optical examination.

9.3. Unless prior approval is obtained from the Commission, no person shall be approved as an official of any race track who is an officer of that race track or who has any financial interest in that track, or who has any financial interest in any jockey or horses running on the track, excepting such interest in a horse as he may have as a breeder.

9.4. No official, photo finish photographer, assistant starter or paddock staff, shall directly or indirectly wager money or any other thing of value on the result of a race.

9.5. Drinking of intoxicating liquor, or use of drugs, by any racing official or track employee, or licensee, or being under the influence of alcohol or drugs while on duty, is prohibited. Any person violating this rule may be relieved of his duties by the stewards or a representative of the racing association.

9.6. Where a vacancy occurs among the racing officials other than the stewards, and the association has not notified the stewards of the vacancy prior to the post time of the first race of the day, or should a vacancy occur during the running of the races, the stewards shall fill the vacancy immediately.

9.7. All other officials herein designated shall be appointed by the Association holding the meeting, with the exception of one (1) patrol judge, a state security officer, auditor of pari-mutuels, a license clerk and a state veterinarian, who shall be appointed by the Commission. The stewards shall be appointed in accordance with Section 10.1 herein. All the appointments, however, are subject to the approval of the West Virginia Racing Commission, which reserves the right to demand a change of personnel for what the Commission, in its sole discretion, deems good and sufficient reason, the successor to the official so replaced to be subject to the approval of the Commission.

178-1-10. Stewards.

10.1. There shall be three (3) stewards for each race meeting. One (1) of the stewards for each race meeting shall be named by the Commission. The association holding the meeting shall name the second steward; and the two (2) stewards so selected shall name the third. In the event of a disagreement between the two (2) stewards in naming the third steward, it shall then become the duty of the West Virginia Racing Commission to make the third appointment. In the event a steward is temporarily incapacitated or for some sufficient reason cannot serve, the Commission or state steward shall deputize someone to serve for him in his absence; Provided, however, That should the Association steward be temporarily incapacitated or for some sufficient reason be unable to serve, the Racing Association shall deputize someone to serve for him in his absence.

10.2. The stewards are strictly responsible to the Commission for the conduct of all recognized meetings in every detail, directly or indirectly, pertaining to the laws and rules of the Commission relating to racing.

10.3. The stewards have general supervision and authority over all licensees and other persons attendant on horses and also over the enclosurers of any recognized meeting.

10.4. All entries and declarations are under the supervision of the stewards, and they may, with notice, refuse the entries of any person or the transfer of any entries, and they may also, in their discretion, limit the entries by providing that no horse shall be entered for two (2) races in one (1) day.

10.5. In their discretion, where fraud is suspected, the stewards shall have the right to put upon a horse a rider selected by them.

10.6. No person may refuse to testify before the stewards at any formal hearing on any relevant matter within the authority of the stewards, except in the proper exercise of a legal privilege or unless representation is requested by an attorney or their association.

10.7. A majority vote shall decide any question to which the authority of the stewards extends.

10.8. The stewards may suspend up to and including an indefinite period or they may fine not to exceed five hundred dollars (\$500). or both, anyone whom they have authority to supervise. All such suspensions and fines must be reported to the Commission. The stewards' jurisdiction to act in any matter occurring during the race meeting extends after the conclusion of the meeting.

10.9 On each racing day and those days when there is no racing but where entries are being taken for the next succeeding day of racing, one or more stewards shall be on duty from the time the racing secretary's office opens until the entries are

closed.

10.10. All horses shall be inspected by the paddock judge and veterinarian before the horses leave the paddock. All horses are subject to the approval of the steward and the veterinarian as to their fitness to start.

10.11. The manner of selecting positions of horses at the post shall be determined by lot by the racing secretary or his designee, in public, at the close of the entries. The horses so drawn shall be entitled to position at the post corresponding to the number drawn.

10.12. Any complaint against a racing official or officials shall be made to the stewards in writing, signed by the complainant. All such complaints shall be reported to management and the Commission, together with the stewards' action.

10.13. The stewards may order an examination at any time of any horse entered for a race or which has run in a race.

10.14. When, in the opinion of the stewards after conferring with management, representatives of the horsemen, jockeys and the track superintendent, the stewards determine that the races cannot be run, they shall cancel said races.

10.15. The stewards shall determine the extent of disqualification in cases of fouls. They may place the offending horse behind such horses as, in their judgment, it interfered with or they may place it last.

10.16. The coupling, in a stake race only, of separately owned or trained horses for purposes of pari-mutuel wagering is in the discretion of the stewards, except that horses belonging wholly or, in the judgment of the stewards, in substantial part to the same owners, must be coupled as an entry in the wagering. No trainer of any horse shall have any ownership interest in any other horse in the same race unless such horses are coupled as an entry. In the event of disqualification of any part of an entry, it shall be in the discretion of the stewards whether such disqualification shall extend to all or any part of the entry.

10.17. Rulings of the stewards or the Commission regarding the order of finish or award of purse money made after the result has been declared official, shall in no way affect the pari-mutuel payoff.

10.18. The stewards shall take notice of corrupt riding and other questionable transactions on the racing strip. Complaint thereof can be made by an owner, trainer or jockey participating in the race, or any official representing the association or the Racing Commission, but in the failure of the complainant to substantiate the charge, he may be fined or suspended.

10.19. The stewards shall have the power to call on any person in whose name a horse is entered to produce proof that the horse entered is not the property, either wholly or in part, of any person who is disqualified, or to produce proof of the extent of his interest or property in the horse, and in default of such proof being given to their satisfaction, may declare the horse out of the race.

10.20. The stewards or management shall have power to

suspend or exclude from the stands and grounds improper and objectionable characters and, in case of such notices being disregarded, to enforce them by proper orders.

10.21. The stewards may demand for inspection any license or papers and documents with respect to a contract between a jockey and his employer or employers; all documents of a partnership agreement; or the credentials of an authorized agent.

178-1-11. Racing Secretary.

11.1. The racing secretary or his assistant, shall discharge all the duties of his office, expressed or implied, required by the Rules of Racing, and he shall report to the stewards all violations of the Rules and of the Regulations of the meeting.

11.2. The racing secretary shall maintain a complete record of all races.

11.3. The racing secretary shall receive all entries and declarations, and he, or any other person designated by the association shall receive all stakes, entrance moneys and fees incident to the meeting. He shall, within fourteen (14) days after the conclusion of the meeting, disburse all receipts of money to such person(s) as may be entitled to receive same. Owners having unpaid jockey or other fees at the close of a race meeting, shall be billed by the Racing Association within twenty (20) days of the close of their race meet, with a duplicate copy of bill to the trainer. Accounts to be paid within thirty (30) days from billing date. At the expiration of the thirty (30) day period, it shall be the duty of said association to notify the Racing Commission or the stewards, in writing, of all delinquent accounts, at which time all owners with outstanding accounts will be suspended until such fees are paid.

11.4. The racing secretary shall compile an official program for each racing day which shall contain the names of the horses which are to run in each race together with their respective post positions, age, color, sex, breeding, jockey, owners or stable name, racing colors, weight carried, conditions of the race, the order in which each race shall be run, the distance to be run and the claiming price if applicable.

11.5. The racing secretary shall publish on the program such information and notices to the public as the Commission may direct.

11.6. The racing secretary is responsible for any error in the program excluding printing errors corrected on the proof of same but not corrected by the printer.

11.7. The advertising in the program shall not pertain to wagering facilities outside the enclosure nor selections or recommendations by tipsters and/or those sponsoring offtrack daily selection cards.

11.8. The racing secretary shall be responsible for the safe keeping of registration certificates and the safe return of same to owners at conclusion of a meeting.

11.9. The horseman's bookkeeper shall keep the riding accounts of the jockeys, shall receive the fees therefor (unless ordered to the contrary) and shall promptly disburse the received fees to their proper claimants.

178-1-12. Placing Judges.

12.1. The judges must occupy the judges' stand at the time the horses pass the winning post and place the horses. If in doubt of the proper placement, they may delay posting the result until having utilized the aid of a photograph to determine the position of the horse (or horses) that has occasioned the uncertainty. Decisions shall be final, unless, objection to the winner or any horse officially placed is made and sustained. This rule shall not prevent the judges from correcting any mistake, such correction being subject to confirmation by the stewards before the "Official" is posted.

12.2. The judges shall determine the order of finishing of as many horses as they may think proper but never less than five (5), if five (5) or more are racing. When the judges differ, the majority shall govern. The finish of each race shall be filed with the secretary of the association or his deputy and with the West Virginia Racing Commission.

12.3. A camera selected by the Association conducting the meeting, approved by the Commission, shall be used to make a photograph or photographs of the horses at the finish to assist the placing judges in determining their positions as exclusively indicated by their noses.

178-1-13. Patrol Judges.

13.1. No track shall have less than one (1) patrol judge on duty during the running of any race. The patrol judges shall have their station at a place where they may have a commanding view of a race and report their observation to the stewards.

13.2. The Commission shall appoint an official designated as a "patrol judge," whose station on the track shall be designated by the steward representing the Commission and shall be subject to the orders of the state stewards.

178-1-14. Paddock Judge.

14.1. The paddock judge shall have general jurisdiction over the saddling equipment and changes thereof. The identification of horses shall be made by the horse identifier who shall report any irregularities to the paddock judge and stewards.

14.2. The paddock judge shall supervise the assembling of the starters in the paddock prior to saddling time, the saddling of the horses and shall supervise their departure for the post.

14.3. The paddock judge shall maintain a record of all equipment of a horse saddled for a race and he shall report to

the stewards any change therefrom. No change of equipment shall be made without the consent of the stewards.

178-1-15. Timer.

15.1. The timer shall occupy the timer's stand or other appropriate place, during the running of a race and he shall record for posting the time of each race.

178-1-16. Starter.

16.1. Horses are in the hands of the starter from the time they begin to line up for the start, and until the flag drops, indicating the start, and, during that time, they are entitled to no further care from their attendants, except that if an accident happens to a jockey or his equipment, the Starter may permit the jockeys to dismount and the horses to be cared for during the delay; otherwise, no jockey shall dismount.

16.2. All orders necessary in securing a fair start shall be given by the starter.

16.3. Causes of delays, if any should occur, shall be reported by him to the stewards.

16.4. Horses shall take their position at the post in order in which their names have been drawn, beginning from the inside rail, but vicious and unruly horses may be loaded at the discretion of the starter.

16.5. If the number of horses starting in a race does not exceed the capacity of the track, but does exceed the number of stalls in the gate, the surplus may be started from an auxiliary gate.

16.6. Except in cases of emergency (recognized as such by the stewards) no starting device other than the usual stall gate shall be used in starting a race on the flat. Any substitute must have the approval of the Commission.

16.7. Horses shall be schooled in the starting gate under the direct personal supervision of the starter or an assistant. The starter shall designate the horses that are to constitute the schooling list. Copies of this list shall be given to the stewards and racing secretary, the starter reporting to them the horses that are schooled sufficiently to be permitted to run.

16.8. The starter may recommend to the stewards that a jockey be fined or suspended for disobedience of orders or for attempting any unfair advantage.

16.9. No person shall give to any starter or assistant starter, nor shall any starter or assistant starter receive money, anything of value, or other compensation for such starter's or assistant starter's services in connection with the running of any race or races. No starter, nor assistant starter, shall either directly or indirectly bet on any race or engage in any betting transaction or have any interest in any horse. This rule has no application to salaries received from the Association.

16.10. If, for any reason, the doors in front of any stalls

in a mechanically or electrically operated gate fail to open, thereby preventing a horse from starting when the starter dispatches the field, the entire amount wagered on such horse shall be refunded; Provided, That such horse is not part of an "entry" or part of a "field".

16.11. The starter shall daily change the position on the track of each of his assistant starters. The starter shall not notify the assistant starters of their positions until after the horses shall have left the paddock for the first race.

16.12. Any owner or trainer who desires his or her horse not to be "tailed" or "tonged" at the starting gate by the assistant starters shall make written request to this effect to the starter and said horse will not be "tailed" or "tonged."

16.13. Should a horse or horses break through the gate, or unseat his rider after part or all of the field is loaded in the gate for the start, and such horse is not immediately taken in hand by the outrider and brought back for reloading, the starter shall unload the horses in the gate and reload in their proper order when the runaway horse is brought back in position for loading.

178-1-17. Clerk of Scales.

17.1. Any change of jockeys or of an extra or special weight declared for any horse or any alteration of colors, shall be exhibited by the clerk of the scales upon the notice board and shall forthwith be announced over the public address system.

17.2. At the close of each day's racing, the clerk of the scales shall give the horseman's bookkeeper a statement of the weight carried in every race and the names of the jockeys, specifying overweight, if any.

17.3. Any overweight in excess of one (1) pound shall be declared by the jockey to the clerk of the scales at least one (1) hour before the time appointed for the race and the clerk shall have the overweight posted immediately on the notice board and shall cause the same to be forthwith announced over the public address system. Failure on the part of any jockey to comply with this rule shall be reported to the stewards.

17.4. Five (5) pounds is the limit of the overweight any horse is allowed to carry.

178-1-18. Handicapper.

18.1. The handicapper, who may be the racing secretary, shall assign the weights to be carried by each horse in a handicap.

18.2. The handicapper shall append to the weights for every handicap the day and hour from which winners will be liable to weight penalty.

18.3. If there are no penalties, that fact shall be appended to the weights. No alteration of weights shall be made after publication.

18.4. In case of omission, through error, of the name or weight of a horse duly entered, the omission shall be rectified by the handicapper.

178-1-19. Identifier.

19.1. It shall be the duty of the official identifier to check all contestants for each and every race and to have all horses properly identified, keeping a record of all identifying marks on solid colored horses and horses starting for the first time according to the published record of the "chart books" of the Daily Racing Form. This record to be retained by the West Virginia Racing Commission.

19.2. No horse shall be permitted to start that has not been fully identified by the official identifier. Responsibility for such identification rests with the trainer.

19.3. Any person attempting to establish the identity of a horse or his ownership shall be held to account, the same as the owner, and shall be subject to the same penalty in the case of fraud or attempted fraud.

178-1-20. State Veterinarians.

20.1. The Racing Commission shall employ a graduate veterinarian licensed by the West Virginia Board of Veterinary Medicine, who shall be known as the state veterinarian. The veterinarian employed by the Racing Commission shall not be permitted during the term of his employment to treat or prescribe for any horse on the grounds or registered to race at any race track for compensation or otherwise except in case of emergency, in which case a full and complete report shall be made to the stewards. No owner or trainer shall employ or pay compensation to any such veterinarian either directly or indirectly during the period for which he is so employed by the Commission. For violation of this rule the veterinarian, or owner or trainer may be fined, suspended or ruled off after a hearing before the Commission.

20.2. The state veterinarian shall, in general, familiarize himself with the racing condition of all entrants and if, in his opinion, any entrant is not in condition to race, he shall notify the stewards.

20.3. The state veterinarian shall be present in the paddock, at the race course and the starting gate during the saddling, the parade and until the horses are dispatched from the gate, and he shall report any horse which is, in his opinion, incapable of physically exerting its best effort to win to the stewards who may declare such horse from the race. The state veterinarian shall examine any horse which appears to be in physical distress during the race and at the finish of the race

and he shall report such horse, together with his opinion as to the cause of the distress, to the stewards. The state veterinarian shall place those horses who are physically disabled on the veterinarian's list, and he may remove from the list those horses which in his opinion can satisfactorily compete in a race. The state veterinarian is authorized to humanely destroy any horse which in his opinion is so seriously injured that it is in the best interest of racing and humane consideration to so act, and every horse owner and trainer participating in a race in this State does consent hereto.

20.4. Should an owner or trainer object to a horse in his care undergoing an examination, the fact shall be reported to the stewards; and that horse may be eliminated from the race.

20.5. The state veterinarian shall approve employment of all personnel used in the test barn area and shall be responsible to the Commission for the proper operation of the test barn area, and the taking of the saliva, urine and blood samples.

20.6. In the event there is a desire to scratch a programmed horse, the state veterinarian or his designee shall inspect the horse and report his findings to the stewards.

178-1-21. Bleeders.

21.1. A list of all horses that have bled within the last two (2) years shall be maintained in the racing secretary's office by the state veterinarian.

21.2. A first time bleeder shall be placed on the veterinarians' list and remain on same for a minimum of fourteen (14) calendar days. A second time bleeder shall be placed on the veterinarians' list and remain on same for a minimum of thirty (30) calendar days. A bleeder in the above categories is automatically released from this list after these dates. A horse that bleeds three (3) times within a twelve (12) month period shall be barred from further racing in West Virginia for a period of one (1) year.

178-1-22. Practicing veterinarian.

22.1. All veterinary practice must conform to the laws of West Virginia relating to agriculture and veterinarians as outlined in the Code of West Virginia. Every veterinarian who examines or treats a horse within a racing enclosure which is eligible to race, at a licensed meeting then in progress, must be licensed by the West Virginia Racing Commission. Any duly licensed veterinarian shall list his name in the office of the racing secretary. The association shall remove all unlicensed veterinarians. All licensed veterinarians must maintain a written record of his treatment, including the name of any and all drugs and medicines administered or prescribed for the future or continued use by the owner, trainer or any other person having the care of such horse, which record shall be made available upon request of the stewards or the Commission. The penalty for

falsification of any such report or written record, or the failure to make such record, shall be the permanent barring from the racing enclosures under the jurisdiction of the Commission.

22.2. Veterinarians practicing veterinary medicine on a race track shall use one (1) time disposable type needles and shall keep them in his possession until disposed of by him off the track. No one other than a licensed veterinarian may have a needle or syringe or other veterinary instrument of any kind, type or description nor any injectable which might be administered by such needle or syringe on his person or in custody, control or possession of any of his employees.

22.3. Any illness or unusual symptoms of illness shown by a horse shall be immediately reported by the trainer or attending veterinarian to the stewards, the Racing Commission and state veterinarian.

22.4. In case of any illness or unusual symptoms of illness which might be or are deemed contagious in fact or possibility, the stewards are empowered to employ, at the expense of the association, a board of three (3) veterinarians, licensed by the State of West Virginia, for the purpose of diagnosis, observation and/or treatment. The decision of such Board with reference to the necessity of isolating any horse shall be binding upon the trainer and owner thereof.

(a) The reasonable cost and expense of isolation, including keep and medical care, shall be borne by the owner or trainer of the horse during the period of isolation.

(b) In the event of the positive diagnosis of any infectious disease, the horse so diagnosed shall remain isolated and quarantined for such period as the Board may determine.

(c) No horse shall be removed from quarantine without permission of the stewards.

22.5. No horse shall be destroyed on the grounds of an association until it has been observed by the state veterinarian, except in the case of an emergency, at which time the attending veterinarian may destroy the horse but subsequently notify the state veterinarian.

178-1-23. Test barn.

23.1. An area within a suitable building must be set aside, and be under the supervision of the state veterinarian for the purpose of collecting specimens for any test required by the Commission. Said building, its location, arrangement, furnishings and facilities, including refrigeration and hot and cold running water, must be approved by the Commission.

(a) The test barn shall be kept locked at all times when not in use. The only persons authorized to have keys shall be the (1) track manager, (2) state veterinarian and (3) track superintendent.

(b) During the operation of the barn, a guard shall be maintained at the gate. He shall be provided a log for all persons, including the person or persons accompanying the horse.

to sign in and sign out. A trainer may enter the test barn to inspect his horse: Provided, That he signs in and signs out in the aforementioned log book.

(c) Not more than two (2) persons shall accompany the horse into the test barn. The horse shall be washed and walked for a minimum of ten (10) minutes prior to attempting to collect the sample. No horse or his groom shall be permitted to leave the barn until a sample has been obtained or excused by state veterinarian.

(d) All men collecting urine samples shall remain in the test barn after the arrival of the first horse until they have completed their duties for the night.

(e) Once any individual has departed the test barn, he shall not be permitted to reenter. This does not apply to the trainer of a horse in the test barn, state veterinarian, track veterinarian, and other state personnel; it does apply, however, to all other personnel. However an individual who is attending a different horse may reenter.

(f) All equipment used in washing and cooling horses shall be provided by track management.

(g) All samples shall be frozen and forwarded to the approved laboratory.

(h) The state veterinarian may authorize the horse to return to his barn under security for the purpose of collecting a sample.

23.2. A security man shall accompany the horse or horses from the winner's circle to the test barn after each race.

23.3. The winner of every race and such other horses as the stewards may designate shall be taken immediately after the race to the testing enclosure for examination by the supervisor of drug tests and the taking of such specimens of body fluids and eliminations as shall be directed.

23.4. The stewards of the meeting may require at any time that any horse be sent to the testing barn for the taking of such specimens of saliva and/or urine and/or blood as shall be directed, as well as for an examination for "sponging" and such other examination as shall be directed.

23.5. The state steward or state veterinarian may also require the taking of any or all of the foregoing specimens from any horse stabled at a track during a meeting.

23.6. The owner, the trainer or other authorized representative must be present when a saliva, urine or other specimen is taken from his horse, and must remain until the specimen is sealed and the official form signed by the owner, or trainer, or their representative, as witness to the taking of the specimen. Willful failure to be present at or a refusal to allow the taking of any specimen, or any act or threat to impede or prevent or otherwise interfere therewith, shall subject the person or persons guilty thereof to immediate suspension.

23.7. The state veterinarian, with the approval of the Racing Commission, may impose such additional local rules for operation of test barn area as are deemed necessary.

178-1-24. Chemist.

24.1. The official chemists selected by the West Virginia Racing Commission shall be members in good standing of the Association of Official Racing Chemists and shall make all reports directly to the secretary of the West Virginia Racing Commission.

24.2. All specimens taken by or under direction of the state veterinarian or other authorized representative of the Racing Commission shall be delivered to the laboratory of the official chemist for analysis. Each specimen shall be marked and bear such information as may be essential to its proper analysis; but the identity of the horse from which the specimen was taken or the identity of its owner, trainer, jockey or stable shall not be revealed to the official chemist or his staff. The container of each specimen shall be sealed as soon as the specimen is placed therein.

24.3. The state veterinarian, the stewards or the authorized representatives of the Commission may take samples of any medicines or other materials suspected of containing improper medication or drugs which could affect the racing condition of a horse in a race, which may be found in stables or elsewhere on race tracks or in the possession of such tracks or any person connected with racing, and the same shall be delivered to the official chemist for analysis under the same conditions as in the article prescribed for analysis of saliva and urine. Same may be retained by the West Virginia Racing Commission.

24.4. No action shall be taken by the stewards on the report of the official chemist unless and until the medication or drug has been properly identified as well as the horse from which the specimen was taken nor until such time as an official report signed by the chemist has been received by the state steward.

178-1-25. Camera and film patrol.

25.1. All race tracks in West Virginia, operating under the jurisdiction of this Commission, must install and use an approved type "film patrol" with not less than three (3) cameras operating from positions designated by the Commission.

