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# State of West Virginia

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November 26, 1985

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The Honorable Ken Hechler  
Secretary of State  
State Capitol Complex  
Charleston, West Virginia

## NOTICE OF AGENCY APPROVAL

LEGISLATIVE RULE: Licensing (amended), Disciplinary, and Complaint Procedures; Podiatry; Physician Assistants (amended)

The attached legislative rules constitute the official rule approved by the West Virginia Board of Medicine on the 11th day of November, 1985, and filed pursuant to law with the West Virginia Secretary of State and the Legislative Rule-Making Review Committee.

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 1985 NOV 26 PM 1:43  
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Series I, Sec. 4

FILED  
1985 NOV 26 PM 7:14  
S. J. H. & S. J. H.

Section 4. Qualification for a License to Practice Medicine and Surgery

4.1. An applicant for a license to practice medicine and surgery by examination shall have graduated from a medical school approved by the LCME, shall be of good moral character, and shall have completed one (1) year of post-graduate clinical training approved by the ACGME. An application for a license to practice medicine and surgery shall be completed on a form provided by the Board. The application shall be completed in full prior to the Board's consideration of such application.

4.2. An applicant to practice medicine and surgery shall obtain a weighted average score of seventy-five percent (75%) or better on the FLEX. An application for a license to practice medicine and surgery must be received by the Board not later than thirty (30) days prior to the meeting of the Board at which such application will be reviewed.

4.3. An application for a license to practice medicine and surgery shall include the following:

a. a photograph taken within the previous twelve (12) months which substantially resembles the applicant;

b. evidence of graduation from a medical school approved by the LCME or by the Board;

c. a sworn and notarized statement on a form provided by the Board stating that the applicant is of good moral character, and that the applicant is physically and mentally capable of engaging in the practice of medicine;

d. evidence of completion of one (1) year of post-graduate clinical training approved by the ACGME;

e. a nonrefundable cashier's check or money order payable to the Board in an amount established by the Board; and,

f. any other documents as may be required by the Board.

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4.4. An applicant for a license to practice medicine and surgery shall be required to obtain a passing score on the FLEX. For those applicants who did not take the two (2) component FLEX program, a passing score shall consist of a weighted average score of seventy-five percent (75%) or better. For those applicants taking the two (2) component FLEX program, a passing score shall consist of seventy-five (75) or better on Component One of the FLEX, and seventy-five (75) or better on Component Two of the FLEX. A weighted average score of the two (2) component FLEX program shall not be utilized by the Board in the determination of a passing score. Any applicant who passes either Component One or Component Two of the FLEX, but not both, shall be required to re-take only the Component upon which the applicant did not obtain a passing score to be eligible for licensure. An applicant must obtain a passing score of seventy-five (75) or better on both Components before the elapse of seven (7) consecutive years in order to be eligible for licensure.

4.5. The Board (or a majority of them) may accept either the certificate of the NBME issued within the previous eight (8) years, or a diplomate certificate from an American specialty board, in lieu of a passing score on the FLEX. The Board is not required, however, to accept either of these documents in lieu of the FLEX. If accepted, the holder of a diplomate certificate from an American specialty board may be licensed only so long as that holder maintains such diplomate certificate in good standing with the applicable American specialty board. In addition, any license awarded to the holder of a diplomate certificate from an American specialty board shall be limited in his practice to that specific specialty. An applicant relying upon the certificate from an American specialty board shall submit a photocopy of it with his application. An applicant relying on the certificate of the NBME shall request certification of scores from the NBME on forms provided by the Board.

~~4-5-~~ 4.6. The Board may grant an Educational Training Permit to practice medicine and surgery, under the supervision of a licensed physician, in a training program approved by the ACGME. Supervision of such permit holder shall be the same as that required for a temporary permit holder as hereinafter stated. All applicants for a license to practice medicine and surgery shall demonstrate their ability to communicate in the English language to the satisfaction of the Board.

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4.7. An applicant for a license to practice medicine and surgery who is a graduate of a school of medicine located outside the United States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or Canada, shall also provide evidence of certification by the ECFMG.

4.8. An applicant shall arrange for a personal interview with a member of the Board prior to the meeting at which his application will be considered. Any applicant may be required to appear before the Board at the meeting at which his application is to be considered. The purpose of such interview or required attendance at a Board meeting is to verify the existence and the identity of all required documents and information and to enable the Board to clarify information contained in the application. The Board may require production of original documents at such interview or required attendance at a Board meeting.

4.9. The application, together with all photocopied documents submitted therewith, shall become the property of the Board and shall not be returned.

~~4-3~~ 4.10. A license to practice medicine and surgery in this State shall be valid for a term of two (2) years and shall be renewed upon the receipt of a nonrefundable fee, as established by the Board, together with an application provided by the Board: Provided, that an initial license shall expire on June 30 of the ensuing odd-numbered year.

~~4-4~~ 4.11. The Board may renew, on an inactive basis, the license of a physician who is currently licensed to practice medicine and surgery, but who is not actually practicing medicine and surgery in this State. A physician holding an inactive license shall not practice medicine and surgery in this State, but such physician may convert such inactive license to an active license upon request to the Board that accounts for the period of inactivity to the satisfaction of the Board. An inactive license may be obtained upon receipt of a nonrefundable fee, as established by the Board, and submission of an application on forms provided by the Board. ~~on an annual basis.~~ An inactive license shall be valid for a term of two (2) years, and shall be renewable.

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Section 5. Application Required for Licensure to Practice  
Medicine and Surgery by Examination  
Application Required for Examination - Federation  
of Licensing Boards Examination (FLEX)

5.1. An application for a license to practice medicine and surgery shall be completed on a form provided by the Board. The application shall be completed in full prior to the Board's consideration of such application. The FLEX shall be administered each June and December by the Board in Charleston, West Virginia.

5.2. An application for a license to practice medicine and surgery by examination must be received by the Board not later than ninety (90) days prior to the meeting of the Board at which such application will be reviewed. An application for the FLEX shall be completed on a form provided by the Board. The application shall be completed in full prior to the examination.

5.3. An applicant shall arrange for a personal interview with a member of the Board prior to the meeting at which his application will be considered. Any applicant may be required to appear before the Board at the meeting at which his application is to be considered. Such interview is to verify the existence and the identity of all required documents and information and to enable the Board to clarify information contained in the application. An application for the FLEX must be received by the Board not later than ninety (90) days prior to the date of examination.

5.4. An application to take the FLEX shall include a photocopy of the applicant's medical school diploma, a photograph taken within the previous twelve (12) months which substantially resembles the applicant's appearance at the time the examination is given, a photocopy of the JCFMG certificate, where applicable, a photocopy of the post-graduate training certificate, and a cashier's check or money order made payable to the Board in an amount as established by the Board, which fee shall be non-refundable. An application to take the FLEX shall include the following:

a. evidence of graduation from a medical school approved by the LCME or by the Board;

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b. two (2) photographs taken within the previous twelve (12) months which substantially resemble the applicant's appearance at the time the examination is to be given;

c. a sworn and notarized statement on a form provided by the Board stating that the applicant is of good moral character, and is physically and mentally capable of engaging in the practice of medicine;

d. evidence of certification by the ECFMG, where applicable;

e. a nonrefundable cashier's check or money order payable to the Board in an amount as established by the Board; and

f. any other documents as may be required by the Board.

If available, evidence of completion of one (1) year of post-graduate clinical training approved by the ACGME shall also be included. While the completion of one (1) year of post-graduate clinical training approved by the ACGME shall be required for licensure purposes, it is not required for the purpose of taking the FLEX.

~~5-7-~~ 5.5. The FLEX is administered each June and December by the Board in Charleston, West Virginia. Application for examination shall be submitted on a form provided by the Board at least ninety (90) days prior to the examination. The application, together with all photocopied documents submitted therewith, shall become the property of the Board and shall not be returned.

~~5-8-~~ 5.6. An applicant shall submit to his interviewer for review an original medical school diploma; an original certificate attesting to the completion of the required minimum of one (1) year post-graduate clinical training; the ECFMG certificate, where applicable; a sworn and notarized statement on a form provided by the Board, stating the applicant is of good moral character and is physically and mentally capable of engaging in the practice of medicine and surgery. The applicant shall also submit to his interviewer one (1) complete set of photocopies of such documents. Procedures for each examination shall be provided to each approved applicant at least fifteen (15) days prior to such examination.

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~~5.9.~~ 5.7. A license to practice medicine and surgery may be renewed upon payment of a non-refundable fee in an amount established by the Board. Applicants for a license to practice medicine and surgery by examination who have taken and who have failed the FLEX in West Virginia on two (2) or more occasions must prepare and submit to the Board a detailed plan of study designed to improve the applicant's competence to practice medicine and surgery before the applicant shall be permitted to take the examination again. In the case where an applicant has failed any component of the two (2) component FLEX on two (2) or more occasions, the study plan shall specify activities in each area of deficiency in the component or components upon which a score of less than seventy-five percent (75) (-75%) was attained. Such The applicant's plan of study shall be verified by a tutor, or by proof of enrollment in a course of study, or other such information as would be accepted by a reasonable person as demonstration of a concerted effort by the applicant to correct such deficiencies. The Board shall approve all plans of study.

Section 6. Qualification for the Issuance of a License to Practice Medicine and Surgery by Reciprocal Endorsement

6.1. An applicant for a license to practice medicine and surgery by reciprocal endorsement from another state, the District of Columbia, Canada, or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, ~~who received his licensure by endorsement of an American specialty board certification or the NBME shall provide proof of licensure or Board certification in such jurisdiction under licensure requirements substantially similar to those existing in this State, and proof that he has the requisite qualifications to provide the same standard of care as a physician initially licensed in this State.~~

6.2. ~~An applicant shall submit a completed application on forms provided by the Board, together with proof of graduation from a school of medicine approved by the LCME or by the Board.~~ An applicant for a license to practice medicine and surgery by reciprocal endorsement shall provide evidence of graduation from a medical school approved by the LCME or by the Board.

6.3. An applicant for a license to practice medicine and surgery by reciprocal endorsement shall provide proof of successful completion of at least one (1) year of post-graduate clinical training in a program approved by the ACGME.