25.2. Each racing association shall furnish and maintain at its track at all times during the racing licensed for that track, the necessary cameras and equipment to produce motion pictures or video tape of each race from start to finish thereof. All camera and equipment necessary in their operation shall be approved by the Commission. The film of all such pictures shall be retained by the Racing Associations for a period of not less than three (3) months and shall be available at all times during that period to the Commission.

25.3. On all tracks a proper camera shall be installed as an aid to the placing judges. However, in all cases, the camera is merely an aid and the decision of the judges shall be final.

The type of equipment used and the operator thereof shall be approved by the Commission.

25.4. No photographer, other than the official licensed photographer, shall be permitted on the track unless special permission is granted by the stewards or the Commission, and then only for such pictures as are specifically mentioned and in such places as are indicated by the stewards or the Commission.

25.5. On all tracks the operator of the camera taking pictures approaching the finish line, and in the winner's circle after said race, shall be approved by the Commission. In all cases where a still picture is taken, the operator must direct his camera at a point away from the finish line unless special permission is granted by the stewards or the Commission.

25.6. All associations shall keep on file for the duration of the meeting and one (1) month thereafter, each plate or film or finished picture of each race for reference or reproduction upon request of the West Virginia Racing Commission.

178-1-26. Policing.

26.1. Each association shall maintain and furnish police and watchman service as may be needed or requested by the Commission. Such police must be fully empowered to enforce law and order and cooperate in the enforcement of the rules.

26.2. Each association shall police its grounds at all times in such a manner as to preclude the admission of any person in and around the stables excepting those having bona fide business or duly licensed by the Commission, such as jockeys, trainers, stable attendants, owners or employees of said association.

26.3. A written report shall be made to the West Virginia Racing Commission daily by the head of the Police Department at each race track, stating in detail all arrests or persons booked in their office. This report shall further include all persons picked up for drunkenness, touting, disorderly conduct, fraudulent use of badges, or other misdemeanors, giving in detail the charges, together with the names and addresses of such offenders.

26.4. The Commission after prior consultation with the racing association, may designate not more than three (3) persons as special investigators, whose duties and responsibilities shall be fixed by the Commission; compensation of such persons shall be paid by the associations. Provided, however, That such compensation shall not exceed that which is comparable for like or similar services in the area of the association. These personnel shall not be considered as employees of the associations.

178-1-27. Sanitation.

27.1. Each racing association shall make such sanitary arrangements as baths, toilets, etc. for the use of jockeys,

mutuel employees, horsemen and other employees, as may be required by the Commission.

27.2. All used bedding and manure shall be removed from the stalls daily and shall be deposited at a place designated by the association. The association shall daily remove all bedding and manure deposited as aforesaid from the stable area.

27.3. Each trainer shall keep all hay, grain and other feed in a sanitary manner, and covered.

178-1-28. Colors and equipment.

28.1. All racing colors carried in races shall be registered annually with the Racing Commission.

(a) No person shall start a horse in racing colors other than those registered in his own or assumed name, but a temporary change from the recorded racing colors may be approved by the stewards.

(b) Any dispute between claimants to the right of the particular racing colors shall be decided by the stewards.

(c) The Racing Commission will not permit the use of colors which in its opinion are not neat and clean and proper in other respects.

28.2. The racing association, at its discretion, may declare certain colors or parts of same to be standard for specific post position and in such situations the association shall supply same.

28.3. Permission for any change of equipment from that which a horse carried in his last previous race, during the current meeting, may be obtained only from the stewards or their designee.

28.4. Permission to add blinkers to a horse's equipment or to discontinue the use of them must be approved by the starter before being granted by the stewards.

28.5. Permission to use or discontinue the use of a tongue tie must be secured from the stewards. Under no circumstances shall the material to be used as a tongue tie be furnished by anyone other than the trainer of the horse on which it is to be used. No employee of the association shall be permitted to tie the tongue or replace or repair a tongue tie.

28.6. A horse starting in a race, shall not be shod with ordinary or training shoes nor shall he run without shoes unless by permission of the stewards.

28.7. Bar plates may be used only with consent of the stewards, and discontinuance of their use must be approved by the stewards.

28.8. Whips and/or blinkers may be used on two (2) year olds and other first time starters if schooled before the starter with such equipment, and approved by him and the stewards, before time of entry.

28.9. The use of plastic bridles and/or reins is prohibited unless they are steel reinforced.

28.10. No bridle shall exceed two (2) pounds in weight, and

no whips shall exceed one (1) pound in weight or thirty (30) inches in length, unless approved by the stewards.

178-1-29. Declarations and scratches.

29.1. No horse shall be considered scratched or declared out of an engagement until the trainer, or some person deputized by him, shall have given due notice in writing to the racing secretary before the time stipulated by the regulations of the Association.

29.2. For stakes races, if a horse is not named through the entry box at the usual time of closing, the horse is automatically out.

29.3. The declaration of a horse out of an engagement is irrevocable.

29.4. Scratches from stakes races will close forty-five (45) minutes before post time for that race.

29.5. If the miscarriage of any declaration by mail or otherwise is alleged, satisfactory proof of such miscarriage shall be required of the complainant, otherwise, the declaration shall not be accepted as of the time alleged.

29.6. No horse in an overnight race shall be scratched without the approval of the stewards.

29.7. A report from the state veterinarian shall be supplied to the stewards and shall be used only as an aid in determining the final decision of a request to "scratch."

29.8. Horses listed as "also eligible" shall be drawn into a race by lot unless a scratch card has been deposited by scratch time the day of the race. Horses listed as "also eligible" will have the preference of scratching. Horses listed as "also eligible" for which a scratch card has been deposited shall be given the following consideration:

(a) If there are no scratches among horses assigned post positions, the preferential status of horses on the also eligible list shall remain unchanged.

(b) If the opportunity to start, as determined by lot, is refused by scratching, said horse shall lose all preference.

(c) If the opportunity to start, as determined by lot, is not provided, the preferential status of said horses shall remain unchanged.

29.9. In all races with more than eight (8) horses, trainers may declare out to that number by the specified scratch time on the day of the race, such right to be determined by lot when necessary. However, in all races involving the daily double, trifecta, trizacta, superfecta, super exacta, and big perfecta, no entry may be withdrawn that would reduce the starting field to less than ten (10) interests without permission of the stewards. In races involving tri-superfecta wagering, no entry may be withdrawn that would reduce the starting field to less than twelve (12) horses without the permission of the stewards.

178-1-30. Disciplinary action.

30.1. No racing official other than the stewards shall have the right to impose a fine or suspension. The starter may recommend disciplinary action to the stewards.

30.2. All fines shall be paid to the West Virginia Racing Commission license clerk at the Commission office within forty-eight (48) hours after imposition.

30.3. No person shall assume or pay, directly or indirectly, a fine imposed upon another.

30.4. An unpaid fine may not be rescinded except with the approval of the Racing Commission.

30.5. Violators of any rule shall be subject to ejection from the grounds and/or fine, suspension or to be ruled off.

30.6. If any licensee or permit holder be guilty of using profane, indecent or vulgar language to any racing official, carry or exhibit a deadly weapon, or otherwise disturb the peace on any race track enclosure, he or she may be fined, and/or suspended.

178-1-31. Engagements and transfer.

31.1. If a horse is sold by private treaty or at public auction, the written acknowledgment of both parties is necessary to prove the fact that he was sold with his engagements, but when a horse is claimed out of a claiming race, the horse's engagements are included; but the sale, under any circumstances, to a person ruled off or to a disqualified person, shall not give such person the privilege of racing the horse.

31.2. No horse entered in a race may be sold or transferred until after the race in which he is entered has been run, without permission of the stewards. Neither shall a horse so entered be transferred to another trainer until after the race in which he is entered has been run, without permission of the stewards.

31.3. Subscriptions and all entries or rights of entry are valid when a horse is sold with his engagements duly transferred; in duly registered partnerships, when subscriptions, entries and rights of entries survive in the remaining partners; and when entries under the decedent's subscriptions have been made previous to the decedent's death, by the transfer of the right of entry.

31.4. Subscriptions and all entries or rights of entry under them become void on the death of a subscriber, except in case of duly registered partnerships or except subject to the sanction of the stewards, when the personal representative of an estate shall, in writing, request that the benefits of such accrue to the estate of the decedent subscriber for the privilege of transfer, and shall agree to assume any and all obligations incident to the original entries.

31.5. No person shall make or receive the transfer of horse or engagement for the purpose of avoiding disqualification.

31.6. So long as the name of a person is on the arrears list no engagements can be transferred or accepted by him, and no horse can be entered by him or under his subscription for any race.

31.7. When a seller fails to declare a horse out of an engagement, not sold or transferred with the horse, the purchaser is not entitled to start the horse or to the stakes if he wins.

31.8. Should a horse be sold with his engagements or any part of them, the seller cannot declare the horse out of any such engagements.

178-1-32. Entries, declarations and subscriptions.

32.1. When a person is ruled off a course or suspended, every horse owned, in whole or in part, by him or under his care and control shall be ineligible to be entered or start in any race until said horse has been reinstated, either by the rescinding of his owner's penalty or by his transfer through bona fide sale to an ownership acceptable to, and approved by the stewards or West Virginia Racing Commission. When a person is ruled off a course or suspended, he shall not be qualified, whether acting as agent or otherwise, to subscribe for or to enter or run any horse in any race either in his own name or in that of any other person until the rescinding of such penalty.

32.2. No horse shall be registered for racing or permitted to enter or start in a race unless stabled on the grounds of the association conducting the meeting or at other approved stabling facilities. Horses may be exchanged if approved by the racing secretary. This rule shall not prohibit entry or nomination of a horse or horses in a handicap, stakes or allowance race if being shipped in to participate in those specific races.

32.3. No person shall willfully enter, or cause to be entered or start a horse which he knows or believes to be ineligible or disqualified.

32.4. A horse shall not be qualified to start in any race unless he has been and continues properly entered therein.

32.5. No horse shall be allowed to race unless it has been lip tattooed. For good cause, the stewards may waive this requirement if the horse is otherwise properly identified. However, the horse shall be tattooed thereafter within such time as set by the stewards.

32.6. For all races, the racing secretary is the person authorized to receive entries and declarations.

32.7. Entries and declarations shall be made in writing and signed by the trainer of the horse, or his authorized agent, or some person deputized by him, and each association shall provide blank forms on which entries and declarations are to be made.

32.8. A signed entry blank shall be prima facie evidence that the contents of the entry blank express the desires and intent of the person making entry.

32.9. Entries may be made by telephone or telegraph with permission of the stewards.

32.10. No person not having an interest in a horse, equal at least to the interest or property of any other one (1) person is entitled to enter the horse in a race as the owner.

32.11. Joint subscriptions and entries may be made by any one or more of the owners. However, all partners and each of them shall be jointly and separately liable for all fees and forfeits.

32.12. In entering a horse, it must be clearly identified by stating its age, sex, name and color, names of its sire and dam. If the registration certificate indicates the dam was covered by more than one (1) stallion, the names of all of them must be given in order of service.

32.13. The stewards shall have power to call on any person in whose name a horse is entered to produce proof that the horse entered is not the property either wholly or in part of any person who is disqualified, or to produce proof of the extent of his interest or property in the horse, and in default of such proof being given to their satisfaction, may declare the horse out of the race.

32.14. The entries of any person, or the transfer of any entry, may be refused with notice and reason being given therefor.

32.15. No horse shall be allowed to start in any race unless duly registered and named with the registry office of The Jockey Club (New York) and the Certificate of Registration properly endorsed to the current owner is on file with the racing secretary one-half (1/2) hour prior to post time of the first race. For good cause the stewards may waive this requirement if the horse is otherwise properly identified.

32.16. If a horse's name is changed, his new name shall be registered with the Jockey Club (New York) and no entry shall be accepted until such time as new Certificate of Registration has been issued by the Jockey Club (New York).

32.17. No maiden six (6) years or older shall be permitted to start in West Virginia. Any horse thirteen (13) years or older will not be allowed to start in West Virginia unless special permission is granted in response to a request by anyone, who is licensed, by the West Virginia Racing Commission.

32.18. No horse shall be permitted to enter or to start in any race unless he is in the care of, and the saddling is supervised by, a trainer currently licensed in West Virginia.

32.19. No horse shall be permitted to start whose name and true ownership is not registered with the racing secretary.

32.20. The entry of a horse must be in the name of his true owner.

32.21. A horse must be eligible at the time of starting.

32.22. No horse involved in a partnership shall be permitted to enter or to start until the rules for the registration of partnerships have been complied with.

32.23. If an entry from any disqualified person or a disqualified horse is received, such entry shall be void and any money paid for such entry shall be void and any money paid for

such entry shall be returned if the disqualification is disclosed forty-five (45) minutes before post time for the race. Otherwise any such money shall be paid to the winner.

32.24. Rescinded.

32.25. No horse on the schooling list, veterinarian list or stewards list, or starters list, or is suspended in any racing jurisdiction shall be qualified to be entered, or to start.

32.26. No owner or trainer shall enter or start a horse that:

(a) is not in serviceable sound racing condition;

(b) is a known bleeder unless cleared under Section 21.2 of these rules;

(c) has been trachea-tubed;

(d) has been "nerved," except as herein provided in Section 52.20 of these rules; and

(e) is afflicted by the disease known as periodic ophthalmia, moon blindness or similar disease afflicting the vision.

32.27. If a horse is sold to a disqualified person, said horse's racing engagements shall be void as of the date of sale.

32.28. No horse shall be allowed to enter or to start in any race if the owner of that horse is in arrears, except with the approval of the racing secretary or stewards.

32.29. No more than two (2) horses of the same ownership or interest shall be entered in a purse race, and both may start, except:

(a) When making an entry, the trainer must express a preference; and in no case may two (2) horses start as an entry even though uncoupled for wagering purposes if it deprives a single entry from starting.

(b) Stake rules shall apply at all tracks regardless of size.

32.30. In the races comprising the daily double, only one (1) horse may be raced in a single interest, or trained by one (1) trainer. No entries will be allowed in the races comprising the daily double, trifecta, trizacta, super exacta, superfecta, and/or big perfecta etc. In all simulcast races entries and/or field rules shall be those used at host track.

32.31. If a race is declared off, the racing secretary may split or divide any overnight race which may have closed and cause a new drawing for post positions.

32.32. Entries shall be closed at an advertised time, and no entry accepted thereafter. The racing secretary, however, may postpone closing of overnight races.

32.33. If the number of entries to any purse race is in excess of the number of horses that may, because of track limitations, be permitted to start, the "starters" for the race and their post positions shall be determined by lot in public. The same methods shall be employed in determining the starters and post positions in split races.

32.34. If a horse is successfully claimed or transferred, the original Registration Certificate shall be delivered to the

new owner.

32.35. Any licensee who refuses to deliver any such Registration Certificate, if the same is reasonably available, shall be suspended until the same is delivered.

32.36. Entries which have closed shall be compiled without delay by the racing secretary and conspicuously posted.

32.37. No alteration shall be made in any entry after closing of entries, but an error may be corrected.

32.38. Any horse which has been excused from starting on account of sickness or physical disability, will not be eligible to start for a minimum of five (5) calendar days, exclusive of the day of scratch. The entry must be accompanied by a certificate of fitness from the state veterinarian and be approved by the stewards.

32.39. Mares who are or who may be in foal will not be eligible for racing unless full information as to services has been filed with the racing secretary and approval has been given by the track veterinarian. This information will be posted on the bulletin board in the racing secretary's office. Should the in-foal mare be claimed, the original owner shall supply the stallion service certificate to owner of said mare at time of foaling.

32.40. No horse shall be permitted on the grounds of a racing association in this State unless the horse has had a negative Coggins test within the past twenty-four (24) months if stabled in West Virginia or six (6) months if stabled out of the State of West Virginia. All horses from a state with a program comparable to the West Virginia program shall be permitted on the grounds of a racing association if accompanied by an official Health Certificate giving a positive description of the animal and showing a negative coggins test within the last twelve (12) months.

32.41. No entry shall be received of any horse not stabled upon the grounds of the racing association where the race is run, unless the stabling area elsewhere has been approved by the stewards representing the West Virginia Racing Commission or his designee.

32.42. No entry shall be accepted from husband or wife while either is disqualified. For the purpose of these rules, husband and wife shall be considered as one unless legally separated and evidence of such separation is on file with the West Virginia Racing Commission.

178-1-33. Also eligible.

33.1. A list of names (number to be determined by the racing secretary) may be drawn from the overflow entries and listed as "also eligible" to start if and when horses originally carded are "scratched." Horses gaining a position in the race from the "also eligible" list shall be determined by lot.

33.2. If the owner of a horse on the "also eligible" list is not given the opportunity of starting his horse because of

insufficient "scratches," the name of said horse shall be placed on the preferred list. The name of no horse shall be placed on the preferred list if the owner thereof did not accept when presented the opportunity of starting. However, where a substitute race or extra race is used, or placed on the over-night to be used, if needed, all horses entering in such races and not given the opportunity of starting shall be placed on the preferred list. In case of an "entry," the preferred horse only, shall be given a place on the preferred list unless the second choice of an entry should be included in another division of a divided race and does not gain a position in the race (may not exclude a single interest), he then shall be given a place on the preferred list.

33.3. Any horse which has drawn a position in a race and enters again on the next day that entries are taken shall be termed and "in-today" horse and if the race in which the horse is entered overfills, the horse shall be given no consideration whatsoever, stakes excepted. If a horse is on the "also eligible" list and draws in a race the next day, he is an automatic scratch from the "eligible" list the first day.

178-1-34. Preferred list.

34.1. A copy of the preferred list will be posted each afternoon and any claim of error must be made by scratch time of the following day. No claim of error not made within the prescribed time will be recognized by the stewards.

34.2. In entering horses on the preferred list, a claim of preference must be made at time of entry and noted on the entry or the preference shall be lost and no claim of error will be considered by the stewards if the person making the claim has signed an entry not marked in keeping with this rule.

178-1-35. Penalties and allowances.

35.1. Penalties and allowances are not cumulative, unless so declared by the conditions of the race, and shall take effect at the time of starting, except that in overnight events a horse shall have only the allowance to which it was entitled at the time of entry.

35.2. Penalties are obligatory. Allowances are optional as to all or any part thereof, and in overnight events must be claimed at the time of entry.

35.3. No horse shall receive allowance of weight nor be relieved from extra weight for having been beaten in one or more races, but this rule shall not prohibit maiden allowance or allowances to horses that have not won a race within a specified period or a race of a specified value.

35.4. Failure to claim a weight allowance by oversight or omission is not cause of disqualification. Claims of weight allowance to which a horse is not entitled shall not disqualify unless such incorrect weight is carried in the race. However,

fine may be imposed upon the person claiming allowance to which his horse is not entitled.

35.5. Eligibility, penalties and allowances of weight for all races will be determined after considering the reports, records and statistics published by the daily racing form and other racing statistical publications, but responsibility for weight carried and eligibility still remain with the owner and trainer as prescribed by the Rules of Racing.

35.6. No horse shall incur a weight penalty for placement from which he is disqualified, but a horse placed through the disqualification of another horse shall incur the weight penalties of that placement. No such placement shall make a horse ineligible to a race which has already been run.

35.7. When a race is in dispute, both the horse that finished first and any horse claiming the race shall be liable to all penalties attached to the winner of that race until the matter is decided.

35.8. Races written to be run under "Scale of Weights or Weight for Age" shall be run under the weights as provided for in the scale of weights chart appearing in this book.

35.9. It shall be within the power of the racing secretary to write races either above or below scale as he may see fit: Provided, That his weights comply with the minimum weight rule.

178-1-36. Licenses and licensees.

36.1. Any person who is engaged in or employed by those engaged in racing or operating a race meeting, or those operating concessions for or under authority from any association, except those persons in an executive capacity by the association, must be licensed by the West Virginia Racing Commission.

36.2. In the event that a dispute should arise between a West Virginia Licensee and West Virginia Permit Holders, at any race track in the State of West Virginia and in the event the said permit holders or said licensee desire to terminate or discontinue their activities under an existing license or permit, then in such event the said licensee or said permit holders, as the case may be, shall give seven (7) days notice, in writing, of their intention to terminate or discontinue all activities under their existing license or permit to the licensee or permit holders, as the case may be, and to the West Virginia Racing Commission. The Commission may, upon request from either party, within the aforesaid seven (7) day period conduct hearings in an attempt to arbitrate and settle any disputes by and between the parties. In the event either the West Virginia licensee or West Virginia permit holders fail to provide by the notice provision set forth herein, same shall be grounds for permanent suspension by the West Virginia Racing Commission.

36.3. Applicant for license may be called upon to submit satisfactory evidence of financial responsibility, and after license has been issued, must maintain a record of financial responsibility during the period for which license is issued.

36.4. The Commission may refuse to issue or renew a license, or may suspend or revoke a license issued pursuant to these rules, if it shall find that the applicant, or any person who is a partner, agent, employee or associate of the applicant, has been convicted of a crime in any jurisdiction, or is or has been associating or consorting with any such person who has or persons who have been convicted of a crime or crimes in any jurisdiction or jurisdictions, or is consorting or associating with or has consorted or associated with bookmakers, touts or persons of similar pursuits, or has himself engaged in similar pursuits, or is financially irresponsible, or has been guilty of or attempted any fraud or misrepresentation in connection with racing, breeding or otherwise, or has violated or attempted to violate any law with respect to racing in any jurisdiction or any rule regulation or order of the Commission, or adopted by the Commission, or has been guilty of or engaged in similar, related or like practice.

36.5. All applications for licenses shall be filed with the West Virginia license clerk in the Commission office and submitted to the stewards who shall have the authority to issue the license, hold the application for further investigation, or refer it to the Racing Commission for final action. All stewards shall review and sign all license applications.

36.6. The association shall provide equipment for fingerprinting and photographing all licensees and shall provide such equipment necessary to plastic coat the license with the picture and fingerprints of the applicant.

36.7. The following fees shall be charged by the West Virginia Racing Commission for licenses issued effective calendar year 1972 and thereafter:

Stable Name -----	\$20.00
Corporation-----	20.00
Vendor -----	20.00
Owner -with registration of colors-----	12.50
Owner-Trainer (same person)-----	25.00
Trainer-----	12.50
Assistant Trainer -----	12.50
Jockey -----	12.50
Veterinarian -----	12.50
Apprentice Jockey -----	6.00
Plater -----	6.00
Authorized Agent (each person) -----	6.00
Jockey Agent (limit 2 jockeys) each -----	7.50
Mutuel Employee -----	5.00
Photographers, totalizator, film patrol -----	5.00
Stable Foreman -----	6.00
Officials - Steward	
Starter	
Racing Secretary -----	12.50
Minor	
Official - Patrol Judge	
Paddock Judge =	

Horsemen's Bookkeeper	
Clerk of Scales	
Timer	
Assistant Racing Secretary	
Outrider	
Assistant Starter	6.00
Stable,	
Concession,	
Maintenance,	
Parking, etc. Valet	
Exercise Boy	
Groom	
Vet's Assistant	
Admission	
Pony Riders	
Security	4.00
Others not specified	5.00

36.8. Every person who is suspended, or whose license is revoked, or to whom a license is denied by any racing board or Commission belonging to the National Association of State Racing Commissioners, must apply to and be reinstated by the Board or Commission of the state in which the original ruling was made before being eligible to be licensed in any capacity by the West Virginia Racing Commission.