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6.4. An applicant for a license to practice medicine and surgery by reciprocal endorsement who is a graduate of a foreign medical school shall also provide evidence of successful passage of certification by the ECFMG.

6.5. ~~An applicant for a license to practice medicine and surgery by endorsement of a diplomate certificate issued by an American specialty board must produce evidence of graduation from a medical school approved by the LCME or by the Board and evidence of receipt of a current diplomate certificate from an American specialty board approved by the AMA or by the Board.~~ An applicant for a license to practice medicine and surgery by reciprocal endorsement shall provide proof of passage of the FLEX, which scores must meet the requirements established in Section 4.4 of these regulations. The Board (or a majority of them) may accept in lieu of the FLEX the certificate of the NBME issued within the previous eight (8) years, or a diplomate certificate from an American specialty board. Any license privileges awarded by reciprocal endorsement based upon a diplomate certificate of an American specialty board in lieu of the FLEX shall be upon such conditions as those outlined in Section 4.5 herein.

6.6. An applicant for a license to practice medicine and surgery by reciprocal endorsement shall provide a sworn and notarized statement that the applicant is of good moral character, and is physically and mentally capable of engaging in the practice of medicine and surgery.

6.7. An applicant for a license to practice medicine and surgery by reciprocal endorsement shall provide a statement that the physician is in good standing in each jurisdiction in which he is licensed, and that he has no medical disciplinary action pending against him.

Section 7. License to Practice Medicine and Surgery by Reciprocal Endorsement; Application Required

7.1. An application for a license to practice medicine and surgery by reciprocal endorsement shall be completed on forms provided by the Board. All parts of the application shall be completed in full prior to review by the Board.

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~~7.1. 7.2. An application shall be completed on forms provided by the Board. All parts of the application shall be completed prior to review by the Board.~~ An application for a license to practice medicine and surgery by reciprocal endorsement must be received by the Board not later than thirty (30) days prior to the meeting of the Board at which such application will be reviewed.

7.3. An applicant shall arrange for a personal interview with a member of the Board prior to the meeting at which his application will be considered. The Board may require an applicant to appear be present before the Board at the meeting during which his application ~~will be~~ is to be considered. The purpose of such interview or required attendance at a Board meeting is to verify the existence and the identity of all required documents and information and to enable the Board to clarify any information contained in the application. The Board may require production of original documents at such interview or required attendance at a Board meeting.

7.4. An applicant shall have available for review by a Board member, or by the Board, if the applicant appears at the meeting, the following original documents:

- a. medical school diploma;
- b. ECFMG certificate, if applicable;
- c. a document attesting to the successful completion of the required minimum of one (1) year post-graduate clinical training;
- d. a certified copy of the scores attained by the applicant on the FLEX, including a weighted average score of not less than seventy-five percent (75%) which scores must meet the requirements established in Section 4.4 of these regulations;
- e. a sworn and notarized statement on a form provided by the Board stating that the applicant is of good moral character, and is physically and mentally capable of engaging in the practice of medicine and surgery; and
- f. a statement that the physician is in good standing in each jurisdiction in which he is licensed to practice and that he has no medical disciplinary actions pending; and

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g. such other documents as may be required by the Board.

~~7.5.~~ An applicant shall also provide photocopies of all documents presented to the Board. Such photocopies shall be attached to the application and made a part thereof. Such photocopies shall become the property of the Board. An applicant for a license to practice medicine and surgery by reciprocal endorsement shall also provide photocopies of all documents presented to the Board. Such photocopies shall be attached to the application and made a part thereof. The application, together with all photocopied documents submitted therewith, shall become the property of the Board and shall not be returned.

~~7.8.~~ 7.6. An applicant for licensure by endorsement shall present his original specialty board certification and show further evidence that he is currently certified in his specialty. A photocopy of the certificate shall also be submitted with the application and made a part thereof. Such photocopy shall become the property of the Board. An applicant for licensure a license to practice medicine and surgery by reciprocal endorsement shall pay by cashier's check or money order payable to the Board a nonrefundable fee in an amount established by the Board.

~~7.9.~~ 7.7. An applicant for licensure by endorsement of the NBME issued within the previous eight (8) years shall request certification scores from the NBME on forms supplied by the Board. An applicant for licensure a license to practice medicine and surgery by reciprocal endorsement whose application is complete may request a temporary license to practice until the next regular meeting of the Board, by meeting the qualifications of the Board, by paying an additional non-refundable fee in an amount established by the Board, and by appearing before a member of the Board for a personal interview.

~~7.10.~~ 7.8. An applicant must demonstrate for a license to practice medicine and surgery by reciprocal endorsement has the burden of demonstrating to the satisfaction of the Board that the applicant has the requisite qualifications of a physician initially licensed in this State.

Section 9. Temporary Permit to Practice Medicine and Surgery; Qualifications

9.1. An applicant for a temporary permit to practice medicine and surgery shall be a graduate of a medical school recognized by the Board as acceptable at the time the applicant graduated. submit evidence that he is a graduate of a medical school approved by the LCME or by the Board.