36.9. All licensed personnel shall visibly display their card at all times in restricted areas and shall be held responsible for the safekeeping of it. No license shall be transferable and no duplicate cards shall be issued except upon payment of a fee of five dollars (\$5.00).

36.10. Any licensed person who allows another to use his license card or badge or any person who uses the license card or badge of another person for the purpose of transferring any of the benefits pertaining thereto may be suspended, fined or both.

36.11. When the denial of a license has been ordered by the Racing Commission, the secretary of the Commission shall report the particulars to the applicant and shall further report the matter to the National Association of State Racing Commissioners, giving detailed reasons why the denial was made.

36.12. A trainer or jockey may be permitted by the stewards to pursue his vocation pending action upon his application or an owner may race his horses upon issuance of a temporary license; but a jockey, trainer or owner having been suspended or ruled off and subsequently reinstated after the expiration of his license, shall not be permitted to pursue his vocation until a license has been granted.

36.13. Every license shall be for not more than one (1) year and shall expire on December 31 of each year.

36.14. The Commission may deny or revoke a license to any person who shall have been refused a license by any other State Racing Commission or Racing Authority; Provided however, That the State Racing Commission or Racing Authority of each other state

extends to the Racing Commission of West Virginia reciprocal courtesy to maintain the disciplinary control. The Racing Commission may deny or revoke any license where the holder thereof has violated the Rules and Regulations of the Commission or who has falsified his application of or for said license.

36.15. The responsibility of licensing an employee rests with the employer. Employment of a nonlicensed individual without reporting such employment to the stewards and immediately obtaining a license for said employee may be cause for fine, suspension or both.

36.16. No application for a license will be considered for, or license granted to, anyone under sixteen (16) years of age.

36.17. The stewards or the Racing Commission may impose such condition or conditions on the issuance of a license or permit as they deem necessary in their sole discretion to protect the best interest and integrity of racing. The stewards or Racing Commission may deny a license or permit if a conflict of interest exists or could exist as a result of the issuance of said license or permit.

36.18. Any person under suspension, by the licensing body in any country, shall remain under suspension in this State until reinstated by the original licensing country.

36.19. The following conditions must be observed in obtaining a license as a tip sheet vendor:

(a) Any family, corporation, partnership or sole proprietorship, or any employees thereof, may publish no more than one (1) version of a tip sheet for use at any one (1) track on any given race day. There is no limit on the number of copies of the one (1) version that may be produced and sold.

(b) To ensure fair conditions for the betting public, a tip sheet vendor may not use the same facilities to produce a tip sheet as are used by another tip sheet vendor at the same track.

(c) All tip sheet vendor applicants must meet the conditions set forth in (a) and (b) to the full satisfaction of the state steward.

178-1-37. Jockeys and apprentice jockeys.

37.1. Each jockey and apprentice jockey must obtain a license from the Commission and no license shall be issued to any jockey or apprentice jockey under sixteen (16) years of age.

37.2. No person who has never ridden in a race shall be granted a license; however, by permission of the Commission and the stewards, a temporary license may be granted for the riding of ten (10) or more races and, if approved by the stewards and the Commission after having consulted with the representatives of the jockeys, said temporary license may be replaced with a license.

37.3. No jockey or jockey, or his wife, or her husband, shall be the owner of any race horse, neither shall they have any interest in one.

37.4. A jockey shall not ride or agree to ride in any race

without the consent of the owner to whom he is under contract.

37.5. All jockeys shall faithfully fulfill all engagements in respect to racing.

37.6. A jockey may not ride in any race against a starter of his contract employer unless his mount and his contract employer's starter are both in the hands of the same trainer.

37.7. In riding a race, a jockey must be neat in appearance and judgment of the stewards shall control in this regard. All riders must be dressed in clean jockey costume, cap and jacket of silk, satin or waterproof, white or light breeches and top boots. In all races, jockeys must wear approved safety helmets, the weight of which shall not be included in the jockey's weight.

37.8. A jockey must wear the colors of the owner or owners of the horse he is riding (except by special permission or orders from the stewards) and a number on the saddle cloth corresponding to the number of the horse as exhibited in the official program.

37.9. A jockey shall wear a number on his right arm (also on his left arm if the judges' stand is inside the infield) and it and the saddle cloth number shall correspond to the number of the horse in the official program.

37.10. Every jockey who is to ride shall report and weight out at the appointed time unless excused by the stewards. Every jockey who has an engagement to ride in a stake race must report in the jockey room not later than one (1) hour before post time of that race. Jockeys shall not leave the jockey room, except to view the races from a point approved by the stewards or to ride in a race, unless by permission granted by the stewards, until all of his engagements of the day have been fulfilled.

37.11. All jockeys must pass a physical examination once a year before being permitted to ride, by a doctor designated by the Commission. The stewards may require that any jockey be reexamined and may refuse to allow any jockey to ride until he successfully passes such an examination. If a jockey has previously passed such an examination prior to his appearance at a track in this State, he must present a physical fitness card signed by the examining doctor that shows the date upon which the examination was made.

37.12. No jockey shall make a bet on any race nor accept the promise or token of any bet, with respect to the race in which he is riding, except through or from the owner or trainer of the horse he rides and then only on that horse.

37.13. Jockey's riding fees must be paid to the horsemen's bookkeeper.

(a) If any owner or trainer engages two (2) or more jockeys for the same race, he shall pay the losing fee for each engaged jockey not riding in the race, as well as the proper fee to the jockey who does ride.

37.14. A jockey's fee shall be considered earned when the jockey is weighed out by the clerk of scales. The fee shall not be considered earned if the jockey, of his own free will, takes himself off his mount, where injury to the horse or rider is involved. Any conditions or considerations not covered by the

above ruling shall be at the discretion of the stewards.

37.15. In a dead heat, the jockeys involved shall divide equally the sum total of the fees they would have received individually had one beaten the other or others. Likewise, the owners of the horses involved shall pay their equal share.

37.16. A jockey who is under suspension will not be permitted to fulfill any engagements including stakes races. A jockey under suspension in any other state will not be permitted to ride in West Virginia during such suspension.

37.17. The suspension of a jockey for an offense not involving fraud shall begin on the second day after the ruling, unless otherwise ordered by the stewards. A suspension for fraud shall begin immediately after the ruling.

37.18. A jockey temporarily suspended, may be permitted to exercise or gallop horses until the track closed for the morning.

37.19. A forfeiture must be paid by the jockey himself and any other person paying it shall be subject to punishment.

37.20. Every jockey may have one (1) agent and no more. All engagements to ride, other than those for his contract employer, shall be made by himself or his agent; however, the one (1) making the engagements shall be held responsible for the proper maintenance of the engagement book.

37.21. No jockey shall have an attendant other than those provided by the association.

37.22. Employers retaining the same jockey have precedence according to priority of the retainers as specified in the contracts.

37.23. Approved jockeys' fee:

PURSE	WIN	2ND	3RD	UNPLACED
\$400 and under	27	19	17	16
\$500	30	20	17	16
\$600	36	22	17	16
\$700 - \$900	10%	25	22	20
\$1,000 - \$1,400	10%	30	25	22
\$1,500 - \$1,900	10%	35	30	28
\$2,000 - \$3,400	10%	45	35	33
\$3,500 - \$4,900	10%	55	45	35
\$5,000 - \$9,900	10%	65	50	40
\$10,000 - \$14,900	10%	5%	5%	45
\$15,000 - \$24,900	10%	5%	5%	50
\$25,000 - \$49,900	10%	5%	5%	60
\$50,000 - \$99,900	10%	5%	5%	75
\$100,000 and up	10%			

There shall be no contract mounts except for contract employees. In case an owner or a trainer shall engage two (2) or more jockeys for the same race, he shall pay the losing fee for each jockey so engaged who does not ride in that race.

37.24. Jockey apprentices must obtain a license from the West Virginia Racing Commission and shall be bound by all of the rules for jockeys, except insofar as said rules may be in

conflict with the following specific regulations for apprentices.

37.25. Apprentice contracts entered into in the State of West Virginia must be made on forms approved by the Racing Commission, and a duplicate original copy, along with a satisfactory record of birth, shall be filed permanently with the Racing Commission.

37.26. The original apprentice jockey contract shall be kept in full force and effect throughout its contract period. Any and all amendments to said contract must be made a part of and either added to or attached to the copies in possession of the parties and a like copy of said amendments sent to the Commission where the original contract is filed.

37.27. A copy of all apprentice contracts, wherever entered into, must be approved by the stewards and filed with the Racing Commission. Satisfactory record of birth must accompany apprentice contract at all times.

37.28. If an apprentice contract is transferred, said transfer must be approved by the stewards and registered with the Racing Commission by both the transferer and the transferee.

37.29. No person shall be allowed to enter into a contract in West Virginia with an apprentice jockey unless he is the owner or trainer of such a stable of horses as would, in the opinion of the stewards, warrant his employment of an apprentice.

37.30. An application for a license as apprentice jockey shall be accompanied by (a) an original, a notarized or photostatic copy of his agreement with his contract employer; (b) written proof of at least one (1) year of service with a racing stable; and (c) a certificate of proficiency from the starter; (d) birth certificate or satisfactory evidence of the date of birth.

37.31. All engagements for an apprentice jockey to ride, other than those for his contract employer shall be made by himself, his agent, or his contract employer, who may act as his agent without license as such; however, the one making the engagements shall be held responsible for the proper maintenance of the engagement book.

37.32. (a) Any person sixteen (16) years of age or older, who has never been previously licensed as a jockey in any country and who has, of his own free will, and if under the age of eighteen (18), with the written consent of his parents or guardian, bound himself to an owner or trainer for a term of not less than three (3) nor more than five (5) years (subject to written extension if made for less than five (5) years) by written contract approved by and filed with the West Virginia Racing Commission may claim in all overnight races, except handicaps, the following allowances:

(1) Apprentices' allowance shall be as follows: Ten (10) pounds until he has ridden five (5) winners and seven (7) pounds until he has ridden an additional thirty (30) winners; if he has ridden thirty-five (35) winners prior to the end of one (1) year from the date of riding his fifth winner, he shall have an allowance of five (5) pounds until the end of that year.

(2) After the completion of conditions above, for one (1) year he may claim three (3) pounds when riding horses owned or trained by his original contract employer; Provided, That his contract has not been transferred or sold since he rode his first winner.

(3) The holder of the contract at the time the apprentice rides his first winner shall be considered the original contract employer.

(4) The original apprentice jockey contract shall be kept in full force and effect throughout its contract period. Any and all amendments to said contract must be made a part of and either added to or attached to the copies in the possession of the parties and like copy of said amendments sent to the Commission where the original contract is filed.

(b) Any person sixteen (16) years of age or older, who has never been previously licensed as a jockey in any country, and if under the age of eighteen (18) with the written consent of his parents or guardian, may be granted an apprentice certificate in lieu of an apprentice contract; which certificate shall be valid for a period not in excess of three (3) years. The apprentice certificate shall grant the apprentice all the allowances and conditions granted to the apprentice who is under contract.

37.33. The Commission shall take jurisdiction on application for extension in cases where personal injuries in the conduct of his duty and restrictions on racing occurred at tracks licensed by the Commission. In order to qualify for an extension of his apprentice allowance, an apprentice rider must have been rendered unable to ride during the period in which he was entitled to an apprentice allowance.

37.34. In the cases of inability of an apprentice to ride because of services in the Armed Forces of the United States, the Commission will take jurisdiction only on such contracts which were executed and filed at time of execution in this State. All extensions must be acted on by the Commission in which the original contract was filed.

37.35. Apprentice allowance must be claimed at time of entry and shall not be waived except by consent of the stewards.

37.36. No race, unless reported in the daily racing form or an equivalent foreign publication, shall be considered in determining a boy's right to the apprentice allowance.

37.37. A licensed apprentice who loses his apprentice allowance for any reason shall obtain a jockey license before being permitted to ride again.

178-1-38. Jockey agents.

38.1. Each jockey agent must obtain a license from the Commission.

38.2. Engagement slips shall be used and shall determine all priorities.

38.3. Signatures must be affixed by both owner or trainer

and jockey or his agent.

38.4. The stewards may permit an applicant to act pending decision on his application for a license.

38.5. No jockey agent may handle at the same time more than two (2) jockeys or one (1) apprentice and one (1) jockey, nor shall he make or assist in the making of any engagement for any rider other than those he is licensed to represent.

38.6. If any jockey agent gives up the making of engagements for any rider, he shall immediately notify the stewards, the Commission and the racing secretary; and he shall also turn over to the stewards a list of any unfilled engagements he may have made for that rider.

38.7. Jockey agents shall not be allowed in the paddock or on the race track at any time, except by special permission from the stewards.

38.8. A jockey agent shall not give to anyone, directly or indirectly, any information or advice, pertaining to a race or engage in the practice commonly known as "touting," for the purpose of influencing any person, or that would tend to do so, in the making of a wager on the result of any race.

38.9. No person other than a jockey agent shall make engagements for an apprentice jockey or jockey. However, a jockey not represented by an agent may make his own engagements.

38.10. Jockey agents will be called upon to explain rival claims for any mount or for any rider and inability to satisfy the stewards that the rival claim arose through honest bona fide error shall be considered a falsification of records.

38.11. Conflicting claims for the services of a jockey shall be decided by the stewards and first call shall have priority.

38.12. Any agent who falsifies his record shall be fined and/or suspended by the stewards.

38.13. A jockey agent may be licensed in no other capacity as long as he holds an agent's license unless additional license is approved by the Commission.

38.14. An applicant for a jockey agent license, who has not been previously licensed in this State, must have the written statement of two (2) reputable persons to the effect that the applicant is personally known to them and that he is a person of good reputation and capable of satisfactory performance of the vocation he seeks to follow. Such applicant shall be given a thorough written and/or oral examination by the stewards.

38.15. If, for good reason, a jockey agent is short of his permissible quota of jockeys and wishes to take on the task of making engagements for a rider not named in his license, he must obtain permission from the stewards before making such engagements.

178-1-39. Naming of riders.

39.1. Jockeys shall be named no later than scratch time of the day of the race.

39.2. Any subsequent change of a jockey must be sanctioned

by the stewards and must be promptly and publicly posted and announced.

39.3. Any jockey, having given a call personally or through his agent, who fails to fulfill such engagement may not accept another mount or be assigned by the stewards to another mount in that race.

178-1-40. Owners - Trainers.

40.1. Each owner must obtain a license from the West Virginia Racing Commission.

40.2. All owners and trainers of horses and their stable employees are subject to the laws of West Virginia and the rules promulgated by its Commission immediately upon acceptance and occupancy of stabling accommodations from or approved by an association or upon making entry to run on its track. Said owners, trainers and stable employees shall abide by said laws and rules and accept the decision of the stewards on any and all questions, subject to their right of appeal to the Commission.

40.3. If any owner changes trainers, he must notify the stewards and obtain a transfer certificate.

40.4. No owner shall employ a jockey for the purpose of preventing him from riding in any race.

40.5. No owner shall accept, directly or indirectly, any bribe, gift or gratuity in any form which might influence the result of any race or tend to do so.

40.6. An owner or his trainer shall see to it that a report is made promptly to the racing secretary or to the state veterinarian of any and all sickness of his horses.

40.7. The personnel of every stable and changes thereof shall be registered by the owner and/or trainer with the Association on whose track their horses are racing or stabled and each shall be licensed by the West Virginia Racing Commission.

178-1-41. Authorized agents.

41.1. Each authorized agent must obtain a license from the Racing Commission.

41.2. Application for license must be filed for each owner represented.

41.3. A written instrument signed by the owner must accompany the application and shall clearly set forth among the delegated powers whether or not said agent is empowered to collect money from the association and the owner's signature must be acknowledged before a notary public.

41.4. If the written instrument is a power of attorney, it shall be filed permanently with the Racing Commission, attached to the regular application form.

41.5. Any changes must be in writing and filed as above provided.

41.6. The term of the license shall expire December 31 of each year, unless the agent's appointment is revoked by the owner.

of the license or revoked by the Racing Commission prior thereto.

41.7. Owner's revocation must be in writing, sworn to before a notary public and filed with the Racing Commission.

178-1-42. Corporations.

No license as an owner shall be granted to a corporation or to the lessee or lessees of any corporation unless such corporation shall have no more than ten (10) stockholders or members, each of whom shall be the registered and beneficial owner of stock or membership in such corporations; nor shall any corporation having more than ten (10) such stockholders have the power to lease for racing purposes to any natural person or persons, or partnership, any horse owned or controlled by it. Each stockholder must file an application for an owner license. All the stockholders or members of a corporation which own or lease horses for racing purposes in the State of West Virginia and also all such corporations shall make and file with the Commission as and when requested by it, a report or reports containing such information as the Commission may specify; and upon refusal or failure to file such report or reports, the Commission may refuse a license to any lessee or lessees of such corporation or may revoke any such license which it may have granted.

178-1-43. Partnerships.

43.1. Each and every member of a partnership, including husband and wife, must obtain an owner's license to allow such partnership to function on the tracks of West Virginia and complete proper partnership forms.

43.2. An authorized agent must be appointed to represent a partnership in all matters and only he shall withdraw money or sign claims for said partnership. A notarized instrument must be signed by all members of a partnership in the appointment of an authorized agent.

43.3. Partnership papers shall, among other things, set forth the following:

(a) The name and address of each and every person having any interest in the horse or horses involved.

(b) The relative proportions of such interests.

(c) To whom the winnings are payable.

(d) In whose name the horse or horses shall run

(e) With whom the power of entry and declaration rests.

(f) The terms of any contingency, lease or any other arrangement.

43.4. All partnership papers must be signed by all parties or by their authorized agent.

43.5. In case of emergency, authority to sign declarations of partnerships may be given to the West Virginia Racing Commission by a telegram promptly confirmed in writing.

43.6. The part owner of any horse cannot assign his share

or any part of it, without the written consent of the other partners, the said consent to be lodged with the Racing Commission and the racing secretary.

43.7. An alteration in a recorded partnership registration, to be effective, must be reported in writing to the Commission and signed by all partners.

43.8. All parties to a partnership and each of them shall be jointly and severally liable for all stakes, forfeits and other obligations.

43.9. For claiming purposes, if a horse is owned by more than one (1) owner, the total ownership shall be considered a single entity.

178-1-44. Stable names.

44.1. All stable names shall be cleared with the office of the National Association of State Racing Commissioners and must be duly registered with the Racing Commission. A stable name shall be plainly distinguishable from that of another duly registered as a stable name when appearing on the program.

(a) All names used not revealing the actual identity or identities of the owner or owners shall be considered a "stable name."

(b) In applying to race under a stable name, the applicant must disclose the identity or the identities behind the stable name. If a partnership is involved in the identity behind a stable name, the rules covering partnerships must be complied with in detail.

(c) Changes in identities must be reported immediately to and be approved by the Commission.

(d) A person cannot register more than one stable name at the same time, nor can he use his real name for racing purposes, so long as he has a registered stable name.

(e) Any person who has been registered under a stable name may, at any time, cancel it after he has given written notarized notice to the Racing Commission.

(f) A person cannot register as his stable name, one which has been registered by any other person with an association conducting a recognized meeting or the Jockey Club (New York) or with another racing authority.

(g) A person may not register as his stable name, one which is the real name of any owner of race horses, nor one which is the real or stable name of any prominent person now owning race horses.

(h) A trainer, who is a licensed owner or part owner, may use a stable name as owner or part owner, providing he is the trainer for the stable name owner. However, no trainer may be licensed as a trainer other than in his legal name.

(i) A stable name shall be plainly distinguishable from that of another duly registered as a stable name. When appearing on the program, the stable name must be accompanied by the legal name of the owner. If the stable name has more than one owner,

one (1) legal name of an owner must appear followed by the term "et al."

(j) A corporate name shall be considered as a stable name for the purpose of these rules, but the Racing Commission reserves the right to refuse any corporation the privileges of registering a stable name or racing as a corporation.

(k) No stable name shall be used for advertising purposes.

(l) If more than one person races with a stable name registered as the owner, an authorized agent shall be appointed and he shall transact all business.

178-1-45. Trainers.

45.1. Each trainer must obtain a license from the Racing Commission, listing on the application for said license all the names of owners or part owners of all horses trained by him.

45.2. No owner or trainer shall harbor on the grounds of an association, engage or retain in his employ, any unlicensed person.

45.3. When a trainer is to be absent from his stable or the grounds where his horses are racing for a period of more than one racing day, and his horses are entered or are to be entered, he must provide a licensed trainer to assume the complete responsibility of the horses he is entering or running. Such licensed trainer shall sign in the presence of the stewards a form furnished by the association accepting complete responsibility of the horse or horses being entered or running.

45.4. A licensed trainer may represent the owner in the matter of entries, declarations, and the employment of jockeys, but shall not be allowed to withdraw any money from the association, either in his own name or that of an owner, nor may he contract obligations against the account of any owner or part owner unless he is the authorized agent of said owner or part owner, and has a license having been issued by the West Virginia Racing Commission as such.

45.5. A trainer shall have his horse in the paddock at the time appointed.

45.6. If, for any reason, the trainer of a horse is not or cannot be present at the time of collection of urine, blood or other samples, it shall be deemed by the Commission that the person actually in custody of the horse is duly authorized to witness the taking and sealing of the specimen and has the trainer's authority to sign as witness to such action.

45.7. A trainer shall attend his horse in the paddock, and shall be present to supervise his saddling, unless he has obtained the permission of a steward to send another licensed trainer as a substitute. He shall also be present following the running of a race to attend his horse or cause a licensed employee to be present for that purpose.

45.8. A trainer shall be responsible for the condition of a horse trained by him.

45.9. Each trainer shall register with the racing secretary all the horses in his charge giving the name, age, sex, breeding and ownership of each. Any horse stabled on the grounds of the association or under the jurisdiction of the association without having been so registered, or occupying a stall not assigned for him, unless by special permission, will be cause for disciplinary action.

45.10. Any alteration in the sex of a horse must be reported and noted by the trainer to the racing secretary or horse identification office immediately and that office must note the same on the foal certificate.

45.11. Each trainer shall register with the racing secretary and the security department every person in his employ. He must also be responsible for the licensing of each employee and not harbor, engage or have in his charge, any person or persons not so licensed.

45.12. A trainer shall not have in his charge nor under his supervision any horse owned, in whole or in part, by a disqualified person.

45.13. No trainer shall accept, directly or indirectly, any bribe, gift or gratuity in any form which might influence the result of any race or which would tend to do so.

45.14. No trainer shall move or permit to be moved any horse or horses in his care from the grounds of an association without permission from the racing secretary or the stewards.

45.15. No trainer shall employ a jockey for the purpose of preventing him from riding in any race.

45.16. The trainer shall be responsible as an absolute insurer of the condition of the horses he enters regardless of any act of a third party as further set forth in Section 38.4. of these rules.

45.17. An applicant for a trainer's license, who has not been previously licensed, must have the written statement of two (2) reputable persons to the effect that the applicant is personally known to them and that he is a person of good reputation and capable of satisfactory performance of the vocation he seeks to follow. Such applicant shall be given a thorough written and/or oral examination by the stewards and such other examination as deemed necessary by the stewards.

178-1-46. Jockey room custodian.

46.1. It shall be the duty of the jockey room custodian to see to it that order, decorum and cleanliness are maintained in the jockey and scale rooms.

46.2. The custodian shall assist the clerk of the scales in the performances of his duties.

46.3. The custodian shall see to it that no person, other than racing officials, the Racing Commission, or its representatives, representatives of jockeys and the necessary jockey room attendants, is admitted to the jockey room on a day of racing without express permission of the stewards for each

time of entry.

46.4. The custodian shall oversee the care and storage of all racing colors.

46.5. The custodian shall oversee the jockey attendants and arrange their rotation among jockeys in the matter of weighing out.

46.6. The custodian shall see to it that no jockey attendant not approved by the stewards and not licensed by the West Virginia Racing Commission is permitted to assist any jockey at any time.

46.7. The custodian shall report to the stewards any irregularities that occur in this province.

46.8. The custodian shall see to it that jockeys are neat in appearance and attired in keeping with the rules when they leave the rooms to ride in a race.

46.9. The custodian shall not lend money to any jockey or other person or employee in jockey room nor shall said custodian sell or exchange raffle tickets or be involved or permit any financial transactions to occur of any kind in the jockey room. This rule shall not apply to racing equipment used by jockeys only.

178-1-47. Claiming.

47.1. In claiming races any horse is subject to claim for its entered price by any licensed owner in good standing, or by the holder of a certificate of eligibility to claim. The procedure of obtaining a certificate to claim shall be as follows:

(A) An applicant shall, five (5) days before entering a claim, submit an application for the owner's original license, to be accompanied by:

- (1) A financial statement;
- (2) The name of a licensed trainer or person eligible to be licensed as a trainer who will assume care and responsibility for the horse claimed; and
- (3) The requisite fee for owners license.

(B) This certificate shall be valid for the remainder of the calendar year.

47.2. No one may claim more than one horse out of any one race.

(a) No trainer, even though he be an owner and qualified under the rules to claim, may submit a claim out of the same race in which the owner of horses trained by him, has submitted a claim. If such an act inadvertently occurs, the claim made by the trainer shall be declared void.

(b) No authorized agent, although representing more than one owner, shall submit more than one claim in any one race.

(c) When a stable consists of horses owned by more than one owner, trained by the same trainer, not more than one claim may be entered on behalf of such stable in any one race. In case

such an act inadvertently occurs, the owners shall compete by lot for the right of claim.

(d) When a stable consists of horses owned by more than one owner, trained by the same trainer, such owners will not be eligible to claim from that trainer's stable.

47.3. If a horse is claimed, it shall not start in a selling or claiming race for a period of thirty (30) days from the date of claim for less than twenty-five percent (25%) more than the amount for which it was claimed, nor shall it be entered for thirty (30) days after being claimed in a race in which the determining eligibility price is less than twenty-five percent (25%) more than the price at which the horse was claimed. The day claimed shall not count but the following calendar day shall be the first day and the horse shall be entitled to enter whenever necessary so the horse may start on the thirty-first calendar day following the claim for any claiming price. This provision shall not apply to starter handicaps in which the weight to be carried is assigned by the handicapper.

47.4. Any horse so claimed shall not be sold or transferred, wholly or in part thereof, to anyone for sixty (60) days thereafter, except in another claiming race, nor shall it remain in the same barn or under the control or management of its former owner or trainer for a like period, unless reclaimed, nor shall it race at any other racing jurisdiction for a period of sixty (60) days.

47.5. The claiming price of each horse in a claiming race shall be printed on the program, and all claims for said horse shall be for the amount so designated, plus sales tax. Should more than one claim be filed for the same horse, the disposition of the horse shall be determined by lot under the direction of one or more of the stewards or one deputized to act for them.

47.6. All claims must be made in writing on forms and in envelopes approved by the Commission. Both forms and envelopes must be filled out completely and accurately, otherwise the claim will be void. The envelope shall have no identification marked on it, but shall be marked with the number of the race for which the claim is being made. The envelopes must be sealed, time stamped, and deposited in a locked box provided for this purpose. No money shall accompany the claim. Each person desiring to make a claim must first deposit with the association the whole amount of the claim in cash, plus sales tax, unless at the time of depositing said claim, he shall have such amount to his credit and unencumbered with the association. The spelling of a horse's name, on the official program on the day of claiming may be considered to be the accurate information for the purpose of claiming. Responsibility for determining sex of the horse, notwithstanding any designation of sex appearing on the racing program or in any racing publication, the claimant of a horse shall be solely responsible for determining the sex of the horse claimed. When a claim has been filed, it is irrevocable and at the risk of the claimant.

47.7. All claims must be deposited in the claiming box at

least fifteen (15) minutes before post time of the race with respect to which the claim is made, and no official of said association shall give any information as to the filing of claims therein until after the race has been run. All claims shall be passed upon by the stewards.

47.8. A horse claimed shall not be delivered by the original owner to the successful claimant until authorization shall be given by the stewards, and every horse so claimed shall run in the interest and for the account of the owner who entered it in the race, but title to the claimed horse shall be vested in the successful claimant from the time said horse becomes a "Starter" and said successful claimant shall become the owner of the horse, whether it be alive or dead, sound or unsound, or injured during the race or after it.

47.9. Any person making a claim for a horse in any claiming race shall sign an affidavit which shall be part of the claim blank, certifying that he is claiming said horse for his own account or as an authorized agent and not for any other person. Any person making such affidavit falsely shall be immediately suspended and his case referred to the Commission for further action.

47.10. No person shall refuse to deliver to the person or persons entitled thereto under these rules, a horse claimed out of a claiming race, and furthermore, the horse in question shall be barred along with all other horses owned or trained by said person, until delivery is made.

47.11. No person shall offer, or enter into an agreement, to claim or attempt to prevent another person from claiming, any horse in a claiming race; nor shall any person attempt by intimidation to prevent any one from running a horse in any race for which it is entered; nor shall any owner or trainer running horses in any claiming race make any agreement for the protection of each other's horses.

47.12. No person or persons shall start or allow to be started in a claiming race, a horse against which any claim is held, either as a mortgage, bill of sale, or lien of any kind, unless before starting the horse a written consent of the holder of the claim is on file with the Horsemen's Bookkeeper. A person may not claim ownership in a horse after the horse has run in a claiming race in the name of another person, who, at the time of the race, had peaceable and undisputed possession of the horse.

47.13. Any horse that has been claimed shall, after the race has been run, be taken to the paddock for delivery to the claimant, who must present written authorization for the claim, from the stewards or their designee.

47.14. If a horse has been claimed, the trainer or his designee must accompany his horse to the test barn if said horse is required to go to the test barn, and remain in the test barn until said horse has been released by the state veterinarian or his agent. The trainer or his designee must accompany the horse to the test barn if the horse has been designated to go to the test barn even though delivery has been made in accordance with

Section 47.13. of these rules.

47.15 All horses claimed in other states and racing here shall be subject to the conditions of the claiming rule in the state where the claim was made.

47.16 The stewards shall be sole judge of the quality of the horses in the stable of the claimant, and shall decide when the spirit as well as the intent of the rule is being violated. They may, at their discretion, declare any claim void.

178-1-48. Postponement and cancellation of races.

48.1. If the whole or a part of a racing program is abandoned, any purse race involved must be declared off.

48.2. If the whole or a part of a racing program is abandoned, any stakes race involved may be postponed or declared off.

48.3. If a stakes race is declared off, all subscriptions and fees paid in connection with that race shall be refunded.

178-1-49. Dead heats.

49.1. When two (2) or more horses run a dead heat, the dead heat shall not be run off.

49.2. The owners of the horses in a dead heat shall divide equally the purse money involved.

49.3. If a dead heat is for first place, each horse shall be considered a winner of the amount received according to the preceding rule.

49.4. When a dead heat is run for second place and an objection is made to the winner of the race, and sustained, the horses which run the dead heat shall be deemed to have run a dead heat for first place.

49.5. Owners shall divide equally all moneys and other prizes and if no agreement can be reached as to which of them shall receive a cup, plate or other indivisible prize, they shall draw lots for it in the presence of one or more of the stewards.

49.6. In case of a dead heat for "win," each of the horses involved is a winner for the purpose of these rules.

178-1-50. Paddock to post.

50.1. In a race each horse shall carry a conspicuous saddlecloth number and a head number, corresponding to his number on the official program. In the case of an entry, each horse making up the entry shall carry the same number (head and saddlecloth) with a distinguishing letter. For example, 1 - 1A. In the case of field, the horses comprising the field shall carry an individual number, i.e., 10, 11, 12 and so on or 10, 10A, 10B and so on.

50.2. Horses must be in the paddock at least twenty (20)

minutes before post time unless otherwise authorized by the stewards.

50.3. Every horse must be saddled by his trainer in the paddock unless special permission has been granted by the stewards to saddle elsewhere.

50.4. After entering the track not more than twelve (12) minutes shall be consumed in the parade of the horses to the post except in cases of unavoidable delay. After passing the stand once, horses will be allowed to break formation and canter, warm up or go as they please to the post unless otherwise directed by the stewards. When horses have reached the post, they will be started without unnecessary delay.

50.5. After the horses enter the track, no jockey shall dismount and no horse shall be entitled to the care of an attendant without consent of the stewards or the starter, and the horse must be free of all hands other than those of the jockey or assistant starter before the starter releases the barrier.

50.6. In case of accident to a jockey or to his mount or equipment, the stewards or the starter may permit the jockey to dismount and the horse to be cared for during the delay and may permit all jockeys to dismount and all horses to be cared for during the delay.

50.7. If a jockey is thrown on the way from the paddock to the post, the horse must be remounted, return to the point where the jockey was thrown and then proceed over the route of the parade to the post. Horse must carry his assigned weight from paddock to post and from post to finish.

50.8. If the jockey is so injured on the way to the post as to require another jockey, the horse shall be taken to the paddock and another jockey obtained, and then ridden over an uncompleted portion of the exact route of the parade to the starting point.

50.9. If a horse leaves the course while moving from paddock to post, he shall return to the course at the nearest practical point to that at which he left the course, and shall complete his parade to the post from the point at which he left the course.

50.10. No person shall willfully delay the arrival of a horse at the post.

50.11. No person other than the rider, starter or assistant starter shall be permitted to strike a horse or attempt, by shouting or otherwise, to assist it in getting a start.

178-1-51. Post to finish.

51.1. A jockey shall put forth every reasonable effort and exercise the greatest diligence in riding a race. If in the opinion of the stewards, a jockey does not put forth every reasonable effort or use proper diligence in the riding of a race, such jockey shall be subject to disciplinary action.

51.2. When clear, a horse may be taken to any part of the course, but no horse shall cross or weave in front of other

horses in such a way as to impede them or constitute or cause interference.

51.3. No horse or jockey shall willfully jostle another horse.

51.4. During a race, no jockey shall willfully strike, strike at or touch another jockey or another jockey's horse or equipment for the purpose of interfering with that horse or jockey.

51.5. No jockey shall unnecessarily cause his horse to shorten his stride with a view of complaint.

51.6. All horses shall be ridden out in every race and must carry their assigned weight from post to finish.

All horses are expected to give their best efforts in races in which they run, and any instruction or advice to jockeys to ride or handle their mounts otherwise than for the purpose of winning are forbidden and will subject all persons giving or following such instruction or advice to disciplinary action by the stewards and Commission.

51.7. If two (2) horses run in one (1) interest in any race, each shall give his best effort. The practice of declaring to win with one or the other of such horses will not be allowed.

51.8. If a horse, during the running of a race, becomes crippled or otherwise obviously unable to finish, (broken bone or profuse bleeding or any other equally disabling condition) he shall be dismounted, unsaddled and removed from the track without passing the stand and furthermore he shall under no circumstances be destroyed on the track or in the presence of the public unless authorized by the state veterinarian or his designee.

(a) If a bone is broken, horse will remain on the track until horse ambulance arrives and removes him.

(b) If destruction of animal is determined as necessary, said destruction will be accomplished by the track veterinarian through the use of a needle only.

(c) Jockey will not be required to weigh in.

51.9. During the running of the racing program, all unauthorized persons shall be excluded from the race course.

178-1-52. Illegal and corrupt practices.

52.1. All persons guilty of any dishonest or corrupt practices, fraudulent act, or other conduct detrimental to racing, including bookmaking, toutting or selling or purchasing mutuel tickets other than through mutuel machines, committed while within or without any racing enclosure, either a licensee or not, shall be ruled off all racing enclosures under the jurisdiction of the Commission, and it shall be the duty of stewards and those authorized by them to exclude from all places under their jurisdiction persons who commit such offenses or are so ruled off.

52.2. No racing official or his assistant, no owner, trainer, jockey, agent, no person having charge of or access to any race horse, nor any other person shall accept or offer

accept on his own behalf or on behalf of another, any gift or gratuity as a bribe.

52.3. No person shall give, offer, or promise, directly or indirectly, either in his own behalf or in behalf of another, any gift or gratuity with intent to bribe.

52.4. No person shall offer or receive money or any other benefit for declaring an entry from a race or for not entering a race.

52.5. No person shall conspire with any other person for the commission of, or connive with any other person in any corrupt or fraudulent practice in relation to racing nor shall he commit such an act on his own account.

52.6. No person shall make a bet for the account of any jockey except the owner or trainer of the horse the jockey is riding and then only on said horse.

52.7. No person shall offer or give a jockey any money or other benefit in relation to a race, unless said person is the owner or trainer of the horse ridden in said race by said jockey.

52.8. No person who has been convicted for illegal possession, sale or giving away of narcotics shall be permitted on the grounds of any association.

52.9. Any action or substance, drugs, or otherwise, which may interfere with the testing procedure is forbidden.

52.10. The owner or owners of any horse or horses disqualified shall be denied or shall promptly return any part of the purse or sweepstakes or any trophy or prize received and the same shall be redistributed by the stewards.

52.11. No person shall improperly tamper or attempt to tamper with any horse in such a way as to affect his speed in a race, nor shall he counsel or in any way aid or abet any such tampering.

52.12. No jockey's attendant shall make a bet on any race nor shall he place a bet for anyone else.

52.13. No person shall make a handbook or a foreign book on the grounds of an association.

52.14. No person shall solicit for or bet with a handbook or a foreign book on the grounds of an association. Resale of any mutuel ticket from an individual to another is prohibited and the transferer and transferee shall be permanently ejected from the grounds.

52.15. Any person having been convicted of a felony or a crime involving moral turpitude within the last ten (10) years shall be denied a license and/or excluded from the grounds of an association during the conduct of a racing meet.

52.16. No person who is known as or reputed to be a bookmaker, or a vagrant within the meaning of the statutes of West Virginia, or a fugitive from justice, or whose conduct at a race track in West Virginia, or elsewhere is or has been improper, obnoxious, unbecoming or detrimental to the best interest of racing, shall enter or remain upon the premises of any licensed association conducting a race meeting under the jurisdiction of this Commission, and all such persons shall, upon

discovery or recognition, be forthwith ejected.

52.17. No electrical or mechanical device, or other expedient designed to increase or decrease the speed of a horse, (or that would tend so to do) other than the ordinary whip, shall be possessed by any one or applied by any one to a horse at any time on the grounds of an association, during a meeting whether in a race or otherwise.

52.18. Any person, other than a veterinarian licensed by the West Virginia Racing Commission, who gives, uses or administers any analgesics or drugs of any kind whatsoever, allows or permits any other person to give, or administer any analgesics, or drugs of any kind whatsoever, to a horse within forty-eight (48) hours prior to the running of a horse in a race, must give notice to the stewards of the use or administering of said analgesics or drugs prior to the running of said race. Any such person failing to give such notice shall be suspended or his license revoked.

52.19. No person other than a veterinarian licensed by the West Virginia Racing Commission shall have in his possession within the confines of a race track or within the stables, buildings, sheds or grounds where horses are lodged or kept, which are eligible to race over a race track of an association holding a race meeting, any drugs or stimulants, hypodermic syringes, or hypodermic needles or similar instruments which may be used for injection.

52.20. Any horse that has been nerved at or above the fetlock ("high nerved") is prohibited from running in this state. All horses that have been nerved below the fetlock ("low nerved") shall be so designated on their Jockey Club Foal Certificate, and published on the bulletin board in the racing secretary's office. It is the responsibility of the trainer to notify the commission veterinarian of the horse's nerved status prior to the time that the horse is entered, and to provide verification from the practicing veterinarian who performed the neurectomy, if the foal papers have not been previously stamped by an official at another race track.

52.21. No licensee or other person under the jurisdiction of the Commission shall subject or permit any animal under his or her control, custody or supervision to be subjected to or to incur any form of cruelty, mistreatment, neglect or abuse or abandon, injure, maim or kill or administer any noxious substance to or deprive any animal of necessary care or sustenance, shelter or veterinary care.

178-1-53. Objections and protests.

53.1. The stewards shall take cognizance of foul riding and may entertain reports from other racing officials of the meeting whether or not formal complaint is made, otherwise no complaint shall be considered which comes from any person other than the jockey, trainer or owner of the horse interfered with.

53.2. If a horse is disqualified for a foul under these

rules, any other horse in the race owned wholly or in part by the same interest may also be disqualified. No refunds.

53.3. If a horse leaves the track after the "Start," he must be disqualified.

53.4. A protest, except a protest involving fraud, may be filed only by the owner (or his authorized agent), trainer, or jockey of a horse engaged in the race in which the protest is made or by a racing official of the meeting.

53.5. A protest involving fraud may be made by any person.

53.6. If a claimed horse has had a posterior digital (heel nerve) neurectomy and has not complied with requirements in Section 52.20 of these rules, the claimant shall have forty-eight (48) hours from the start of the race from which said horse was claimed to file a protest which must be supported by an affidavit made by a licensed veterinarian and the state veterinarian.

53.7. A protest, except a claim growing out of happenings in the running of the race, must be made in writing, signed by the complainant and filed with the stewards before post time of the race in question.

53.8. To merit consideration, any protest over the status of an alleged maiden must be made in writing, signed by the complainant, and filed with the stewards before the programmed post time for the race in which the protested maiden is scheduled to run.

53.9. A protest against a horse engaged in a race and filed with the stewards not less than sixty (60) minutes before post time, shall receive immediate consideration; and in default of proof within thirty (30) minutes of post time that the horse is qualified to start, the horse may be disqualified from starting.

53.10. To merit consideration, a protest against the programmed distance of a race must be made at least thirty (30) minutes before post time for that race, but nothing in this rule shall affect the rule for races run at a wrong distance as compared with the official program.

53.11. To merit consideration, a protest against a horse based on a happening in a race must be made to the stewards before the placing of the horses for that race has been officially confirmed.

53.12. If a jockey wishes to protest a happening in a race, he must so notify the clerk of the scales immediately upon his arrival at the scales for weighing-in.

53.13. Before the consideration for a protest, the stewards may demand a deposit of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) to be made with the racing secretary. This deposit shall be applied to the costs and expenses, as provided.

53.14. Any excess shall be refunded unless the protest is found to be frivolous, in which case the deposit may be assessed as a fine or a part thereof.

53.15. A person or persons lodging a protest must pay all costs and expenses incurred in determining the objection unless his objection is upheld, in which case the cost shall be paid by the offender.

53.16. Pending the determination of a protest, any money or prize won by a protested horse, or any other money affected by the outcome of the protest shall be paid to and held by the horsemen's bookkeeper until the protest is determined.

53.17. A protest may not be withdrawn without permission of the stewards.

53.18. No person shall make a frivolous protest.

53.19. The stewards shall keep a record of all protest and complaints and of any action taken thereon; and shall report both daily to the Racing Commission.

53.20. Unless otherwise provided herein, all protests must be filed in writing with the stewards within twenty-four (24) hours after the occurrence of the event upon which the protest is based.

178-1-54. Scale of weights for age.

54.1. The following is the scale of weights for age and shall be carried when not otherwise specified in the conditions of the races:

Distance	AGE	Jan. & Feb.	Mar. & April	May	June	July
One-Half Mile	2 yrs.					
	3 yrs.	117	119	121	123	125
	4 "	130	130	130	130	130
	5 " and up	130	130	130	130	130
Six Furlongs	2 yrs.					
	3 "	114	117	119	121	123
	4 "	129	130	130	130	130
	5 " and up	130	130	130	130	130
One Mile	2 yrs.					
	3 "	107	111	113	115	117
	4 "	127	128	127	126	126
	5 " and up	128	128	127	126	126
One Mile and a Quarter	2 yrs.					
	3 "	101	107	111	113	116
	4 "	125	127	127	126	126
	5 " and up	127	127	127	126	126
One Mile and a Half	2 yrs.					
	3 "	98	104	108	111	114
	4 "	124	126	126	126	126
	5 " and up	126	126	126	126	126
Two Miles	3 yrs.	96	102	106	109	112
	4 "	124	126	126	126	126
	5 " and up	126	126	126	126	126

DISTANCE	AGE	AUG.	SEPT.	OCT.	NOV. & DEC.
One-half Mile	2 yrs.	105	108	111	114
	3 "	126	127	128	129
	4 "	130	130	130	130
	5 " and up	130	130	130	130
Six Furlongs	2 yrs.	102	105	108	111
	3 "	125	126	127	128
	4 "	130	130	130	130
	5 " and up	130	130	130	130
One Mile	2 yrs.		96	99	102
	3 "	119	121	122	123
	4 "	126	126	126	126
	5 " and up	126	126	126	126
One Mile and a Quarter	2 yrs.				
	3 "	118	120	121	122
	4 "	126	126	126	126
	5 " and up	126	126	126	126
One Mile and a Half	2 yrs.				
	3 "	117	119	121	122
	4 "	126	126	126	126
	5 " and up	126	126	126	126
Two Miles	3 yrs.	114	117	119	120
	4 "	125	125	124	124
	5 " and up	125	125	124	124

54.2. In races of intermediate lengths, the weights for the shorter distance are carried.

54.3. In all races except handicaps and races where the conditions expressly state to the contrary, fillies two (2) years old are allowed three (3) pounds, and fillies and mares three (3) years old and upward are allowed five (5) pounds before the 1st of September and three (3) pounds afterwards.