9.2. An applicant for a temporary permit to practice medicine and surgery shall be submit evidence that he is a legal resident of West Virginia for a period of six (6) months next preceding the submission of an application for such temporary permit. ~~if such applicant is also an applicant for licensure by examination.~~

9.3. An applicant for a temporary permit to practice medicine and surgery ~~must~~ be shall submit evidence that he is certified by the ECFMG if he is a graduate of a medical school outside the United States, Canada, or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

9.4. An applicant ~~who has not attained a score of seventy-five percent (75%) on the FLEX on two (2) or more occasions shall not be eligible for a temporary permit.~~ An applicant who has not met the requirements of Section 4.4 of these regulations on two (2) or more occasions shall not be eligible for a temporary permit.

9.5. An applicant for a temporary permit must be able to demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Board the ability to communicate in the English language.

9.6. An applicant for a temporary permit shall submit evidence that he is of good moral character and that he is physically and mentally capable of engaging in the practice of medicine.

9.7. The issuance of a temporary permit shall not be interpreted or construed as the Board's approval of the applicant for licensure. Each person who seeks licensure must instead meet all regular licensure requirements established by law in order to be licensed.

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Section 10. Temporary Permit to Practice Medicine and Surgery; Application Required

10.1. An applicant for a temporary permit to practice medicine and surgery in West Virginia shall submit an application on a form prescribed and furnished provided by the Board, which form must be completed at least thirty (30) days in advance of the date on which the expected practice will begin, together with the following documents:

a. ~~A photocopy of the applicant's original medical school diploma;~~ evidence of graduation from a medical school approved by the LCME or by the Board;

b. ~~A photocopy of the applicant's original ECFMG certificate;~~ evidence of certification by the ECFMG, where applicable;

c. ~~A small photograph which bears a reasonable resemblance to the applicant at the time of the application;~~ a photograph taken within the previous (12) months which substantially resembles the applicant;

d. a letter from a physician fully licensed to practice medicine and surgery in West Virginia who has agreed to supervise the applicant;

e. a letter of employment from a physician, hospital, clinic, or other health care facility proposing to employ the applicant;

f. a letter from a party, other than those above-mentioned, indicating a need for such services;

g. a nonrefundable fee in an amount established by the Board; ~~and~~

h. A photocopy of a document attesting to the successful completion of the required minimum of one (1) academic year post-graduate clinical training. a sworn and notarized statement on a form provided by the Board stating that the applicant is of good moral character, and is physically and mentally capable of engaging in the practice of medicine and surgery; and

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i. such other documents as may be required by the Board.

10.2. The application, together with all photocopied documents submitted therewith, shall become the property of the Board and shall not be returned.

~~10.2.~~ 10.3. An applicant for a temporary permit shall arrange for a personal interview with a member of the Board prior to the meeting at which his application will be considered. The Board may require an applicant to be present at the meeting during which his application will be reviewed. The purpose of such interview or required attendance at a Board meeting is to verify the existence and the identity of all required documents and to enable the Board to clarify any information contained in the application. The Board may require production of original documents at such interview or required attendance at a Board meeting.

Section 12. Temporary Permit to Practice Medicine and Surgery; Examination Required

12.1. Every physician who holds a temporary permit to practice medicine and surgery in West Virginia shall take the FLEX at least once a year during such time as the temporary permit is valid.

12.2. Failure to take the FLEX at least once a year shall result in the denial of a temporary permit to practice medicine and surgery.

12.3. A physician who meets each of the following requirements shall be allowed (1) point toward his score on the FLEX for every full calendar year he has held a temporary permit in this State, up to a maximum of five (5) points for five (5) full years of practice:

a. The physician must have received the degree of doctor of medicine or its equivalent from a school of medicine approved by the Board and located outside of the United States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and Canada;

b. The physician must have held a valid temporary permit on April 13, 1985; and

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c. The physician must have taken the FLEX after the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, and no later than the thirteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five.

Any physician who cannot satisfy each of the above requirements shall be ineligible for the allowance of points based upon full years of practice. In allowing points for full years of practice, periods of practice in West Virginia constituting less than a full calendar year shall not be credited in any fashion. Physicians who satisfy each of the above requirements, and who take the two (2) component FLEX program, shall be allowed one (1) point toward his score on each component of the FLEX for every full year he has held a temporary permit in this State, up to a maximum of five (5) points on each component of the FLEX for five (5) full years of practice.

Section 14. Educational Training Permits

14.1. All graduate medical trainees are required to secure an educational training permit. Such a permit grants the graduate medical trainee permission to participate in the training program and restricts him to the confines of the training institution, its affiliates and affiliated community hospitals.

14.2. Specific requirements for an educational training permit are as follows:

a. a completed application for an educational training permit must be forwarded to the Board sixty (60) days in advance of July 1, or by another date by special permission;

b. an application for an educational training permit shall include proof that the applicant is a graduate of a medical school approved by the LCME or by the Board;

c. an application for an educational training permit shall include a sworn and notarized statement that the applicant is of good moral character, and that he is physically and mentally capable of engaging in the practice of medicine;

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d. an application for an educational training permit shall include proof that the applicant is certified by the ECFMG if he is a graduate of a medical school outside the United States, Canada, or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico;

e. an applicant for an educational training permit must be able to demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Board his ability to communicate in the English language;

f. an application for an educational training permit must be accompanied by a nonrefundable fee in an amount established by the Board; and,

g. a graduate of a United States or foreign medical school who does not have a license without restriction in the United States and who has been accepted into an approved program of graduate medical education in this State must have an initial interview with a member of the Board or the Board's designated representative.