54.4. Minimum weight in all overnight races for two (2) year olds, for three (3) year olds, or for four (4) year olds and upward shall be one hundred twelve (112) pounds subject to sex and apprentice allowance. This rule shall not apply to handicaps or to races written for three (3) year olds and upward.

178-1-55. Weighing out.

55.1. The specified jockeys shall be weighed out for their respective mounts in each race by the clerk of the scales not less than twenty (20) minutes before the time fixed for the race unless otherwise authorized by the stewards. In case of substitution of rider after the original rider has been weighed out, the substitute rider shall be weighed as promptly as possible and the name of the substitute and his weight publicly announced and posted.

55.2. No jockey may carry overweight in excess of two (2) pounds without permission of the owner or trainer and under no circumstances shall the overweight exceed five (5) pounds.

55.3. If the overweight is more than two (2) pounds in excess of the weight the horse is to carry (the owner or trainer consenting) the jockey shall declare the amount of overweight to the clerk of the scales at least forty-five (45) minutes before the time appointed for the race; and the clerk shall have the overweight posted immediately on the notice board or announced publicly. Failure on the part of any jockey to comply with rule shall be reported to the stewards.

55.4. If an underweight in excess of two (2) pounds is discovered after wagering has commenced and before the actual start, the horse shall be returned to the paddock and the weight corrected.

55.5. None of the following items should be included in a jockey's weight: Whip, head number, bridle, bit, reins, blinkers, number cloth or safety helmet.

55.6. The association shall provide the only attendants who will be permitted to assist jockeys in weighing out or at any other time while in the performance of their duties. The attendants shall be approved by the West Virginia Racing Commission and be licensed as such.

178-1-56. Weighing in.

56.1. After a race has been run and after he has pulled up the horse he has ridden, the jockey shall ride promptly to the unsaddling area and there dismount, after obtaining permission from the stewards and present himself to the clerk of the scales to be weighed in.

56.2. If a jockey is prevented from riding his mount to the unsaddling area because of an accident or of illness either to himself or his horse, he may walk or be carried to the scales or he may be excused by the stewards from weighing in. (In no case shall the jockey ride a horse bleeding profusely or crippled by a broken bone past the public stands, nor shall he attempt to lead him or have him led past the public stands.)

56.3. Except by permission of the stewards, every jockey must, upon returning to the unsaddling area, unsaddle the horse he has ridden and no person shall touch said horse except by his bridle.

56.4. No person shall assist a jockey in removing from his

horse the equipment that is to be included in the jockey weight, except by permission of the stewards.

56.5. No person shall throw any covering over any horse at the place of dismounting until the jockey has removed the equipment that is to be included in his weight.

56.6. No jockey shall, before weighing in, willfully touch any person or thing, other than the equipment that is to be included in his weight.

56.7. Each jockey shall, in weighing in, carry over the scales all pieces of equipment with which he weighed out. Thereafter he may hand it to his attendant.

56.8. Each jockey shall weigh in at the same weight as that at which he weighed out, and if short of it by more than two (2) pounds, his mount shall be disqualified.

56.9. No jockey shall weigh in at more than two (2) pounds over the weight at which he weighed out, except insofar as said weight may have been affected by the elements.

178-1-57. Workout.

57.1. Every commission licensee exercising a horse shall, upon request of an official timer, correctly state the distance over which such horse is to be worked and the point on the race track where it is intending to start the workout. He must identify the horse if requested to do so.

57.2. Permission must be obtained from a steward and the track superintendent to exercise a horse, on the track, between races.

57.3. When a horse is being so warmed up or exercised, public announcement shall be made, giving the name of the horse and explaining his presence on the track.

57.4. Any horse which has not raced for a period of sixty (60) days must have one (1) published workout or a workout certified by the official clocker and announced over the public address system prior to the horse starting.

178-1-58. Medication.

58.1. Blocking of horse's legs or ankles prohibited. -- The blocking of the nerves in a horse's leg or ankle by hypodermic injection or the use on a horse of so-called local anesthetics is prohibited at any time on a day when he is entered to run in a race.

58.2. Possession of certain drugs, instruments, appliances prohibited; penalty.

(a) No person, except licensed veterinarians, shall have in his possession within the enclosure or within grounds where horses are kept who are eligible to race over a race track of a recognized meeting, any drug which might affect the speed or actions of a horse, or hypodermic syringes or hypodermic needles or similar instruments which may be used for injection, or batteries, electrical or mechanical or other appliance which

might affect the speed or actions of a horse.

(b) Veterinarians practicing veterinary medicine on any race track where a race meeting is in progress or imminent shall use one (1) time disposable needles and shall dispose of them in an approved manner.

(c) Sterile equipment must be used for collecting samples for the saliva test. All types of instruments used for injections or skin penetration of horses including surgical tattooing must be properly cleaned and sterilized by boiling for fifteen (15) minutes or autoclaving for fifteen (15) minutes at fifteen (15) pounds pressure before use on each animal.

58.3. Use of special or medicated type bandage; record-- Permission for the use of any special or medicated type of bandage to be applied to the leg of a horse, entered to run in a race on the day of the race, shall be secured from the state veterinarian subject to the approval of the stewards. The state veterinarian shall keep a record of all details of such requests.

58.4. (a) The trainer shall be the absolute ensurer of and responsible for the condition of the horse entered in a race, regardless of the acts of third parties. Should the chemical, or other analysis of saliva, or urine samples, or other tests prove positive showing the presence of any narcotic, stimulant, depressant, local anesthetic, or any other drug or medication not authorized, the trainer of the horse may have any or all of the following penalties inflicted: Be fined, be suspended, his license revoked, or ruled off; and in addition the owner of the horse, the foreman in charge of the horse, the groom, and any other person shown to have had the care, or attendance, of the horse may have any or all of the following penalties inflicted: Be fined, be suspended, his license revoked, or ruled off.

(b) Any moneys won by a horse found to have been administered to as above, shall be forfeited and the same, upon its return, shall be redistributed.

58.5. Administration of phenothiazine. -- No person shall enter or permit to run in a race, any horse to which has been administered the drug phenothiazine, within two (2) weeks of such administration.

58.6 (a) No horse participating in a race shall carry in its body any drug substance, its metabolites or analogs which are foreign to the natural horse except as provided by these regulations.

(1) Phenylbutazone and oxyphenylbutazone to be administered in such dosage amount that the test sample shall not contain more than 5 micrograms of the drug substance, its metabolites and analogs per milliliter of blood plasma or more than 165 micrograms of the drug substance, its metabolites and analogs per milliliter of urine.

(2) Phenylbutazone and oxyphenylbutazone may be administered after the horse is entered to race, but in no event later than twenty-four (24) hours before post time of the race in which the horse is entered.

(3) A horse which during the race or immediately

following the running of a race before leaving the track proper, is found by the state veterinarian, to be shedding blood from one (1) or both nostrils, shall be placed on a bleeder list and is eligible to be treated on race day to prevent bleeding during its race with the medication furosemide (lasix).

(4) Any horse that is to be treated with furosemide (lasix) must be in the detention barn and treated by his regular veterinarian no later than four (4) hours prior to post time.

(5) Any person breaching the provisions of this rule shall be subject to fine, suspension or revocation of license.

(6) The West Virginia Racing Commission may issue orders governing medication procedures and related instructions, which orders amplify the provisions of this article.

(7) Any moneys and awards won by a horse found to have been in violation of these rules shall be forfeited, and the same shall be redistributed.

(B) If the stewards shall find that any masking or interfering agent, such as dipyrone, polyethelene glycol or anabolic steroid, is found in the post race urine the stewards shall impose such punishment and take such other action as they may deem proper under the rules.

(c) Should the analysis of any saliva, urine or other sample taken from any horse show the presence of any substance, which is the result of any oral, topical or injected medication, that has not been administered in accordance with these regulations, the trainer and any other person shown to have had the care or attendance of the horse may be fined or his license suspended, or both.

(d) Anything to the contrary herein notwithstanding, furosemide, phenylbutazone or any derivative or compound thereof shall not be administered to any two (2) year old horses.

58.7. Vendors of horse feed or medicine. -- Any vendor of horse feed or medicines, of any kind or description, shall file with the state veterinarian a list of products which he proposes to sell or deliver within the enclosure of a race track, and shall further submit any new preparation to be offered for sale for approval of the state veterinarian. Should such vendor offer any preparation not so approved, or not so listed, he shall be denied the privileges of the stable area.

178-1-59. Appeal and review.

59.1. A majority of the stewards at any horse race meeting may suspend a license and such suspension or revocation shall be effective immediately. The stewards shall, as soon as thereafter practicable, make and enter an order to that effect and serve a copy thereon on the license holder, either personally or by certified mail, return receipt requested. Such order shall state the grounds for the action taken.

59.2. Any person or persons penalized or disciplined under the laws of the State of West Virginia or under these Rules and Regulations may request a hearing before the Commission. A

written request for a hearing must be received by the Commission at its office in Charleston within twenty (20) days after receipt of the written order or suspension or revocation.

(a) The request for hearing shall be filed by the person making it and it must set forth his reason for believing he is entitled to a hearing.

(b) The request must be set forth if the petitioner desires a court reporter for transcribing of any testimony.

(c) Security for costs in the amount of one hundred dollars (\$100.) must accompany the appeal. In the event the Racing Commission deems the aforesaid security for costs insufficient as to amount, the additional security for cost specified by the Commission must be deposited at the Commission office within ten (10) days after notification.

59.3. An appeal from a decision of a racing official to the Commission shall not affect such decision until the appeal has been acted upon by the Commission.

59.4. Upon receipt of the written demand for such hearing, in accordance with Section 59.2. of these rules, a time and place not less than ten (10) nor more than thirty (30) days thereafter will be set by the Commission. Any scheduled hearing may be continued by the Racing Commission upon its own motion or for good cause shown by the person demanding the hearing.

59.5. Any person making an application for a hearing will be heard in person or by counsel, and if the party so desires, with the approval of the Commission, the party may submit his case in writing.

59.6. All complaints and requests to the Commission must be in writing and all papers filed with the Commission shall be the property of the Commission.

178-1-60. Mutuel department.

60.1. No association shall be licensed to hold a race meet by the Commission until a totalisator, approved by the Commission, has been installed to handle the pari-mutuel wagering. The cycle of frequency of change on the totalisator board shall not be more than sixty (60) seconds.

(a) All totalisator operators shall inform the Racing Commission of planned totalisator program modifications by completing the formal modification form which is supplied by the Racing Commission and sending such form to the Racing Commission at least two (2) weeks in advance of performing a software modification or change. In emergency situations, where programs are modified in response to operational problems, the form shall be prepared and forwarded to the Racing Commission immediately after the modification has been made. This form, too, would be applicable when planning or making hardware or peripheral equipment changes.

Totalisator operators shall undertake appropriate procedures in the presence of Racing Commission and association personnel to test software modifications and make available to the Racing

Commission, upon request, documentation of testing procedures and results including production of all affected reports. The Racing Commission reserves the right to review such test procedures and results prior to installation of a new version of a totalisator system within the State, upon the modification of existing systems or at any other time or under any other circumstances desired.

(b) All totalisator operators shall provide the Racing Commission with a list of its representatives authorized to have access to the totalisator room.

(c) All totalisator operators shall maintain, in conjunction with the association, a control log of keys to the totalisator room and to whom each is assigned. When an employee possessing a key to the totalisator room is no longer employed, the key shall be collected upon termination, alternatively, locks to the totalisator room shall be changed and new keys distributed. All keys providing entry to the totalisator room shall be non-duplicable.

(d) All associations shall authorize with Racing Commission approval specific individuals to have access to the room/facility housing totalisator computers. Further, a list of such authorized individuals, including their duties in the room shall be maintained and provided to Racing Commission representatives. Racing Commission representatives, as authorized by Racing Commission, shall be included among such authorized individuals.

(e) Associations must maintain appropriate facilities and enforce adequate procedures to insure the security of paper stock used for producing mutuel tickets. Specifically:

(1) Locked storage facilities shall be maintained for all ticket paper storage.

(f) All totalisator systems shall maintain at least two (2) independent sets of pool totals for comparison. In the event that a difference in final pool totals is encountered and it cannot be ascertained which pool is correct, the higher pool total shall be used in all calculations, including pay-off, commissions, etc. Any waiver provided hereto shall be considered only after a written request is made by the totalisator company to the Racing Commission detailing all the facts and circumstances for exemption of this rule. In any event, final approval and/or disapproval shall rest with the Racing Commission in granting or not granting a waiver.

(g) The sell/cash totalisator system shall have the capability to produce, upon request of the Racing Commission, a listing of the daily cashed tickets and "outs" tickets cashed by a seller-cashier, sorted by unique ticket number or time of cashing for each performance.

The association, upon request of the Racing Commission, shall produce by the unique ticket number:

(1) The corresponding daily cashed ticket requested by the Racing Commission.

(2) The corresponding cashed "outs" ticket requested by the Racing Commission.

Issued tickets may be cancelled only under the following conditions:

(A) Error on the part of the seller or when a patron claims that a ticket issued was not the one requested and such claim is made before the patron leaves the seller's window or subsequently when such claim is approved by the association mutuel manager or his designee; and

(B) Ticket issuing machine have not been locked by issue of the "stop betting" command; and

(C) The race for which the ticket was purchased has not officially started.

(h) The seller-cashier shall retain and account for all cashed, refunded and cancelled tickets. These cashed, refunded and cancelled tickets shall be retained by the association for a period of three (3) years from the date of filing of the outs ledger at the end of the ninety (90) days outs period with the Racing Commission or until all audit tests have been completed and a letter from the Racing Commission has been issued allowing for their disposal, whichever occurs first. The retention period for cashed, refunded and cancelled tickets shall also be applicable to used computer printouts as well as all other hard copy information described in any of these pari-mutuel rules as well as any other data generated by the computers and terminals that are related directly or indirectly to the pari-mutuel process.

(1) In the event a cashed ticket cannot be produced by the association prior to the date when disposal of the ticket is allowed, then the association shall pay to the Racing Commission the money equal to the amount of the ticket's winnings. The Racing Commission shall treat the payment as if it were money represented by the unclaimed, uncashed or abandoned ticket pursuant to section thirteen, article twenty-three, chapter nineteen of the West Virginia Code.

(2) In the event a refunded or cancelled ticket is not available for inspection, then sufficient supporting documentation, e.g., a ticket cancellation report or seller-cashier history, shall be made available upon request. In no event will a refunded or cancelled ticket which has been removed from the sell/cash totalisator system by a key board entry be accepted for credit unless the actual hard copy ticket is presented during the audit.

(i) Usage and storage of modem.

(a) The modem shall be secured in a locked cabinet under the dual control of representatives of the totalisator company and the association.

(b) An unpublished telephone line shall also be obtained for the exclusive use of modem sessions and the number shall be changed on a periodic basis. The timing, frequency and changing of the numbers shall be at the sole discretion and direction of the Racing Commission.

(j) Physical security of the computer room:

(a) Fire extinguisher specifically designed for

electronic data processing equipment shall be installed at various key locations.

(b) Glass windows permitting public viewing of computer room operations shall be composed of shatterproof glass.

(c) Backup tapes for production data and program files shall be stored in a protected area that is fireproof and secure.

(k) Maintenance of emergency electrical generator.

(a) The backup electrical generator shall be started and tested at least weekly to insure its reliability in the event of a power failure.

(b) Such testing shall be logged in a record to be maintained by the association and be made available to the Racing Commission upon request.

60.2. Each racing association must in all cases of pari-mutuel pool distribute not less than two dollars and twenty cents (\$2.20) on each winning two dollar (\$2.00) wager.

60.3. If more than five (5) separate interests are declared official starters by the board of stewards, there must be win, place and show wagering in the pari-mutuels. If more than four (4) separate interests are declared official starters by the board of stewards, there must be at least win and place wagering in the pari-mutuels.

60.4. The result of every race is determined insofar as the mutuel pay off is affected when it is posted as "Official" and, an immediate distribution of the respective pools is required, no subsequent change in the order of finish shall involve the mutuel department.

60.5. All horses in the name of the same owner and/or under the care of the same trainer shall, when entered to race, be coupled as an "Entry"; a wager on any one of them being a wager on all; the entry running as one (1) horse. If a horse or horses of either an "Entry" or "The Field" are scratched or excused and there remains at least one (1) horse in the entry or field, all wagers made on the entry or field stand and no refund is to be made. In all simulcast races conducted in West Virginia, the provisions of Section 60.7 of these rules shall be in full force and effect.

60.6. If the stewards or the veterinarian excuse a horse or horses and order the horse or horses scratched, before they are locked in the gate, and such action reduces the number of horses in separate interests actually engaged in the race below the number required for show or place betting, refunds may be made of the place and show pools, either or both, to bring the number of horses in separate interests within the required minimum of horses necessary for such pools.

60.7. If any horse or horses should be excused by the stewards after the horses shall have left the paddock for the post, the money bet on any horse or horses so excused shall be deducted from the pool and refunded to the purchaser or purchasers of tickets on the horse or horses so excused: Provided, That after the start, there shall be no refund.

60.8. All payments to holders of tickets entitled to share

in the distribution of the respective pools shall be in proportion to their investment in the horse or horses sharing in the distribution from these pools; reference to payments out of pools, meaning the distributable portion thereof; but refunds when made include all the money in the pool or pools to which they apply.

60.9.---Should there be any error in calculation where the public is underpaid, the amount of the underpay shall be added to the same pool on the next race.---If such an error should result in the public being overpaid, the amount of the overpay will be chargeable against the funds of the racing association.

60.10. No association shall recognize either during the course of a race meeting or thereafter, any claim on pari-mutuel tickets unless a valid pari-mutuel ticket is presented. To be deemed a valid pari-mutuel ticket such ticket should have been issued by a pari-mutuel ticket machine operated by the association and recorded as a ticket entitled to a share of the pari-mutuel pool and contain imprinted information as to:

- (a) The name of the association operating the meeting.
- (b) The date of the wagering transaction.
- (c) A unique identifying number or code.
- (d) The race number for which the pool is conducted.
- (e) The type or types of wager represented.
- (f) The number or numbers representing the wagering interests for which the wager is recorded.
- (g) The amount or amounts of the contributions to the pari-mutuel pool for which the ticket is evidence.
- (h) No mutilated ticket may be paid by the association if the following is missing.

- (1) A unique identifying number or code.

No pari-mutuel ticket recorded or reported as previously paid, cancelled or non-existent shall be deemed a valid pari-mutuel ticket by the association.

60.11. If two (2) horses run a dead heat for first place, the money in the "Straight" mutuel pool is divided the same as in the "Place" pool calculation.

60.12.---If two (2) horses run a dead heat for second place, the division is as follows: The winner of the race receives his full share of one half of the "Place" money, and the two (2) dead heaters receive one-half each of the balance or one-fourth each of the whole.

60.13. If a horse should run second upon which no "place" ticket has been sold, all the "place" pool is apportioned to the "place" tickets sold on the horse that finished first, there being only one (1) participating ticket and not two (2) as usual, the calculation being the same as in a "straight" pool.

60.14. If a horse should finish third upon which no "show" ticket has been sold, all of the "show" pool is divided between the "show" tickets sold on the horses that finished first and second, there being but two (2) participating tickets and not three (3) as usual the calculation being the same as in the "place" pool.

60.15. If only one (1) horse finished in a race, all money in the "place" and "show" pools goes to the holders of "place" and "show" tickets on this one (1) horse, the money being distributed as in a "straight" pool. If only two (2) horses finish in a race, all money in the "show" pool goes to the holders of "show" tickets on these two (2) horses, the money being distributed as in a "place" pool.

60.16. If no horse finishes, all money shall be refunded.

60.17. The state steward shall close and lock all mutuel machines at the scheduled post time as shown on the field mutuel board.

60.18. Each association shall maintain suitable electric apparatus for locking the totalisator windows. It shall be operated from the steward's stand by one (1) of the stewards designated for this duty.

60.19. While the betting is in progress, there shall be frequent posting of the approximate odds on the horses taking part in the race, "entries" being listed on the odds board as one (1) horse, and, likewise, the "field" when either or both are a part of the race.

60.20. Suitable apparatus must be provided whereby notice is given to the mutuel department (1) that the horses that are to run are on the track after leaving the paddock; (2) that they are parading; (3) that the lead pony has just reached the starting gate; and (4) that the horses are off.

60.21. Totalisator adjustments will be summarized at the close of each meeting, and, if the net result is a credit to the company operating the totalisator, then the auditor of pari-mutuels will obtain a check from the company for the amount of the net credit, made payable to the West Virginia Racing Commission, which said Commission will deposit with the State Treasurer.

60.22. Daily double rules shall be as follows:

(a) The daily double is not a parlay and has no connections with or relation to the mutuel betting. All tickets on the daily double will be calculated in an entirely separate pool. All tickets will be to win (straight) only. No "entry" or "field" shall be permitted in any race involved in the daily double.

(b) If no ticket is sold combining the two (2) winners, the daily double pool then shall be apportioned equally between those having tickets including the winner in the first race and those having tickets including the winner in the second race, in the same manner in which a "place" pool is calculated and distributed.

(c) If no ticket is sold including the winner of the first race, the entire pool will be paid to holders of tickets which include the winner of the second race of the daily double.

(d) Likewise, if no ticket is sold including the winner of the second race, then the entire pool will be paid to holders of tickets which include the winner of the first race of the daily double.

(e) If no ticket is sold including the winner of either race, then the pool shall be paid to the holders of tickets which include the horses finishing second in the two (2) races of the daily double.

(f) If no ticket is sold which would require distribution of the daily double pool, the association shall make a complete and full refund of the pool.

(g) If, for any reason, the first race of the daily double is canceled and declared "No Race," full and complete refund will be made of the daily double pool. If, for any reason, the second race of a daily double is canceled and declared "No Race," the daily double pool shall be distributed to the holders of the daily double tickets on the winner of the first race in the same manner as the straight pool of the first race is distributed, except as to the amount of distribution which shall be controlled by the amount bet in the daily double pool.

(h) If after the first half of the daily double has been run and declared "Official" a horse is excused or scratched in the second half of the daily double then a consolation pay-off shall be made to holders of the daily double to the excused or scratched horse of the second half of the daily double computed in the following manner:

The net daily double pool (gross pool less commission) shall be divided by the total number of tickets sold combining the winner of the first half, the quotient thus obtained shall constitute the consolation pay off, to be paid to holders of each ticket combining the winner of the first half and the scratched or excused horse in the second half. The entire consolation pool (number of eligible tickets times the consolation price), and not the breakage, shall be deducted from the net daily double pool. The remaining pool is the new net pool for the daily double.

(i) If holder of tickets loses the first race of the daily double and the horse is scratched in the second race, no money shall be refunded.

(j) Rescinded.

(k) Before the running of the second half of the daily double, the pay off prices of each combination coupled with the first winner shall be prominently posted, unless the first race of the daily double has resulted in a dead heat in which case the prices will not be posted and an announcement to this effect will be made over the loud speaker.