14.3. The educational training permit is valid only for twelve (12) consecutive months, but the Board may extend its validity when such action is warranted.

14.4. Annual approval for participation in graduate medical education as witnessed by the issuance of educational training permits is made by the Board for all qualified applicants.

14.5. The application, together with all photocopied documents submitted therewith, shall become the property of the Board and shall not be returned.

14.6. The issuance of an educational training permit shall not be interpreted or construed as the Board's approval of a applicant for licensure upon the applicant's completion of the educational training program. Each person who seeks licensure must instead meet all regular licensure requirements established by law in order to be licensed.

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Section 24. Regulations for Physician Assistants

24.1. For purposes of this Section, the following definitions shall be in effect:

a. NCCPA - The National Commission on the Certification of Physician Assistants.

b. Protocol - Written treatment instructions prepared by a supervising physician for use by a physician assistant. Such instructions should be flexible, in accordance with the setting where the physician assistant is employed.

c. Satellite operation - An office or clinic separate and apart from the office of the supervising physician, established by the physician and manned in part by a physician assistant.

d. Supervision - The opportunity or ability of the physician to provide or exercise control and direction over the services of physician assistants. Constant physical presence of the supervising physician of a ~~Board-certified~~ physician assistant certified by the NCCPA is not required so long as the supervising physician and the physician assistant are or can easily be in contact with each other by radio, telephone, or telecommunication. Supervision requires the availability of the supervising physician. An appropriate degree of supervision includes:

1. The active and continuing overview of the physician assistant's activities to determine that the supervising physician's directions are being implemented;

2. The availability of the supervising physician to the physician assistant for all necessary consultations;

3. Personal and regular (at least weekly) review by the supervising physician of the patient records upon which entries are made by the physician assistant; and

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4. Periodic (at least monthly) education and review sessions discussing specific conditions, protocols, procedures and specific patients, held by the supervising physician for the physician assistant under his supervision.

In the case of a physician assistant who has not been certified by the NCCPA, the presence of the supervising physician or alternate supervising physician on the premises where the non-certified physician assistant performs delegated medical tasks is required.

24.2. Employment of Physician Assistants by Licensed Physician or Podiatrist; Services that may be Performed by Physician Assistants

a. A physician or a podiatrist fully licensed under Chapter 30 of the Code of West Virginia may submit a job description to the Board to employ a physician assistant.

b. "Type 'A' physician assistant" means an assistant to a primary care physician, who is a graduate of an approved program of instruction in primary health care, who has passed the national certification examination and is qualified to perform direct patient care services under the supervision of the primary care physician.

c. "Type 'B' physician assistant" means an assistant to a physician who is a graduate of an approved program of instruction in a recognized non-primary care clinical specialty or is a graduate of an approved program of instruction in primary health care and has either received additional post-graduate training in a recognized non-primary care clinical specialty or has received additional training from a physician adequate to qualify him to perform patient services in that specialty as defined by the supervising physician.

d. Type 'A' and 'B' applicants shall be of good moral character.

e. The delegation of certain acts to a physician assistant shall be stated on the job description in a manner consistent with sound medical practice and with the protection of the health and safety of the patient in mind. Such services shall be limited to those which are educational, diagnostic, therapeutic or preventive in nature and may, according to the standards set by his supervising physician,

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formulate a provisional diagnosis and treatment plan which may be set by standard protocols of his supervising physician and are under his direction. ~~but in no case shall they include the prescribing or dispensing of drugs.~~

24.3. Submission of Application; Job Description - An application completed by the applicant and a job description written and signed by the supervising physician or podiatrist listing in numerical order the duties which will be performed by the assistant must be in the office of the Board of Medicine, ~~3412 Chesterfield Avenue,~~ 100 Dee Drive, Suite 104, Charleston, West Virginia ~~25304~~ 25311, thirty (30) days prior to a Board meeting. Meetings are held bimonthly, or as needed, beginning in January. The filing of an application and job description does not entitle a physician assistant to certification. The only legal authority for such approval must be given by the Board.

24.4. Ad Interim Certification

a. Type 'A' physician assistant: When any graduate of an approved program who has not passed the NCCPA examination submits an application to the Board, accompanied by a job description for a Type 'A' physician assistant certificate, the Board shall issue to such applicant a temporary certificate allowing such applicant to function as a Type 'A' physician assistant for a period of one (1) year. Said temporary certificate may be renewed for one (1) additional year upon the request of the supervising physician. A Type 'A' physician assistant who has not been certified as such by the NCCPA will be restricted to working under the direct supervision of the supervising physician.

b. Type 'B' physician assistant: When any person who meets the qualifications for a Type 'B' physician assistant as defined by these regulations, and who submits an application accompanied by a job description for a Type 'B' physician assistant certificate, the Board may certify such applicant as a Type 'B' physician assistant for a period of four (4) months. Upon expiration of the four-month temporary certification, the Board may certify the applicant as a Type 'B' physician assistant. The Type 'B' physician assistant shall be restricted to work under the direct supervision of the supervising physician until he has passed either the examination for surgical assistants or the examination for primary care physician assistants administered by the NBME on behalf of the NCCPA.

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24.9. Supervision and Control of Physician Assistants  
- The physician assistant, whether employed by a health care facility or the supervising physician, shall perform only under the supervision and control of the supervising physician. ~~Such supervision and control~~ Supervision and control of a physician assistant certified by the NCCPA requires the availability of a physician for consultation and direction of the actions of the assistant, but does not necessarily require the personal presence of the supervising physician at the place or places where services are rendered, if the physician assistant certified by the NCCPA is performing (specified) duties at the direction of the supervising physician. In the case of a physician assistant who has not been certified by the NCCPA, the presence of the supervising physician or alternate supervising physician on the premises where the non-certified assistant performs delegated medical tests is required. The physician assistant may function in any setting within which the supervising physician routinely practices, but in no instance shall a separate place of work for the physician assistant be established. The supervising physician shall be a physician permanently licensed in this State.

24.10 Limitations on Employment and Scope of Duties of Physician Assistants

a. A supervising physician shall not employ at any one time more than two (2) physician assistants.

b. A physician assistant shall not sign prescriptions except in the case of certain authorized Type 'A' physician assistants.

c. A physician assistant shall not perform any services which his supervising physician is not qualified to perform.

d. A physician assistant may sign orders to be countersigned later by his supervising physician, provided they are not in conflict with hospital regulations.

e. A physician assistant shall not perform any services which are not included in his job description and approved by the Board.

24.13 The certification of a Type 'A' or Type 'B' physician assistant shall be restricted or terminated by the

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Board when, after due notice and a hearing in accordance with the manner and form prescribed by the Contested Case Hearing Procedure, Chapter 6-9A & 29A-5, Series I (1983), it is found:

a. That the assistant has held himself out or permitted another person to represent him as a licensed physician or podiatrist;

b. That the assistant has in fact performed other than at the direction and under the supervision of a supervising physician or podiatrist licensed by the Board;

c. That the assistant has been delegated and performed a task or tasks beyond his competence and not in accordance with his job description as approved by the Board;

d. That the assistant is a habitual user of intoxicants or drugs to such an extent that he is unable to safely perform as an assistant to the physician or podiatrist;

e. That the assistant has been convicted in any court, state or federal, of any felony or other criminal offense involving moral turpitude;

f. That the assistant has been adjudicated a mental incompetent, or his mental condition renders him unable to safely perform as an assistant to a physician or podiatrist;

g. That the assistant has failed to comply with any of the provisions of these regulations or the West Virginia Medical Practice Act;

h. That the assistant is guilty of unprofessional conduct which includes, but is not limited to, the following:

1. Misrepresentation or concealment of material fact in obtaining a certificate or a reinstatement thereof;

2. The commission of an offense against any provision of State law related to the practice of physician assistants, or any rule or regulation promulgated thereunder;

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3. The commission of any act involving moral turpitude, dishonesty or corruption, when such act directly or indirectly affects the health, welfare or safety of citizens of this State. If the act constitutes a crime, conviction thereof in a criminal proceeding shall not be a condition precedent to disciplinary action;

4. Conviction of a felony, as defined under the laws of this State or under the laws of any other state, territory or country;

5. Misconduct in his practice as a physician assistant or performing tasks fraudulently, beyond his authorized scope, with incompetence, or with negligence on a particular occasion or negligence on repeated occasions;

6. Performing tasks as a physician assistant while the ability to do so is impaired by alcohol, drugs, physical disability or mental instability;

7. Impersonation of a licensed physician or another certified physician assistant;

8. Offering, undertaking or agreeing to cure or treat disease by a secret method, procedure, treatment or medicine; treating or prescribing for any human condition by a method, means or procedure which the physician assistant refuses to divulge upon demand of the Board; or using such methods or treatments which are not in accordance with treatment processes accepted by a reasonable segment of the medical profession;

9. Prescribing a prescription drug, including any controlled substance under state or federal law, other than in good faith and in a therapeutic manner in accordance with accepted medical standards;

10. Prescribing a controlled substance under state or federal law, to or for himself, or to or for any member of his immediate family;

11. Prescribing a prescription drug, including any controlled substance under state or federal law, which is not included in the approved job description for that assistant, or which is not included in the approved State formulary for physician assistants.

Section 24.17. Limited Prescriptive Privileges for Physician Assistants

a. A physician assistant may be authorized by the Board to issue written or oral prescriptions for certain medicinal drugs at the direction of his or her supervising physician if all of the following conditions are met:

1. The assistant is a certified Type 'A' physician assistant who has performed patient care services for a minimum of two (2) years immediately preceding the submission to the Board of the job description requesting limited prescriptive privileges;

2. The assistant has successfully completed an accredited course of instruction in clinical pharmacology approved by the Board of not less than four (4) semester hours;

3. The assistant provides primary care outpatient services in a medically underserved area or other area of need, and remains in that area, including any one of the following areas:

(i) areas designated by State or federal authorities as medically underserved;

(ii) areas designated by State or federal authorities as health manpower shortage areas in primary care;

(iii) State government facilities offering out-patient services to underserved populations such as correctional department clinics; or,

(iv) any other area of need specifically recognized and approved by the Board;

4. The assistant obtains Board approval of his or her job description which includes the categories of drugs the assistant proposes to prescribe at the direction of his or her supervising physician.