60.23. No association holding a race meeting under a license issued by the West Virginia Racing Commission shall permit bets to be made on the grounds of said association on any race run outside of said grounds and no foreign book or gambling device of any kind shall be permitted on said grounds.

60.24. Such rules for pari-mutuel betting as may be specified by the Commission shall be printed in the daily racing programs sold to the public within the premises of racing association.

60.25. Perfecta wagering:

(a) The "perfecta" form of wagering may be permitted by permission of the Commission upon application of the licensee.

(b) The perfecta is a contract by the purchaser of a ticket combining two (2) horses in a single race, selecting the two (2) horses that will subsequently finish first and second in that race. Payment of the ticket shall be made only to the purchaser who has selected the same order of finish as officially posted.

(c) The perfecta is not a parlay and has no connection with or relation to the win, place and show betting and will be calculated as an entirely separate pool.

(d) In the event no ticket is sold on the winning combination of a perfecta pool, the net pool shall be apportioned equally between those having selected the winner and those having selected the horse finishing second in the same manner in which a place pool is calculated.

(e) In case of a dead heat between two (2) horses for first place, the net perfecta pool shall be calculated as a place pool to holders of tickets of the winning combination(s). In case of a dead heat between two (2) horses for second place, the perfecta pool shall be calculated as a place pool, the holders of tickets combining the winning horse and the two (2) horses finishing second participating in the pay off.

(f) In the event of any entry finishing first and second, the net exacta or perfecta pool shall be distributed to holder of tickets combining the entry with the horse finishing third.

(g) If a horse(s) in a race on which there is perfecta wagering is excused by the stewards, all moneys wagered on combinations which include this horse shall be deducted from the perfecta pool and refunded to the purchaser of tickets on the horse(s).

(h) If no ticket is sold that would require distribution of a perfecta pool, the association shall make a complete and full refund of perfecta pool.

60.26. Big perfecta wagering.

(a) The "Big Perfecta" is a form of pari-mutuel wagering in which the bettor selects two (2) horses, that will finish first and second in each of the two (2) races in the exact order as officially posted.

(b) "Big perfecta" tickets shall be sold only at perfecta windows by the licensee and only from automatic double issue machines.

(c) Each bettor purchasing "big perfecta" tickets shall designate his two selections as the first two (2) horses to finish in that order in the first race of the two designated races.

(d) After the official declaration of the first two (2) horses to finish in the first race of the "big perfecta", each bettor holding a ticket combining the first two (2) horses in the exact order of finish must, prior to the running of the second "big perfecta" race exchange such winning tickets for a "big perfecta" exchange ticket at the perfecta windows and at such time shall select the two (2) horses to finish in the second race of the "big perfecta" in the exact order as officially posted. No further money shall be required of the holder of the ticket in order to make the exchange.

(e) No "big perfecta" exchange ticket upon the second race shall be issued except upon the surrender of the "big perfecta" ticket from the first race as described in these rules. The "big perfecta" pool obtained from the sales of "big perfecta" tickets upon the first race shall be held subject to those rules, and divided among the winning tickets of the "big perfecta" exchange tickets, subject to these rules to the contrary. "Perfecta" windows shall be open for the purpose of making the exchange as described only after the first race has been declared official and such windows shall close at official post time at the start of the second race of the "big perfecta" races.

(f) If a winning "big perfecta" ticket from the first race is not presented for exchange within the time provided, the bettor forfeits all rights to any distribution or refund except in the event the second half of the "big perfecta" is canceled or declared "no race" or if no exchange ticket includes either the first or second horse of the second half of the "big perfecta". (See P)

(g) If a horse is scratched in the first race of the "big perfecta" races, all "big perfecta" tickets on the scratched horse will be refunded.

(h) If a horse is scratched in the second race of the "big perfecta", all exchange tickets combining the scratched horse shall become consolation tickets and shall be paid a price per dollar denomination calculated as follows: the net "big perfecta" pool (gross pool less commission) shall be divided by the total purchase price of all tickets combining the winners of the first race of the "big perfecta". The quotient thus obtained shall be the price to be paid to holders of exchange tickets combining the scratched horse in the second race of the "big perfecta". The entire consolation pool (number of eligible tickets times the consolation price) plus the breakage shall be deducted from the net "big perfecta" pool.

(i) If no "big perfecta" ticket is sold as a winning combination in the first race of the "big perfecta", the net "big perfecta" pool shall be divided among those having tickets including the horse finishing first.

or second and such distributions shall be calculated and made as a place pool, in such an instance the "big perfecta" race shall end and the pool be closed for the day.

(j) If no big perfecta ticket is sold designating a horse finishing first or second in the first race of the big perfecta then the gross pool shall be refunded.

(k) If no "big perfecta" exchange ticket is sold on the winning combination, the net "big perfecta" pool shall then be apportioned equally between those having tickets including the horse finishing first and those having tickets including the horse finishing second in the same manner in which a place pool is calculated and distributed.

(l) If a "big perfecta" exchange ticket combines only one of the two winners and no "big perfecta" exchange ticket combines the other winner, the entire pool shall be distributed as a straight pool to the holders of those tickets.

(m) If no exchange ticket includes either the first or second horse of the second half of the "big perfecta", the entire net pool shall be distributed as a straight pool to all holders of exchange tickets and winning combinations of the first half that have not been exchanged.

(n) In the event of a dead heat for place in the first race of the "big perfecta" races, all "big perfecta" tickets combining the first horse and either of the place horses shall be eligible for exchange for "big perfecta" exchange tickets.

(o) In the event of a dead heat for place in the second race of the "big perfecta" races, the net "big perfecta" pool shall be divided, calculated and distributed as a place pool to the holders of "big perfecta" exchange tickets combining the first horse and either of the place horses. In the event of the dead heat to place and there are no tickets sold on one combination, then the other combination having winning horses shall be declared the winner. If no exchange tickets combine the winning horse with either of the place horses in the dead heat, the net "big perfecta" pool shall be calculated and distributed as a place to holders of tickets representing any interest in the net pool.

(p) If for any reason the second of the "big perfecta" races is canceled or declared no race, the pool shall be calculated as a straight pool and shall be distributed among the holders of the tickets combining the first two horses, players of the first race of the "big perfecta" otherwise eligible for "big perfecta" exchange tickets and also distributed to holders of the "big perfecta" exchange tickets.

(q) If there is a dead heat for the winning horse in either of the two designated races for the "big perfecta" such calculation of distribution of the net "big perfecta" pool shall be made in the manner in which any ordinary perfecta pool would be made should there be a dead heat for the win despite the number of horses involved in the dead heat.

(r) The word "perfecta" used in these rules is to be construed to mean "exacta" where "exacta" wagering is conducted.

60.26. Big Perfecta Wagering

(a)-The big perfecta is a form of pari-mutuel wagering in which the bettor selects two (2) horses that will finish first and second in each of two (2) designated races in the exact order as officially posted.

(b)-Each bettor shall select on one (1) ticket the two (2) horses that will finish first and second in each of two (2) consecutive designated races in the exact order as officially posted. Tickets are to be sold for both of the two (2) races prior to the first race of the races without any exchange of tickets between the first and second race.

(c)-"Big Perfecta" tickets shall be sold only by the licensee for not less than two dollars (\$2.00) and only from machines capable of issuing tickets in the manner prescribed by section b of this rule. Resale of such tickets from one individual to another is prohibited and shall be grounds for ejection.

(d)-The division of the net pool shall be calculated as in a straight pool, subject to the provisions of these rules to the contrary.

(e)-If a horse is scratched in either of the two (2) races designated as the big perfecta races before the running of the first of these races, then no further big perfecta tickets may be issued designating such horse and all big perfecta tickets previously issued designating such horse shall be refunded and the money deducted from the gross pool.

(f)-If a horse is scratched in the second race, after the running of

the first race, of the big perfecta races, then all big perfecta tickets having the exact order as officially posted for the first race of the big perfecta races and also combining the scratched horse shall become consolation tickets and shall be paid a price per dollar denomination calculated as follows:--the net big perfecta pool--(gross pool--less commission)--shall be divided by the purchase price of all tickets combining the winners of all tickets combining the winners of the first race of the big perfecta. The quotient thus obtained shall be the price to be paid to all big perfecta tickets having the exact order as officially posted for the first race of the big perfecta races and combining the scratched runner in second race of the big perfecta. The entire consolation pool (number of eligible tickets times the consolation price) plus the breakage shall be deducted from the net big perfecta pool.

(g)--If no big perfecta ticket is sold as a winning combination in the first race of the big perfecta, the big perfecta pool shall be divided among those having tickets including the horse finishing first or second and such distributions shall be calculated and made as a place pool, and in such an instance, the big perfecta race shall end and the pool be closed.

(h)--If no big perfecta ticket is sold designating a horse finishing first or second in the first race of the big perfecta then the gross pool shall be refunded.

(i)--If the first half of the big perfecta is cancelled or declared "no race" then the big perfecta shall be declared off and the gross pool refunded.

(j)--If no big perfecta ticket that is eligible for further participation after the first race includes the winning combination for the second race, then the net pool shall be apportioned equally between those having tickets including the horse finishing first and those having tickets including the horse finishing second in the same manner in which a place pool is calculated and distributed.

(k)--If a big perfecta ticket that is eligible for further participation after the first race combines only one of the two (2) winners for the second race and no big perfecta ticket that is eligible for further participation after the first race combines the other winner, then the entire pool shall be distributed as a straight pool to holders of those tickets.

(l)--If no big perfecta tickets that is eligible for further participation after the first race includes either the first or second runner of the second race of the big perfecta, then the entire net pool shall be distributed as a straight pool to all holders of big perfecta tickets that were eligible for further participation after the first race.

(m)--In the event of a two (2) horse dead heat for place in the first race of the big perfecta races, all big perfecta tickets combining the first horse and either of the place horses shall be eligible for further participation.

(n)--In the event of a two (2) horse dead heat for place in the second race of the big perfecta races, the big perfecta pool shall be divided, calculated and distributed as a place pool to the holders of all big perfecta tickets having the exact order as officially posted for the

first-race-in-combination-with-the-first-horse-and-either-of-the-place horses-in-the-second-race-of-the-big-perfecta.--In-the-event-of-a-two-(2) horse-dead-heat-to-place-in-the-second-race-and-there-are-no-tickets-with one-(1)-combination,-then-the-ether-combination-having-winning-horses shall-be-declared-the-winner.--If-no-big-perfecta-tickets-that-are eligible-for-further-participation-after-the-first-race-combine-the winning-horses-with-either-of-the-place-horses-in-the-dead-heat,-the-big perfecta-pool-shall-be-calculated-and-distributed-as-a-place-pool-to-the big-perfecta-ticket-holders-eligible-for-further-participation-after-the first-race-who-combine-with-the-horse-finish-first-in-the-second-race and-the-big-perfecta-ticket-holders-eligible-for-further-participation after-the-first-race-who-combine-with-either-of-the-dead-heat-place.

-In-the-event-of-a-triple-dead-heat-for-place-in-the-first-or-second race-of-the-big-perfecta,-three-(3)-winning-combinations-result.--Prices will-be-computed-using-the-show-pool-calculation-procedure.

-In-the-event-of-a-dead-heat-for-place-in-both-races-of-the-big perfecta,-four-(4)-two-(2)-runner-dead-heats-or-six-(6)-triple-dead heats-combinations-result.--Prices-are-computed-in-the-same-manner-as the-show-pool-except-that-the-total-dividend-is-divided-into-four-(4)-or six-(6)-equal-parts,-as-appropriate.

--(e)-If-there-is-a-dead-heat-for-the-winning-horse-in-either-of-the two-(2)-consecutive-races-for-the-big-perfecta,-ticket-holders-combining those-horses-in-either-order-will-participate-in-the-big-perfecta-as prescribed-in-these-rules.

-If-for-any-reason-the-second-race-of-the-big-perfecta-races-is cancelled-or-declared-"no-race"-then-the-pool-shall-be-calculated-as-a straight-pool-and-shall-be-distributed-among-the-big-perfecta-ticket holders-eligible-for-further-participation-after-the-first-race.

(p)-The-word-"perfecta"-used-in-these-rules-is-to-be-construed-to mean-"exacta"-where-exacta-wagering-is-conducted.

(q)-Other-than-those-designated-by-the-auditor-of-pari-mutuels,-no person-shall-have-access-to-the-information-that-is-shown-on-the-computer printouts-or-any-other-source--concerning-the-number-of-tickets-sold-in the-big-perfecta-or-the-number-or-amount-of-tickets-selecting-winners-of the-big-perfecta-races-prior-to-the-time-the-officials-have-determined the-last-race-comprising-the-big-perfecta-of-each-performance-to-be official.

60.27. Trizacta. -- Trifecta wagering.

(a) Trizacta is a contract between purchaser of a ticket combining three (3) horses in a single race, selecting the three (3) horses that will finish first, second and third in that race.

(b) Trizacta tickets shall be sold in not less than two dollars (\$2.00) denominations and only from three (3) number issuing machines.

(c) Races in which trizacta pools shall be conducted shall be approved by the Racing Commission and shall be clearly designated in the program.

(d) The design of trizacta tickets shall be clearly and immediately distinguishable from other pari-mutuel tickets.

(e) If less than three (3) horses finish, payoff shall be made on tickets selecting the actual finishing horses in order, ignoring the balance of the selection.

(f) Payment of the ticket will be made only to the purchaser who has selected the same order of finish as officially posted.

(g) The trizacta is not a parlay and has no connection with or relation to the win, place or show betting and will be calculated in an entirely separate pool.

(h) If a horse is scratched or declared a nonstarter, no further trizacta tickets may be issued designating such horse and all tickets previously issued designating such horse shall be refunded and money deducted from the gross pool.

(i) If no ticket is sold on a winning combination of a trizacta pool, the net pool shall then be apportioned equally between those having tickets selecting the first and second place horses. If no ticket is sold selecting the first and second horse in the trizacta pool, the net pool shall then be apportioned equally between those having tickets selecting the horse or horses that finished first in the trizacta race. Should no selection be made as above mentioned, the net pool shall be apportioned equally between those having selected the horse finishing second combined with the horse finishing third.

(j) Should no selection be made as above mentioned, those having selected the second horse for second and the third horse for third with any other horses, contrary to the win, place and show pool practice, the aggregate number of tickets as mentioned in this paragraph shall divide the net pool and be paid the same payoff price.

(k) In case of a dead heat for first place, the winning combination shall include the first two (2) horses as finishing in either position, and the horse finishing third. In case of a dead heat to place, the winning combination shall be the horse finishing first and the two (2) horses finishing in a dead heat

for place, as finishing in either position. In case of a dead heat for third, the winning combination shall be the horse finishing first, the horse finishing second and the two (2) horses finishing in a dead heat for third, as finishing in either position and distribution shall be made in accordance with established pari-mutuel practice relative to dead heats.

(l) Should no ticket be sold that would require distribution of the trizacta pool to a winner as above defined, the association shall make full refund of the pool.

(m) No entries or field horses shall be allowed to start in any race on which trizacta pool is sold.

60.28. Should any emergency arise in connection with the operation of the mutuel department not covered by these rules and immediate decision is necessary, the mutuel manager shall make the decision and a prompt report of the facts will be made to the Racing Commission. If an error is made in posting the odds or the payoff figures on the public board, it shall be corrected promptly and only the correct amounts shall be used in the payoff, irrespective of the error that may have appeared on the public board. If because of mechanical failure it is impossible to promptly correct the posted payoff, a statement shall be made over the public address system stating the facts and corrections.

60.29. Jackpot or superfecta wagering.

(a) The jackpot or superfecta is a form of pari-mutuel wagering in which each bettor selects, in order, the first, second, third and fourth placed runners in the designated jackpot or superfecta race, the pool shall be held entirely separate from all other pools, and is no part of a daily double, exacta, trizacta, trifecta or other wagering pool.

(b) Tickets shall be sold in not less than two dollars (\$2.00) denominations and only from machines capable of issuing four (4) numbers.

(c) Races in which jackpot or superfecta pools shall be conducted shall be approved by the Commission and shall be clearly designated in the program.

(d) The design of jackpot or superfecta tickets shall be clearly and immediately distinguishable from other pari-mutuel tickets.

(e) Scratch: If a runner is scratched or declared a nonstarter, no further tickets may be issued designating such runner and all tickets previously issued designating such runner shall be refunded and the money deducted from the gross pool.

(f) Failure to select a winning combination, short finishes.

(1) If there is a failure to select, in order, the first four (4) runners, payoff shall be made on tickets selecting the first three (3) runners in order, failure to select the first three (3) runners, payoff to tickets selecting the first two (2) runners, failure to select the first two (2) runners, payoff to tickets selecting the winner to win. Should no selection be made

as above mentioned the net pool shall be apportioned equally between those having selected the runner finishing second combined with the runner finishing third and the runner finishing fourth.

(2) Should no selection be made as above mentioned, the net pool shall be apportioned equally between those having selected the runner finishing third combined with the runner finishing fourth.

(3) Should no selection be made as above mentioned, the net pool shall be apportioned equally between those having selected the second runner for second, third runner for third and the fourth runner for fourth with any other runner and contrary to win, place and show pool practice, the aggregate number of tickets as mentioned in this paragraph shall divide the net pool and be paid the same payoff.

(4) If less than four (4) runners finish, payoff shall be made on tickets selecting the actual finishing runners in order, ignoring the balance of the selection.

(5) Dead Heats: In the event of a dead heat or dead heats, all tickets selecting the correct order of finish, counting a runner in a dead heat as finishing in either position dead heated, shall be winning tickets, and distribution shall be made in accordance with established pari-mutuel practice relative to dead heats.

(6) This rule shall be prominently displayed throughout the betting area of each track conducting the jackpot and superfecta and printed copies of this rule shall be distributed by the track to patrons upon request.

60.30. Quinella wagering.

(a) The "Quinella" is a contract by the purchaser of a ticket combining two (2) horses in a single race, selecting the first two (2) finishers in either order. It is not a parlay, has no connection with win, place, show betting and is calculated as an entirely separate pool.

(b) Entries shall be allowed in a quinella race.

(c) All quinella tickets will be for win and place only.

(d) Scratched or excused horses.

Should any horse or horses entered in a quinella race be scratched or excused by the stewards after wagering has commenced or should any horse or horses be prevented from racing because of the failure of the stall doors of the starting gate to open, all tickets including such horses shall be deducted from the quinella pool and the money refunded to the purchasers of the tickets on the horse or horses so excused or prevented from racing.

(e) Winning quinella combination - entry finishing one (1) - two (2).

The winning quinella combination shall be the first two (2) horses to finish the race. The order in which the horses finish is immaterial, except in the event the first two (2).

horses to finish comprise an entry. Then the third horse or horses to finish along with the horses comprising the entry shall be the winning combination.

(f) Individual winners - payoff on win and place selections.

Should there be no tickets sold on the winning combination in a quinella race, any and all quinella tickets bearing the number of the individual win horse and any and all quinella tickets bearing the number of the individual place horse shall be deemed winning tickets and the payoff shall be calculated as a place pool.

(g) No complete combination or win selection.

Should there be no tickets sold on the winning combination in a quinella race and should there be no quinella tickets sold with the number of the individual win horse, any and all quinella tickets bearing the number of the individual place horse shall be deemed winning tickets and the payoff shall be calculated as a win pool.

(h) No complete combination or place selection.

Should there be no tickets sold on the winning combination in a quinella race and should there be no quinella tickets sold bearing the number of the individual place horse, any and all quinella tickets bearing the number of the individual win horse shall be deemed winning tickets and the payoff shall be calculated as a win pool.

(i) Only one (1) horse finishes.

Should, after an official start is effected, only one (1) horse finish the quinella race, the total money is calculated as a win pool, with those having selected that one (1) horse participating in the division of the pool.

(j) Two (2) horse dead heat - win position.

Should there be a two (2) horse dead heat for win, the two (2) horses involved in the dead heat shall be the winners of the quinella race.

(k) Two (2) horse dead heat - place position.

Should a two (2) horse dead heat for place result in a race, the total pool is calculated as a place pool, the holders of tickets combining the winner with either of the horses finishing second participating in the payoff. If no ticket is sold on one (1) of the two (2) winning combinations, the entire net pool shall be calculated as a win pool and distributed to those holding tickets on the winning combination.

(l) Quinella refund.

If no ticket is sold that would require distribution of a quinella pool to a winner as above defined, the association shall make a complete and full refund of the quinella pool.

(m) Patron information.

Each licensee shall either print in the daily program, or prominently post in all areas where quinella wagering is

conducted a copy of this rule, or notice to the effect that a copy of quinella rules are available upon request at the information window.

60.31. If a horse should be adjudged to have finished first in a race, and no money has been wagered on such horse in the win pool, the net win pool shall be distributed to those bettors who wagered therein (win pool) on the horse adjudged to have finished second.

60.32. Pick six wagering.

(a) The pick six is a form of pari-mutuel wagering. The pick six is not a parlay and has no connection with or relation to any other pari-mutuel pool made and conducted by an association, nor is the pick six connected with or related to any win, place and show pool shown on the totalisator board, nor is it governed by any Commission rules pertaining to the distribution of any other pari-mutuel pools. Each person participating in a pick six pool selects the entry or field for win in each of six (6) contests designated by the association with the approval of the Racing Commission. The six (6) contests so designated comprise the pick six for that performance. The association issues the pick six participant a ticket which reflects the participant's selection in the six (6) designated contests.

(b) A validly issued pick six ticket timely surrendered to the association by the legal holder thereof shall be the only evidence of a person's participation in a pick six pari-mutuel pool. The acceptance of a pick six ticket by taking an issued ticket away from the window or terminal from which it is purchased shall constitute an acknowledgement by the purchaser of the correctness of the ticket and each purchaser of a pick six ticket agrees to be bound by the terms and provisions of this and all other applicable Commission Rules and Regulations and by the laws of the State of West Virginia pertaining to pari-mutuel wagering. Neither the association, totalisator company nor the State of West Virginia shall be liable to any person for any ticket which is not a winning ticket in accordance with the provisions of this rule nor shall they, or any of them, be liable to any person for any pick six ticket not delivered for any reason, including, but not limited to, mechanical malfunction, electrical failure, machine locking or other cause.

(c) In all horse racing contests, those horses constituting an entry of coupled horses or those horses grouped to constitute the field in a race included in the pick six shall race as a single wagering interest for the purpose of the pick six pari-mutuel pool calculations and payouts to a winner. However, if any wagering interest is a starter in a race, the entry or the field selection shall remain as the designated selection to win in that race for the pick six calculation and the pari-mutuel ticket shall not be withdrawn from that pool. Entries or fields

shall be permitted in races constituting the Pick Six.

(d) (1) Pick six shall be composed of two (2) separate and distinct pari-mutuel pools. Seventy-five percent (75%) of the gross amount of all sums wagered on pick six tickets on each performance shall be paid into a pari-mutuel pool to be known as "Big Six". The remaining twenty-five percent (25%) of the gross amount of all sums wagered on pick six tickets for that performance shall be paid into a pari-mutuel pool to be known as "The Little Six".

(2) Subject to the provisions of this rule pertaining to refunds and after the deduction of all legal sums therefrom, the net amount in the "Big Six" pool subject to distribution among winning ticket holders shall be distributed only among the holders of pick six tickets which correctly designate all six (6) official winners of the six (6) contests comprising the pick six for that performance.

(3) Subject to the provisions of this rule pertaining to refunds and after deduction of all legal sums therefrom, the net amount in the "The Little Six" pool subject to distribution among winning ticket holders shall be distributed among the holders of pick six tickets which correctly designate the most official winners of the six (6) contests comprising the pick six for that performance.

(4) In the event there is no pick six tickets issued which would entitle the ticket holder to the "Big Six", then, and in such event, the entire "Big Six" shall be carried over and included in the "Big Six" pool for the next performance. The "Big Six" shall be supplemented each performance by the amount added thereto from all previous performance's "Big Six" pools that have not been won by a holder of a pick six ticket which correctly selects all six (6) official winners of the six (6) contests comprising the pick six (6) for any performance.

(5) In the event the accumulated "Big Six" has not been distributed prior to the closing day of the calendar year in which the "Big Six" was generated the accumulated "Big Six" and the net amount in the "The Little Six" pool subject to distribution among winning ticket holders shall be distributed among closing day holders of pick six tickets which correctly designate the most official winners of the six (6) contests comprising the closing day pick six. In the event of a cancellation of the closing day racing program, the accumulated "Big Six" pool will be distributed under the direction of the West Virginia Racing Commission. Contrary provisions in the paragraph notwithstanding, the Commission, after due notice and hearing, may impose reasonable limits on the carry over provisions relating to the "Big Six" if the best interests of the State of West Virginia are thereby served.

(6) In the event a pari-mutuel ticket designates as the selection to win in any one or more of the six (6) races comprising the pick six sweepstakes a single wagering interest which is scratched or excused by the stewards, the holder of such ticket shall automatically receive as his alternate selection in

tickets as are required under this rule.

(h) Notwithstanding the provisions of the previous paragraph, the mutuel windows may be reopened after the time of the close for wagering in the first of the six (6) contests comprising the pick six for the sole purpose of canceling any ticket that was issued in error. A full written report is to be made by the mutuel manager and totalisator manager with their signatures thereon and submitted to the auditor of pari-mutuels within twenty-four (24) hours detailing the circumstances involved. In any event the mutuel windows shall not be reopened for canceling tickets after the start of the first of the six (6) contests comprising the pick six.

60.33. Pick-three.

(a) The pick-three is not a parlay and has no connection with or relation to any other form of mutuel betting. All tickets on the pick-three will be calculated in an entirely separate pool. An entry or field shall be permitted in any race involved in the pick-three. If any part of the entry or field is scratched or excused and there remains at least one (1) horse in the entry or field, all wagers involving the entry or field stand and no refund is to be made.

(b) Pick-three means a betting transaction in which a purchaser of a ticket undertakes to select the winner of each of the three (3) races on which that feature is operated.

(c) The three (3) parts of a pick-three feature, each part hereinafter referred to as a leg, shall be held on three (3) consecutive races during one (1) racing performance.

(d) No more than one (1) pick-three shall be held during one (1) racing performance.

(e) The payout price for a pick-three shall be calculated from the net pool (gross pool less commission take-out).

(f) (A) The winning combination of horses constituting a winning ticket shall be those that finish first or those horses determined to be the winners as set forth in paragraph 1. hereinafter referred to as the winner, in each leg of the pick-three feature, determined in sequence, race by race.

(B) Where no tickets have been sold on the combination of winners, winning tickets shall be determined starting with the first leg as follows:

(1) In the event no pari-mutuel ticket is sold combining the three (3) winners of the pick-three, one hundred percent (100%) of the net amount in the pari-mutuel pool shall be distributed among the holders of pari-mutuel tickets which include the winners of two (2) of the three (3) races comprising the pick-three.

(2) In the event no pari-mutuel ticket is sold combining two (2) winners of the pick-three, one hundred percent (100%) of the net amount of the pari-mutuel pool shall be distributed among the holders of pari-mutuel tickets which include the winner of any one (1) race comprising the pick-three.

the race that horse upon which the most money was wagered to win. In the event two (2) or more horses have the identical amounts wagered upon them to win, the holder of such ticket shall automatically receive as his alternate selection in the race that horse upon which the most money was wagered to win and to place. In the event two (2) or more horses have the identical amounts wagered upon them to win and to place, the holder of such ticket shall automatically receive as his selection in the race that horse upon which the most money was wagered to win, to place and to show. In the event two (2) or more horses have the identical amounts wagered upon them to win, to place and to show, the holder of such ticket shall automatically receive each such horse as his alternate selections.

(7) In the event one or more of the contests comprising the pick six is canceled for any reason, the distribution of the net amount subject to distribution in "The Little Six" pool shall be among the holders of pari-mutuel tickets which correctly designate the most official winners in all of the remaining contests comprising the pick six in such performances, except, that in the event there is officially canceled or declared as no contest three (3) or more of the six (6) contests comprising the pick six, all pari-mutuel tickets on the pick six for that performance shall be refunded, and the pick six shall be canceled for that performance. No person shall win "Big Six" unless that person holds a pick six ticket which correctly designates all six (6) official winners of the six (6) contests comprising the pick six for that performance. The cancellation of one or more contests comprising the pick six in any performances shall result in the contribution to the "The Little Six" pool of the amount contributed that day to the "Big Six". The contribution to that performance's "Big Six" pool will then be distributed along with the remainder of the "The Little Six" pool to the winners of the "The Little Six" pool. Any contributions to "The Big Six" pool from prior performances will remain in the "Big Six" pool to be carried over and included in the "Big Six" pool for the next performance as prescribed in Section 60.34 (d)(4) of these rules.

(e) In the event of a dead heat for win between two (2) or more contestants in any pick six race, all such contestants in the dead heat for win shall be considered as the winner in the race for the purpose of distribution of "Big Six" and the "The Little Six" pools.

(f) Other than the auditor of pari-mutuels, no person shall have access to the information that is shown on the computer printouts or any other source concerning the number of tickets sold in the pick six or the number or amount of tickets selecting winners of the pick six races prior to the time the officials have determined the last contest comprising the pick six of each performance to be official.

(g) No pari-mutuel ticket for pick six shall be sold, exchanged or canceled after the time of the close of the mutuel windows for wagering in the first of the six (6) contests comprising the pick six, except for such refunds on pick six

(g) When the race on which the first leg of the pick-three feature is scheduled and cancelled, declared off, declared no contest or no horse finishes, then the total pool shall be refunded.

(h) (a) When after the running of the race on which the first leg of the pick-three feature is operated, the race on which the second or third leg is scheduled to be operated is:

(1) cancelled, declared off, declared no contest;

(2) a race in which no horses finish, or

(3) a race in which all bets are refunded in accordance with any provision of the rules, the pick-three feature pool shall be calculated in accordance with subsections (B), (c) or (d) as the case may be.

(b) When circumstances described in paragraph (a) occur in the race on which the second leg of the pick-three feature is scheduled, the pool shall be calculated in accordance with section 5, except that the net pool shall be divided by the value of tickets sold coupling the winner of the first leg with all horses in the second leg and the winner of the third leg.

(c) When circumstances described in paragraph (A) occur in the race in which the third leg of the pick-three feature is scheduled, the pool shall be calculated in accordance with section 5 except that the net pool shall be divided by the value of tickets sold coupling the winners of the first and second legs with all horses in the third.

(d) When circumstances described in paragraph (a) occur in both races on which the second and third leg of the pick-three feature is scheduled, the pool shall be calculated in accordance with section 5, except that the net pool shall be divided by the value of tickets sold coupling the winner of first leg with all horses in the second and third legs.

(i) In the event a pari-mutuel ticket designates as the selection to win in any one or more of the three (3) races comprising the pick three a single wagering interest which is scratched or excused by the stewards, the holder of such ticket shall automatically receive as his alternate selection in the race that horse upon which the most money was wagered to win.

In the event two (2) or more horses have the identical amounts wagered upon them to win, the holder of such ticket shall automatically receive as his selection in the race that horse upon which the most money was wagered to win and place.

In the event two (2) or more horses have the identical amounts wagered upon them to win and to place, the holder of such ticket shall automatically receive as his selection in the race that horse upon which the most money was wagered to win, to place and to show.

In the event two (2) or more horses have the identical amounts wagered upon them to win, to place and to show, the holder of such ticket shall automatically receive such horse in the lower post position as his alternate selection.

(j) When two (2) or more horses finish in a dead heat for first place in any leg of the pick three feature, the payout

prices shall be calculated in the following manner:

(1) The legal percentages shall be deducted from the total amount bet in the pool to determine the net pool;

(2) The total value of all bets on all winning combinations shall be deducted from the net pool to determine the calculating pool;

(3) The calculating pool shall be divided by the number of winning combinations on which tickets have been sold;

(4) The value of the tickets bet on each respective winning combination shall be divided into its respective portion of the calculating pool;

(5) One dollar (\$1.00) shall be added to the quotient obtained pursuant to paragraph 4; and 6.

(6) The sum shall be multiplied by the purchase price of each ticket.

60.34. Quinella double.

(a) The quinella double is a form of pari-mutuel wagering. The quinella double consists of selecting the quinella (the first two (2) horses to finish) of each of two (2) consecutive races. Pari-mutuel wagering tickets are to be sold for both of the two (2) consecutive races prior to the first race of the two (2) consecutive races, without any exchange of tickets between the first and second race. The division of the pool shall be calculated as in a straight pool, subject to the provisions of these rules to the contrary.

(b) Quinella Double tickets shall be sold only by the licensee for not less than two dollars (\$2.00) and only from machines capable of issuing tickets in the manner prescribed by paragraph (1) of this rule. Resale of such tickets from one individual to another is prohibited and shall be grounds for ejection.

(c) Each bettor purchasing quinella double tickets shall designate his selection in both of the two (2) consecutive races for which such tickets are sold at the time he purchases the quinella double ticket(s) as the first two (2) horses to finish in each of the said two (2) consecutive races.

(d) If a horse is scratched in the first of the quinella double races, all quinella double tickets sold on the scratched horse will be refunded.

(e) If a horse is scratched in the second race of the quinella double races, all tickets combining the scratched horse shall become consolation tickets and shall be paid a price per dollar denomination calculated as follows: The net quinella double pool (gross pool less commission) shall be divided by the total purchase price of all tickets combining the winners of the first race of the quinella double. The quotient thus obtained shall be the price to be paid to holders of tickets combining the scratched horse in the second race of the quinella double. The entire consolation pool (number of eligible tickets times the

consolation price) plus the breakage shall be deducted from the net quinella double pool.

(f) If no quinella double ticket is sold as a winning combination in the first race of the quinella double, the entire quinella double pool will be paid to the holders of tickets with the winning combination in the second race of the quinella double.

(g) If no quinella double ticket is issued on the winning combination in the second race of the quinella double, the net pool shall be distributed to holders of tickets including the horse finishing second in the same manner in which a place pool is calculated and distributed.

(h) If a quinella double ticket combines only one of the two winners in the second race and no quinella double ticket combines the other winner, the entire pool shall be distributed as a straight pool to the holders of those tickets.

(i) If no ticket includes either the first (1st) or second (2nd) horse of the second half of the quinella double, the entire net pool shall be distributed as a straight pool to all holders of tickets with winning combinations of the first half.

(j) In the event of a dead heat for place in the first race of the quinella double races, all quinella double tickets combining the first horse and either of the place horses shall be considered eligible for participation in the second race of the quinella double. The aggregated number of winning tickets shall be divided into the net pool and to be paid the same payoff price.

(k) In the event of a dead heat for place in the second race of the quinella double races, the quinella double pool shall be divided, calculated and distributed as a place pool to the holders of quinella double tickets combining the first horse and either of the place horses in the second race. In the event of the dead heat to place and there are no tickets sold on one combination, then the other combination having winning horses shall be declared the winner.

(l) If no tickets combine the winning horse in the second race with either of the horses in the dead heat for place, the net quinella double pool shall be paid to holders of tickets including any of the (3) win/place horses as in a win, place or show pool. However if any tickets combine both of the horses in the dead heat for place, the net pool shall be paid to holders of such tickets.

(m) If for any reason the first race of the quinella double races is cancelled or declared "No Race," full and complete refund shall be made from the quinella double pool.

(n) If for any reason the second of the quinella double races is cancelled or declared "No Race," the pool shall be calculated as a straight pool and shall be distributed among the holders of tickets combining the first two (2) horses of the first (1st) race of the quinella double.

(o) If there is a dead heat for the winning horse in either of the two (2) consecutive races for the quinella double, such

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calculation of distribution of the quinella double pool shall be made in the manner in which any ordinary quinella pool would be made should there be a dead heat for the win despite the number of horses involved in the dead heat.

(p) Each association using this form of wagering shall make available to the public upon request copies of this rule at the information window.

(q) Entries or fields shall be permitted in races constituting the quinella double.

60.35. Twin trifecta wagering.

(a) The Twin Trifecta is a form of pari-mutuel wagering in which the bettor selects the three (3) horses that will finish first (1st), second (2nd), and third (3rd) in each of the two (2) designated races in the exact order as officially posted. To obtain a twin-trifecta exchange ticket as described in paragraph (j), a first half ticket must have all three horses in the first designated race in the exact order of finish.

(b) Twin trifecta tickets shall be sold by the licensee only from automatic issue machines.

(c) Each bettor purchasing twin trifecta tickets shall designate his three (3) selections as the first (1st) three (3) horses for finish in that order in the first race of the designated two (2) races.

(d) After the wagering closes for the first (1st) half of the twin trifecta, the commission will be deducted from the pool in accordance with the laws of the state of West Virginia. The remaining pool will then be divided into two (2) separate pools, 25% for the first pool and 75% for the second pool.

(e) The monies in the first part of the divided pool will be distributed to the holders of twin trifecta tickets selecting the first three (3) horses, in order, on the first designated twin trifecta race, in accordance with the established pari-mutuel practice.

The terms, "First Part of Divided Pool", shall mean one-quarter (1/4) of the net distributable pool of the total monies wagered in the twin trifecta on the current days program only and specifically excluded therefrom shall be any carryover of any special cumulative second race twin trifecta pool from any previous day's program.

(f) The second part of the divided pool will be placed in a separate pool to be distributed to holders of "Second Half" twin trifecta tickets selecting the first (1st) three (3) horses, in exact order, on the second (2nd) designated twin trifecta race.

(g) In the first (1st) half of the twin trifecta if no ticket is sold on a winning combination of a twin trifecta pool, with all three horses in exact order of finish, then there will be no exchange tickets issued for the second half. Further, the second half of the divided pool for that performance shall be added to the cumulative or carry-over pool from previous performances and along with the carryover pool shall not be

distributed for that performance. However, the first part of the divided pool for that performance shall be distributed as follows: the net pool shall be apportioned equally between those having tickets selecting the first (1st) and second (2nd) place horses. If no ticket is sold selecting the first (1st) and second (2nd) horses in the twin trifecta pool, the net pool shall then be apportioned equally between those having tickets selecting the horse and horses that finish first (1st) in the twin trifecta race. Should no selection be made as above mentioned, the net pool shall be apportioned equally between those having selected the horse finishing second (2nd) combined with the horse finishing third (3rd).

(h) Should no selection be made as above mentioned, those having selected the second (2nd) horse for second (2nd) or the third (3rd) horse for third (3rd) with any other horses, contrary to win, place and show pool practice, the aggregate number of tickets as mentioned in this paragraph shall divide the net pool and be paid the same pay-off price. Should no selection be made as above, then a complete refund of the twin trifecta pool shall be made and the twin trifecta will be cancelled for that performance.

(i) In the event of a dead heat or dead heats in either the first (1st) or second (2nd) race of the twin trifecta, all twin trifecta tickets selecting the correct order of finish counting a horse in a dead heat as finishing in any position dead heated shall be winning tickets, and contrary to the usual practice, the aggregate number of winning tickets shall be divided into the net pool and be paid the same pay-off price.

(j) After the official declaration of the first (1st) three (3) horses to finish in the first (1st) race of the twin trifecta, each bettor holding a winning ticket must, prior to the running of the second twin trifecta race, exchange such winning ticket for both the monetary value established by the mutuels department and a twin trifecta exchange ticket at any window and at such time shall select the three (3) horses to finish in the second (2nd) race of the twin trifecta in exact order as officially posted. No further money shall be requested of the holders of the winning ticket in order to make the exchange. However, to obtain a twin trifecta exchange ticket, a first half ticket must have all three horses in the first designated race in the exact order of finish. Other than the auditor of pari-mutuels, no person shall have access to the information that is shown on the computer printouts or any other source concerning the number of tickets sold in the first (1st) half of the twin trifecta or the number of amount of tickets selecting winners of the first (1st) half of the twin trifecta prior to the time the officials have determined the second (2nd) half of the twin trifecta of each performance to be official.

(k) No twin trifecta exchange ticket upon the second (2nd) race shall be issued except upon surrender of the twin trifecta tickets from the first (1st) race as described in these rules.

Twin trifecta windows, for the purpose of cashing and exchanging winning tickets, shall be open for the purpose of making exchange as described only after the first (1st) race has been declared official and such windows shall close when wagering closes for the second race of the twin trifecta races.

(l) If a winning twin trifecta ticket from the first (1st) race is not presented for cashing and exchanged within the time provided, the bettor may still collect the monetary value attached to the ticket but forfeits all rights to any distribution of the second race twin trifecta pool.

(m) Scratches.

If up to and including the post parade, five (5) or more horses are scratched in the first (1st) or second (2nd) race (twelve (12) horse field) of the twin trifecta, then the twin trifecta will be cancelled for that performance and the races designated for the twin trifecta will revert to a regular trifecta race. A refund shall be made of all money wagered for that performance's twin trifecta pool.

If a horse(s) is scratched in the first (1st) or second (2nd) races of the twin trifecta after the post parade but prior to the running of the first (1st) half of the twin trifecta, then all twin trifecta tickets on the scratched horse(s) will be refunded. A public address announcement will be made and reasonable time will be given to make another selection.

If after the running of the first half of the twin trifecta races, a horse(s) is scratched in the second (2nd) race of the twin trifecta races, then all twin trifecta tickets on the scratched horse(s) will be refunded. A public address announcement will be made and reasonable time will be given to make another selection.

(n) In the event there is no twin trifecta ticket issued accurately selecting the officially declared first three finishers of the second (2nd) twin trifecta race, in the exact order, such second (2nd) race pool, as divided earlier, shall be held for the next consecutive racing day or night and combined with that program's second race twin trifecta pool. Distribution of this special cumulative second (2nd) race twin trifecta pool will be made only upon the accurate selection, in the exact order, of the first three (3) officially declared finishers of the second (2nd) twin trifecta race.

(o) If for any reason, the second half of the twin trifecta is not declared official, the winning ticket holders will be entitled to the remaining amount of the current programs divided pool provided that there was an exchange process for that performance.

In the event that racing is cancelled for any program prior to the running of the second half of the twin trifecta, the second (2nd) part of that program's divided pool will be evenly distributed to all holders of first half winning tickets and all holders of second half twin trifecta exchange tickets. The cumulative twin trifecta pool will remain undistributed and be carried over for use in the next twin trifecta.

(p) Sales of the twin trifecta tickets other than from pari-mutuel machines or from an individual to another shall be deemed illegal and prohibited.

(q) The twin trifecta pool shall be held entirely separate from all other pools, and is not part of a daily double, perfecta, trifecta or other wagering pools.

(r) The Racing Commission, after due notice and hearing may impose reasonable limits on the twin trifecta jackpot pool if the best interests of racing are thereby served.

Further, if there is a limit placed on the twin trifecta jackpot pool and there is no twin trifecta ticket issued selecting in the exact order of finish, the officially declared first three (3) finishers of the second (2nd) twin trifecta race, the second (2nd) race pool shall be apportioned in accordance with the first half twin trifecta rules (paragraphs G and H).

However, should no selection be made as provided for in paragraphs G and H, then the second part of that program's divided pool and any carryover in the final performance of the meeting will be evenly distributed to all holders of first half winning tickets and all holders of second half twin trifecta exchange tickets.

(s) The two (2) races comprising the twin trifecta shall be approved by the Racing Commission and shall be clearly and prominently designated in the program.

(t) Notwithstanding any other provision or section contained in this rule, the state steward may at any time impose such condition or conditions for running twin trifecta races and at any time take such action or actions as he deems necessary in his sole discretion to protect the best interests of racing. Such imposed condition and action taken and the reasons therefore shall be detailed in writing to the Racing Commission within seventy-two (72) hours of implementation.

178-1-60

60.36 (a). The Tri-Super is a form of pari-mutuel wagering in which the bettor selects three (3) runners that will finish first, second and third in one designated race, then selects the correct order of finish for first, second, third and fourth in another designated race. To obtain a Tri-super exchange ticket as described in paragraph (j), a first half ticket must have all three horses in the first designated race in the exact order of finish.

(b). Tri-super tickets shall be sold in not less than two dollar denominations by the licensee only from automatic ticket issuing machines.

(c). Each bettor purchasing tri-super tickets shall designate his three (3) selections as the first three (3) runners to finish in that order in the first race of the designated two (2) races.

(d). After the wagering closes on the first half of the tri-super, the commission will be deducted from the pool in accordance with the law of the State of West Virginia. The

remaining pool will then be divided into two (2) separate pools 25% for the first pool and 75% for the second pool.

(e). The monies in the first part of the divided pool will be distributed to the holders of the Trifecta portion selecting the first three (3) runners in order on the first designated tri-super race in accordance with the established pari-mutuel practice.

The term, "first part of divided pool," shall mean one-fourth of the total monies wagered in the tri-super on the current performance only and specifically excluded therefrom shall be any carryover of any special cumulative second race tri-super pool from any previous performance.

(f). The second part of the divided pool 75% will be placed in a separate pool to be distributed to holders of "second half" tri-super tickets selecting the first four (4) runners in exact order in the second designated tri-super race.

(g). In the first half of the tri-super only, if no ticket is sold on a winning combination of a tri-super pool with all three (3) horses in exact order of finish, then there will be no exchange tickets issued for the second half. Further, the second half of the divided pool for that performance shall be added to the cumulative or carryover pool from previous performances and along with the carryover pool shall not be distributed for that performance. However, the first part of the divided pool for that performance shall be distributed as follows: The net pool shall be apportioned equally between those having tickets

selecting the first and second place runners. If no ticket is sold selecting the first and second runners in the tri-super pool, the net pool shall then be apportioned equally between those having tickets selecting the runner or runners that finish first in the tri-super. Should no selection be made as above mentioned, the net pool shall be apportioned equally between those having selected the runner finishing second combined with the runner finishing third.