5. The assistant continues to maintain national certification as a physician assistant, and in meeting such national certification requirements, completes a minimum of ten (10) hours of continuing education in rational drug therapy in each certification period.

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b. Evidence of completion of all conditions for the granting of limited prescriptive privileges shall be included with the physician assistant's annual renewal application and report to the Board.

c. The Board shall approve a formulary classifying pharmacologic categories of all drugs which may be prescribed by a Type 'A' physician assistant. The formulary shall exclude Schedules I and II of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act, anticoagulants, antineoplastics, antipsychotics, radiopharmaceuticals, general anesthetics, and radiographic contrast materials. In addition, no parenteral preparation may be included in the formulary except Insulin and Epinephrine. The formulary may be revised annually, and shall include the following designated Sections:

1. Section A - a choice of drugs commonly used in primary care outpatient settings to be prescribable by physician assistants who have completed an additional accredited course of study in clinical pharmacology approved by the Board of not less than four (4) semester hours;

2. Section B - additional drugs used less commonly in primary care outpatient settings to be prescribable by physician assistants who have satisfied the requirements set forth under Section A. In addition, Section B drugs may be prescribed by physician assistants only under the following limited situations:

(i) on a direct order from the supervising physician to the physician assistant during consultation at the time of the patient's examination by the physician assistant, and specifically noted in the patient's chart; or

(ii) on a refill prescription for a previously diagnosed and stable patient whose prescription was initiated by the supervising physician.

d. A prescription drug not included in the approved formulary shall not be contained in the job description of any physician assistant.

e. Prescriptions issued by a physician assistant shall be issued consistent with the supervising physician's treatment protocol provided to his or her physician

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assistant. The maximum dosage shall be indicated in the protocol and in no case may exceed the manufacturer's recommended average therapeutic dose for that drug.

f. Each prescription and subsequent refills given by the physician assistant shall be entered on the patient's chart and countersigned by the supervising physician within seven (7) days.

g. The prescription form utilized by a physician assistant approved for limited prescriptive privileges shall be imprinted with the name of the supervising physician, the name of the approved physician assistant, the address of the health care facility, the telephone number of the health care facility, the categories of drugs or drugs within a category which the assistant may prescribe, and the statement, "physician assistant prescription - it is a violation of State law to dispense drugs not imprinted on this prescription". The physician assistant shall write the name of the patient, the patient's address, and the date on each prescription form. The physician assistant shall sign his or her name to each prescription followed by the letters "PA-C". The supervising physician must provide the Board with a copy of the prescription form utilized by his or her physician assistant prior to its use. A copy of this prescription form shall be provided to area pharmacies where the physician assistant may issue a prescription by word of mouth, telephone, or other means of communication in his or her name at the direction of the supervising physician.

h. Physician assistants authorized to issue prescriptions for Schedules III through V controlled substances shall write the Federal Drug Enforcement Administration number of their supervising physician followed by their West Virginia state certification number on the prescription form. Prescriptions written for Schedule III drugs shall be limited to a forty-eight (48) hour supply and may not authorize a refill. The maximum amount of Schedule IV or Schedule V drugs shall be no more than ninety (90) dosage units or a thirty (30) day supply, whichever is less.

i. Other prescription drugs shall not be prescribed or refillable for a period exceeding six (6) months.

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j. The Board of Medicine shall provide the Board of Pharmacy with a list of physician assistants with limited prescriptive privileges and shall update the list within ten days after additions or deletions are made.

k. Nothing in these regulations shall be construed to permit a Type 'A' physician assistant to independently prescribe or dispense drugs.

WEST VIRGINIA PROPOSED LEGISLATIVE RULES FILED  
WEST VIRGINIA BOARD OF MEDICINE  
CHAPTER 30-3  
SERIES III

1986 JAN 15 PM 1:06

Title: Approval of Medical Schools for Purposes of Physician Licensure

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Section 1. General.

1.1. Scope - These rules are issued in order to provide standards for the Board of Medicine's approval of medical schools for purposes of physician licensure as required by West Virginia Code §30-3-10(b)(2).

1.2. Authority - These legislative rules are issued under the authority of and are related to West Virginia Code §30-3-10(b)(2) and West Virginia Code §30-3-7(a)(1).

1.3. Filing Date - January 5, 1986

1.4. Effective Date - January 5, 1986

Section 2. Definitions.

2.1. Liaison Committee on Medical Education (LCME) - The LCME is a national organization which accredits medical schools located in the United States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and Canada.

2.2. Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG) - The ECFMG is a national organization which certifies the basic English language skills and the fundamental medical education and training of individuals who attended schools outside the United States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and Canada.

2.3. Foreign Medical Graduates Examination in the Medical Sciences (FMGEMS) - The FMGEMS is the name of a comprehensive examination of medical knowledge first offered by the ECFMG on July 24, 1984.

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Section 3. Schools Located In the United States, Puerto Rico, or Canada

3.1. Any applicant who has graduated from a medical school located in the United States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or Canada, and who seeks to become authorized to practice medicine and surgery by either a license, a temporary permit, an educational training permit, or a license by reciprocal endorsement, must provide evidence of graduation and receipt of the degree of doctor of medicine or its equivalent from a medical school accredited by the LCME at the time of the applicant's attendance at that school.

3.2. Evidence of graduation and receipt of a degree of doctor of medicine or its equivalent from a medical school located in the United States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or Canada which is not accredited by the LCME at the time of the applicant's attendance at that school shall be a basis for denying an application for a license or permit.

Section 4. Schools Located Outside of the United States, Puerto Rico, or Canada

4.1. Any applicant who has graduated from a medical school located outside the United States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or Canada, and who seeks to become authorized to practice medicine and surgery by either a license, a temporary permit, an educational training permit, or a license by reciprocal endorsement, shall be solely responsible for acquiring and presenting to the Board all information required by it for licensure.

4.2. The applicant from a medical school located outside the United States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or Canada shall provide, on a verified form provided by the Board, certain information regarding the foreign medical school from which the applicant has graduated. The information shall include, in part:

a. whether the medical school is legally recognized and authorized by the jurisdiction in which it confers a degree of doctor of medicine, or its equivalent;

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b. whether the medical school is part of any other institution, and, if so, a description of the medical school's relationship with that institution;

c. whether the medical school is a proprietary or non-profit institution;

d. the total number of months required to complete the medical school's program;

e. a list of each hospital, institution, facility, or program where the applicant received clinical education, listing each clinical clerkship with the appropriate hospital, institution, facility, or program;

f. a list of all graduate degree programs offered by the medical school;

g. a description of the curriculum and program of studies at the medical school;

h. whether the medical school has any full-time faculty members, and, if so, the approximate number;

i. the number of students at the medical school;

j. a description of the standards and methods for selecting students matriculating at the medical school;

k. a description of the medical school's physical plant, including the number of campuses, library facilities, laboratories, and classrooms;

l. the names and locations of all hospitals, institutions, facilities, or programs providing clinical education to the medical school's medical students; and

m. whether the applicant, since graduation from the medical school, has fulfilled all requirements of the ECFMG for certification.

4.3. Certification of an applicant by the ECFMG based upon passage of the FMGEMS on or after July 24, 1984, but not before that date, shall be sufficient for the Board to approve the individual applicant's degree of doctor of medicine or its equivalent from any medical school located outside of the United States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or Canada.

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4.4. Any applicant, whose certification by the ECFMG is for a limited period, shall maintain the ongoing validity of that certification in order to be eligible for licensure. The failure to maintain the current validity of that certification shall be a basis for denying an application for a license or permit, and shall be a basis for revoking an existing license or permit.

4.5. Approval of any individual applicant for a medical license or permit based, in part, upon that applicant's passage of the FMGEMS on or after July 24, 1984, shall not constitute the approval of the applicant's foreign medical school for any other individual applicant. Each applicant must individually demonstrate his compliance with Section 4 herein to be granted a license or permit.

4.6. The Board may, at any time, determine whether it will require additional information relating to the applicant or to the foreign medical school in question. The Board may solicit information directly from the foreign medical school and any institution, hospital, facility, or program with which that school is affiliated. The Board may also require an on-site visit of the school by the Board's designated representatives. The costs of such an on-site visit shall be the sole responsibility of the applicant and/or the foreign medical school being considered. At any time, the applicant may supply the Board with any additional information relevant to the evaluation.

4.7. The Board shall evaluate the information supplied pursuant to Section 4.1, Section 4.2, and Section 4.6 by all applicants who have not taken and passed the FMGEMS on or after July 24, 1984, in order to determine whether the applicant's foreign medical school has standards for graduation which are equivalent to those established by the LCME. If the foreign medical school's standards are equivalent to those established by the LCME, the Board shall approve the medical school for licensing purposes. If the Board determines that the foreign medical school from which the applicant has graduated fails to meet standards for graduation equivalent to those established by the LCME, the Board shall give written notice to the applicant, together with a brief statement of the basis for the Board's decision.

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Section 5. Hearings

5.1. Any applicant who seeks to become authorized to practice medicine and surgery by either a license, a temporary permit, an educational training permit, or a license by a reciprocal endorsement, and who is denied such a license or permit, may within thirty (30) days after receipt of such denial request an opportunity to present additional evidence to the Board at a hearing. All such hearings shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of West Virginia Code §29A-5-1 et seq.

5.2. If more than one applicant for licensure has graduated from a single foreign medical school which the Board has determined fails to meet equivalent standards for graduation, one (1) hearing may be held for each such medical school.

5.3. The Board may not evaluate a single medical school more than once in any twelve (12) month period.

5.4. The Board may, at any time, choose to re-evaluate any foreign medical school which it has previously approved in order to determine whether approval of that medical school should continue or be withdrawn. The procedures and standards for re-evaluating any previously approved medical school shall be identical to those previously set forth herein.