(h). Should no selection be made as above described, those having selected the second runner for second or the third runner for third with any other runners, contrary to win, place and show pool practices, the aggregate number of tickets as mentioned in this paragraph shall divide the net pool and be paid the same pay-off price. Should no selection be made as above described, then a complete refund of the tri-super pool will be made and the tri-super will be cancelled for that performance.

(i). In the event of a dead heat in either the first or second of the tri-super races, all tri-super tickets with the correct order of finish counting a runner in a dead heat as finishing in any position dead-heated shall be a winning ticket and, contrary to usual practice, the aggregated number of winning tickets shall be divided into the net pool and be paid the same pay-off price.

(j). After the official declaration of the first three runners of finish in the first race of the tri-super, each bettor

holding a winning ticket must, prior to the running of the second tri-super race, exchange such winning ticket for both the monetary value established by the mutuels department and a tri-super exchange ticket at any window and at such time shall select the four (4) runners to finish in the second race of the tri-super in the exact order of finish as officially posted. No further money shall be requested of the holders of the winning ticket in order to make the exchange.

(k). Other than the auditor of pari-mutuels, no person shall have access to the information that is shown on the computer print-outs or any other source concerning the number of tickets sold in the first half of the tri-super or the number or amount of tickets selecting winners of the first half of the tri-super prior to the time the officials have determined the second half of the tri-super of each performance to be official.

(l). No tri-super exchange ticket for the second race shall be issued except upon surrender of the tri-super tickets from the first race as described in these rules. Tri-super windows for the purpose of cashing tickets and exchanging winning tickets shall be open for the purpose of making exchanges as described above only after the first race has been declared official. Such windows shall close when wagering closes for the second race of the tri-super races.

(m). If a winning tri-super ticket from the first race is not presented for cashing and exchanging within the time provided, the bettor may still collect the monetary value attached to the ticket but forfeits all rights to any distribution of the second race tri-super pool.

(n). If up to and including the post parade, five (5) or more runners are scratched from a ten (10) horse field in either the first or second race of the tri-super, or four (4) or more runners are scratched from a nine (9) horse field in either the first or second race of the tri-super, then the tri-super will be cancelled for that performance and all money wagered in the tri-super pool shall be refunded. Also, provided further, if the cancellation occurs after the first half, then those patrons who have made selections for the second half with an exchange ticket shall be entitled to the entire second half net pool for that performance.

If a runner(s) is scratched in the first or second race of the tri-super after the post parade but prior to the running of the first half of the tri-super, then all tri-super tickets on the scratched runner(s) will be refunded. A public address announcement will be made and reasonable time will be given to make another selection.

If after the running of the first half of the tri-super races a runner(s) is scratched in the second race of the tri-super, then all tri-super tickets on the scratched runner(s) will be exchanged. A public address announcement will be made and a reasonable time will be given to make another selection. In the event it is not feasible to make a public address announcement and give reasonable time to make another selection due to a late

scratch, the State Steward may impose the distribution of the second part of that program's divided pool as provided for in paragraph q.

(o). In the event there is no tri-super ticket issued accurately selecting the officially declared first four (4) finishers of the second tri-super race in the exact order, then such second race pool as divided earlier shall be held for the next consecutive performance and combined with that performance's second race tri-super. Distribution of this special cumulative second race tri-super pool will be made only upon accurate selection, in exact order of the first four officially declared finishers of the second tri-super race.

(p). If for any reason the second half of the tri-super is not declared "official," the winning ticket holders will be entitled to the remaining amount of the current performance's divided pool provided that there was an exchange process for that performance.

(q). In the event that racing is cancelled or that the second half of the tri-super is cancelled due to an insufficient number of horses, for any performance prior to the running of the second half of the tri-super, the second part of that performance's divided pool will be distributed equally to all holders of the first half winning tickets and to all holders of the second half tri-super exchange tickets. The cumulative tri-super pool will remain undistributed and will be carried over for use in the next tri-super.

(r). Sales of tri-super tickets, other than from pari-mutuel machines, from an individual to another shall be deemed illegal and prohibited.

(s). The tri-super pool shall be held entirely separate from all other pools and is not part of a daily double, perfecta, trifecta or other wagering pools.

(t). If there is no tri-super ticket issued selecting in the exact order of finish the officially declared first four (4) finishers of the second tri-super race, then the second race pool - when a so-called "forced" pay-out is necessary - shall be apportioned in accordance with the first half tri-super rules (paragraphs g and h.)

However, should no selection be made as provided in paragraphs g and h, then the second part of the performance's divided pool and any carryover shall be evenly distributed to all holders of first half winning tickets and all holders of second half tri-super exchange tickets.

(u). The two (2) races comprising the tri-super shall be approved by the Racing Commission and shall be clearly and prominently designated in the program.

(v). Notwithstanding any other provision or section contained in this rule, the State Steward may at any time impose such condition or conditions for running of tri-super races and may at any time take such action or actions as he deems necessary in his sole discretion to protect the best interests of racing. Such imposed condition and action taken and the reasons therefor

shall be detailed in writing to the Racing Commission within seventy-two (72) hours of implementation.

(w). If all of the above conditions have been met and the carryover pool is \$150,000. or more on the next racing day, if there are no holders of a winning Tri-Super ticket, \$100,000 will be distributed to holders with three (3) winners. If there are no holders with a ticket with three (3) winners, \$100,000 will be distributed to holders with two (2) winners. If there are no holders with a ticket with two (2) winners, \$100,000 will be distributed to holders with one (1) winner; and if there are no holders with a ticket with one winner (1), then all holders of exchange tickets will share the \$100,000.

178-1-61. Auditor of pari-mutuels.

61.1. A director of audit and auditor of pari-mutuel betting shall be appointed annually by the Commission and shall be compensated by the Commission. Their duties shall be determined from time to time by the Commission and such auditors shall be subject to removal at any time by the Commission.

61.2. The director of audit, and any other auditors employed by the Racing Commission who shall also be certified public accountants or experienced public accountants, shall have free access to the space or enclosure where the pari-mutuel system of wagering is conducted or calculated at any horse race meeting for the purpose of ascertaining whether or not the licensee is deducting and retaining only a commission as provided in the current Racing Act, and is otherwise complying with the other provisions of the Racing Act relating to the pari-mutuel system. They shall also, for the same purposes only, have full and free access to all records and papers pertaining to such pari-mutuel system of wagering and shall report to the Racing Commission in writing, under oath, whether or not the licensee has deducted and retained any commission in excess of that permitted under the Racing Act or has otherwise failed to comply with the provisions of those sections of the Racing Act pertaining to the pari-mutuel system.

61.3. The auditor of pari-mutuels shall be afforded every facility for performing all the duties that may be assigned to him by the Commission, including the following:

(a) Every association licensed by the Commission shall furnish the West Virginia Racing Commission copies of their first payroll and any other that might be requested, both mutuel and operative and covering all employees performing services during any race meeting.

(b) Carbon copies of all mutuel work sheets are to be turned over to the auditor of pari-mutuels immediately after each race.

(c) At the end of each race day, a consolidated report showing detailed figures of the mutuel handle, commission or take and breaks shall be handed to the auditor of pari-mutuels. Also, copies of the consolidated report, report of outs paid, shall be submitted....

(d) At the end of each day, every signed complaint made by any customer, with reference to transactions with sellers or cashiers, shall be reported on printed blanks and furnished to the auditor of pari-mutuels.

(e) A written report shall be kept available by the manager of the money room of all errors made by the mutuel sellers or cashiers, commonly called "Shorts or Overs." Such reports shall detail the name of the seller or cashier, his working place and the amount involved. At the end of each meet this report to be given the auditor of pari-mutuels for filing with the daily records enumerated in (b), (c) and (d).

(f) All moneys held by any licensee for the payment of outstanding and unredeemed pari-mutuel tickets, if not claimed within ninety (90) days after the close of the horse race meeting in connection with which the tickets were issued, shall be turned over by the licensee to the Racing Commission within fifteen (15) days after the expiration of such ninety (90) day period and the licensee shall give such information as the Racing Commission may require concerning such outstanding and unredeemed tickets including but not limited to, the outs ledger enumerating all outstanding tickets at the end of such ninety (90) day period. In addition a statement is to be prepared to accompany said ledger setting forth the dollar amount redeemed tickets in the ninety (90) day period. In addition, a statement to accompany said ledger setting forth the quantity and amount of each denomination redeemed in the ninety (90) day period. This sum subtracted from the outs balance on the closing day of the meeting with the remaining balance to be included in the remittance of the association in settlement of the "outs" account for the meeting.

(g) Each association shall provide a work area for the exclusive use of the auditor of pari-mutuels. Subject to the approval of the West Virginia Racing Commission, this work area shall:

(1) Be located within or adjacent to the totalisator room with desk and chair facilities.

(2) Permit direct view or view by closed circuit television of the totalisator facilities within the totalisator room, such as control desk consoles, inside totalisator board or closed circuit television monitor of the outside totalisator board whichever is used, and printers.

(3) Include space for locking file cabinets within the work area or other proper storage facilities to be supplied by the association.

(4) Include an audio listening device for the public address system being used by the association for the address system to be heard intelligibly in the work area.

(5) Include power outlets to operate electronic equipment.

(h) All outs tickets purging sessions shall occur only after at least two (2) weeks prior notice in writing is given to the Racing Commission of such sessions. Further, the actual purging shall occur in the presence of a totalisator

representative, an association representative and representative of the Racing Commission.

(i) Cashed tickets and computer printouts:

(1) Access of all totalisator employees to cashed ticket and used computer printouts storage shall be prohibited.

(2) Cashed tickets and all used computer print-out sheets shall be secured in a facility where fire protection devices are installed and operable.

(3) Cashed tickets and used computer print-out sheets storage shall be secured by a locking system. Access to the lock storage facilities is the responsibility of the mutuel manager. The facilities must be locked at all times except when access is needed by the mutuel manager or his designee and the Racing Commission.

178-1-62. State security officer.

62.1. The security officer shall work in conjunction with the state license clerk to determine that all owners, trainers, grooms, jockeys, jockey agents, etc., have a West Virginia license. This will require working in the license clerk's office during the morning working hours as needed. The security officer shall make a daily check of the program to verify that all persons listed thereon hold a West Virginia license and if there be unlicensed personnel to take such action to insure immediate issuance of a West Virginia license.

62.2. The security officer shall make a daily check of the barn area during morning working hours to determine if proper security measures are in effect, and to determine that all personnel on the back side are properly licensed. The security officer shall likewise make afternoon spot checks to determine that proper security is in effect at all gates and entrances to the secured areas. The security officer shall, during the evening racing hours, make a daily check to insure the presence of guards at all gates and entrances to secured areas.

62.3. During racing hours the security officer shall make a daily check of the test barn area, the winner's circle and the betting ring to determine that proper security is present and that the integrity of all restricted areas are protected. The security officer shall take particular notice on a daily basis to insure that no minors are engaged in the purchase or cashing of tickets and as well to insure that no other illegal activity is being conducted in the betting circle. The security officer shall further make note of the presence of management security in all areas and that they are properly performing their duties so that the protection of the public is guaranteed.

62.4. The security officer shall further assist the stewards and the track security in all "shake downs" of the barn area, jockeys' quarters or in such other matters as may be directed by the stewards.

178-1-63. State breeder awards.

63.1. A bona fide resident means a person who maintains a permanent residence within the State of West Virginia, with the intent of remaining therein, and, for the purpose of qualifying for the awards mentioned in section thirteen, article twenty-three, chapter nineteen of the Code. Further, has the physical facilities present in this State to actively engage in the business, profession or occupation of owning, breeding or the siring of horses for racing purposes.

63.2. Claims for state awards shall be made within ninety (90) days after the running of the race for which an award is claimed.

63.3. Claims for state awards, submitted by individuals will not be processed unless they can substantiate they have been residents of the State of West Virginia for at least one (1) year prior to the date that the claim for the award is submitted.

63.4. In the event that more than one resident has an interest in a horse which earns an award, one (1) award will be paid to the individual resident, appointed in writing, by the other resident or residents.

63.5. A corporation duly registered as a resident business with the Secretary of State, is a resident within the provision of the law.

63.6. In the event that more than one (1) stallion is indicated in the jockey club records to be the sire of the winning horse, no sire owner will be paid.

178-1-64. Blacksmiths.

64.1. An applicant for a platers license who has not been previously licensed in this State must have a written statement of two (2) reputable persons to the effect that the applicant is personally known to them; that he is a person of good reputation and capable of performance of the vocation he or she seeks to follow. Said applicant shall be tested by a Board consisting of a veterinarian, trainer and a licensed blacksmith appointed by the Board of Stewards. The applicant shall be tested as follows:

(a) Applicant will submit to written or oral testing regarding shoes and shoeing.

(b) Applicant will shoe a horse with racing plates.

(c) Applicant will fit a steel stock shoe to a pattern provided by the committee, for application of bar to be added.

The applicant must have his own tools necessary to complete the examination which shall not exceed one (1) hour. If the applicant fails the test, he may not be reexamined for a period of six (6) months.

178-1-65. West Virginia Thoroughbred Development Fund.

65.1. A copy of the jockey club certificate of foal registration shall be attached to the West Virginia bred or sired registration form as a requirement to participate in the West

Virginia Thoroughbred Development Fund.

Non-resident owners who are foaling mares in West Virginia and are not breeding back to West Virginia sires shall complete an affidavit to be supplied by the Racing Commission.

All West Virginia bred, sired or raised horses shall be registered with the West Virginia Thoroughbred Breeders Association to be eligible to participate in any phase of the West Virginia Thoroughbred Development Fund.

178-1-66. Alcohol and drug testing.

66.1.(a) No licensee or employee of any entity associated with the conduct of racing while on the grounds of a licensed or franchised race track shall have present within his/her system any amount of alcohol which would constitute legal impairment or intoxication.

Acting with reasonable cause, the stewards or a designated Racing Commission representative may direct any such licensee or employee to submit to a breathalyzer test. Such licensee or employee shall, when so directed, submit to such examination. If the results thereof show a reading of .05 percent alcohol content or more, such licensee or employee shall not be permitted to continue his/her duties for that day. Such licensee or employee shall then be subject to fine or suspension by the stewards or Racing Commission.

For a subsequent violation such licensee or employee may be subject to Procedures Following Positive Chemical Analysis (below).

(b) No licensee or employee of any entity associated with the conduct of racing while on the grounds of a licensed or franchised racetrack shall have present within his/her system any controlled substance as listed in schedule I-V of the U.S. Code, Title 21 (Food and Drugs Section 812), or any prescription legend drug unless such prescription legend drug is obtained directly or pursuant to valid prescription or order from a duly licensed physician who is acting in the course of his/her professional practice.

Acting with reasonable cause, the stewards or a designated Racing Commission representative may direct any such licensee or employee to deliver a specimen of urine in the presence of a person designated by the Racing Commission or subject himself/herself to the taking of a blood sample or other body fluids by a person designated by the Racing Commission.

In such cases, the stewards or the designated Racing Commission representative may prohibit such licensee or employee from participating in the day's racing or until such time as said licensee or employee evidences a negative test result.

Sufficient sample should be collected to insure a quantity for a split sample when possible.

Refusal by such a licensee or employee to provide the samples herein described, as so directed shall be in violation of

these rules and shall subject such licensee or employee to sanction by the stewards or the Racing Commission.

All testing shall be at the expense of the Racing Commission or racing association.

(c) For a licensee's or employee's first violation he/she shall not be allowed to participate in racing until such time as his/her condition has been professionally evaluated.

After such professional evaluation, if said licensee's or employee's condition proves non-addictive and not detrimental to the best interest of racing, said licensee or employee shall be allowed to participate in racing provided he/she can produce a negative test result and agrees to further testing at the discretion of the stewards or designated Racing Commission representative to insure his/her unimpairment.

After such professional evaluation, should said licensee's or employee's condition prove addictive or detrimental to the best interest of racing, said licensee or employee shall not be allowed to participate in racing until such time as he/she can produce a negative test result and show documented proof that he/she has successfully completed a certified alcohol drug rehabilitation program approved by the Racing Commission. Said licensee or employee must agree to further testing at the discretion of the stewards or Racing Commission representative to insure his/her unimpairment.

For a licensee's or an employee's second violation, he/she shall be suspended and allowed to enroll in a certified alcohol/drug rehabilitation program approved by the Racing Commission, to apply for reinstatement only at the discretion of the Racing Commission.

Bill Racing, Thoroughbred 178-1

H. B. 4320

(By Delegate Grubb)

(Introduced January 27, 1992; referred to the
Committee on Government Organization then the Judiciary.)

A BILL to amend and reenact section five, article seven, chapter
sixty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine
hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to authorizing the
racing commission to promulgate legislative rules relating to
thoroughbred racing.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section five, article seven, chapter sixty-four of the
code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as
amended, be amended and reenacted, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 7. AUTHORIZATION FOR DEPARTMENT OF TAX AND REVENUE TO
PROMULGATE LEGISLATIVE RULES.

§64-7-5. Racing commission.

(a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
twenty-third day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two,

1 relating to the West Virginia racing commission (Rule 795), are
2 authorized.

3 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
4 twenty-third day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two,
5 relating to the West Virginia racing commission (Rule 819), are
6 authorized.

7 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
8 twenty-third day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two,
9 relating to the West Virginia racing commission (Rule 107), are
10 authorized.

11 (d) The legislative rules filed with the legislative
12 rule-making review committee on the tenth day of January, one
13 thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia
14 racing commission (Rule 471), are authorized.

15 (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
16 tenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three,
17 relating to the West Virginia racing commission (Rule 526), are
18 authorized.

19 (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
20 twentieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred
21 eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing commission
22 (Rule 107) greyhound racing, are authorized.

23 (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
24 twentieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred
25 eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing commission

1 (Rule 108) greyhound racing, are authorized with the amendment
2 set forth below:

3 Following the word "Association" insert a period and strike
4 the remainder of the sentence.

5 (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
6 twentieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred
7 eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing commission
8 (Rule 108) thoroughbred racing, are authorized with the amendment
9 set forth below:

10 Following the word "Association" insert a period and strike
11 the remainder of the sentence.

12 (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
13 twentieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred
14 eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing commission
15 (Rule 392) greyhound racing, are authorized.

16 (j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
17 twentieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred
18 eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing commission
19 (Rule 455) greyhound racing, are authorized.

20 (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
21 twentieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred
22 eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing commission
23 (Rule 609A) greyhound racing, are authorized.

24 (l) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
25 twentieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred

1 eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing commission
2 (Rule 627) greyhound racing, are authorized.

3 (m) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
4 twentieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred
5 eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing commission
6 (Rule 845) thoroughbred racing, are authorized.

7 (n) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
8 ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four,
9 relating to the West Virginia racing commission (greyhound racing
10 -- Rule 628), are authorized.

11 (o) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
12 twenty-fifth day of September, one thousand nine hundred
13 eighty-four, relating to the West Virginia racing commission
14 (greyhound racing -- Rule 672), are authorized.

15 (p) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
16 ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four,
17 relating to the West Virginia racing commission (thoroughbred
18 racing -- Rule 808), are authorized.

19 (q) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
20 twenty-fifth day of September, one thousand nine hundred
21 eighty-four, relating to the West Virginia racing commission
22 (thoroughbred racing -- Rule 843), are authorized.

23 (r) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
24 sixth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four,

1 relating to the West Virginia racing commission (greyhound racing
2 -- Rule 845-I), are authorized.

3 (s) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
4 third day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven,
5 modified by the West Virginia racing commission to meet the
6 objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and
7 refiled in the state register on the twenty-first day of
8 December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the
9 West Virginia racing commission (greyhound racing), are
10 authorized.

11 (t) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
12 thirty-first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven,
13 modified by the West Virginia racing commission to meet the
14 objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and
15 refiled in the state register on the eighteenth day of December,
16 one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the West
17 Virginia racing commission (thoroughbred racing), are authorized
18 with the amendments set forth below:

19 On page fifty-five, Section 61.3(f), by striking all of
20 subsection (f) and inserting in lieu thereof the existing
21 provisions of subsection (f) as contained in 178 CSR 1, which
22 reads as follows:

23 "All moneys held by any licensee for the payment of
24 outstanding and unredeemed pari-mutuel tickets, if not claimed
25 within ninety (90) days after the close of the horse race meeting

1 in connection with which the tickets were issued, shall be turned
2 over by the licensee to the Racing Commission within fifteen (15)
3 days after the expiration of such ninety (90) day period and the
4 licensee shall give such information as the Racing Commission may
5 require concerning such outstanding and unredeemed tickets; viz.
6 The outs ledger enumerating all outstanding tickets at the close
7 of each meeting, to contain a record of all tickets redeemed in
8 the ninety (90) day following period, together with all redeemed
9 tickets which shall bear the stamp of the cashier(s) making
10 redemption: A stamp indicating "Outs Ticket." In addition, a
11 statement to accompany said ledger and tickets, setting forth the
12 quantity and amount of each denomination redeemed in the ninety
13 (90) day period, with a grand total indicating the sum paid in
14 "Outs." This sum subtracted from the outs on the closing day to
15 equal the remittance of the Association in settlement of the
16 "Out" account for the meeting."

17 (u) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
18 ninth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight,
19 relating to the West Virginia racing commission (thoroughbred
20 racing), are authorized.

21 (v) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
22 eighteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine,
23 modified by the West Virginia racing commission to meet the
24 objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and
25 refiled in the state register on the twentieth day of February,

1 one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the West
2 Virginia racing commission (greyhound racing), are authorized.

3 (w) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
4 fourth day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine,
5 modified by the West Virginia racing commission to meet the
6 objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and
7 refiled in the state register on the first day of June, one
8 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the West Virginia
9 racing commission (thoroughbred racing), are authorized.

10 (x) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
11 twenty-second day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine,
12 relating to the West Virginia racing commission (greyhound
13 racing), are authorized.

14 (y) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
15 tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified
16 by the West Virginia racing commission to meet the objections of
17 the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the
18 state register on the fourteenth day of January, one thousand
19 nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the West Virginia racing
20 commission (thoroughbred racing), are authorized.

21 (z) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
22 twenty-ninth day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninety,
23 modified by the West Virginia racing commission to meet the
24 objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and
25 refiled in the state register on the fourteenth day of January,

1 one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the West
2 Virginia racing commission (greyhound racing), are authorized
3 with the amendment set forth below:

4 On pages seventy-four-a through seventy-eight, section
5 forty-five, by striking out all of subsection 45.38.

6 (aa) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
7 twenty-ninth day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one,
8 modified by the racing commission to meet the objections of the
9 legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state
10 register on the twentieth day of September, one thousand nine
11 hundred ninety-one, relating to the racing commission
12 (thoroughbred racing) are authorized.

13

14 NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to authorize the Racing
15 Commission to promulgate legislative rules relating to
16 thoroughbred racing.

17

18 Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from
19 the present law, and underscoring indicates new language that
20 would be added.