# **WEST VIRGINIA SECRETARY OF STATE**

# **MAC WARNER**

# **ADMINISTRATIVE LAW DIVISION**

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Office of West Virginia Secretary Of State

# NOTICE OF RULE MODIFICATION OF A PROPOSED RULE

**AGENCY:** 

Agriculture

**RULE TYPE:** 

Legislative

TITLE-SERIES:

61-09

**RULE NAME:** 

West Virginia Seed Law

**CITE AUTHORITY:** 

§19-6-6

The above proposed Legislative rules, following review by the Legislative Rule Making Review Committee, is hereby modified as a result of review and comment by the Legislative Rule Making Review Committee. The attached modifications are filed with the Secretary of State.

BY CHOOSING 'YES', I ATTEST THAT THE PREVIOUS STATEMENT IS TRUE AND CORRECT.

# Yes

Norman Bailey -- By my signature, I certify that I am the person authorized to file legislative rules, in accordance with West Virginia Code §29A-3-11 and §39A-3-2.

# TITLE 61 LEGISLATIVE RULE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

# SERIES 9 WEST VIRGINIA SEED LAW

#### §61-9-1. General.

- 1.1. Scope. -- This legislative rule declares those seeds that are noxious seeds, sets the size for working samples, establishes germination test dates, germination standards and tolerances, specifies additional labeling for forest tree and shrub seeds, defines what corn may be sold as "Certified Hybrid," specifies white sweet clover labeling requirements, specifies seed labeling requirements for distribution to wholesalers, obtaining registration forms, defines sampler or display units and where fee stamps are to be displayed and reporting of pounds sold, establishes an assessment of penalty fees, provides laboratory service to individuals, farmers and dealers and sets fees, defines hermetically sealed seed requirements, defines growers declaration, establishes program for analysis of hold-over seed, specifies relabeling requirements, establishes a seed certification agency, establishes labeling requirements for seeds for sprouting, and sets requirements for treated seed.
  - 1.2. Authority. -- W. Va. Code §19-16-6.
  - 1.3. Filing Date. -- April 30, 2004
  - 1.4. Effective Date. -- July 1, 2004
- 1.5. Repeal and Replace. This rule repeals and replaces Department of Agriculture Rule, Title 61 Legislative Rules, Series 9 West Virginia Seed Law, Filed on June 2, 1975 with an Effective Date July 1, 1975. Sunset Provision. This rule shall expire and have no further force and effect ten years from its effective date.

## §61-9-2. Policy.

- 2.1. All persons distributing or using agricultural, forest and shrub, flower, and vegetable seeds in the state of West Virginia, including retailers, wholesalers, jobbers and brokers are equally responsible for full compliance with the provisions of W. Va. Code, §§19-16-1 et seq. All persons are responsible for complying with the law, obtaining a certificate of registration, paying appropriate poundage and reporting fees, labeling the seed or any other legal requirement if not met by another person.
  - 2.2. The documents of the following organizations are incorporated in their entirety by reference;
    - 2.2.1. Association of American Seed Control Officials Handbook for Seed Inspectors;
  - 2.2.2. United States Department of Agriculture, Title I V Federal Seed Act; Federal Seed Act Regulations Part 201-202;
    - 2.2.3. Association of Official Seed Analyst Journal of Seed Technology Vol. 16, No 3;
  - 2.2.4. The Handbook of Seed Testing: Contribution #33 Cultivar Purity Testing Handbook; Contribution #35 Seedling Evaluation Handbook; Contribution #25 Uniform Classification of Weed & Crop Seeds

2.2.3 United States Standards for Grades of Seed Potatoes § 51, Effective March 6, 1987.

2.2.4 Association of Official Seed Analysts, Rules for Testing Seeds, Volumes 1 – 4.

2.2.5 Association of Official Seed Analysts, Seed Vigor Testing Handbook.

2.2.6 Association of Official Seed Analysts, Seed Moisture Testing Handbook.

2.2.7 Association of Official Seed Analysts, Cultivar Purity Handbook.

2.2.8 Association of Official Seed Analysts, Tetrazolium Testing Handbook.

### §61-9-3. Weed Seeds And Size Of Working Sample.

3.1. When noxious weeds occur, the total amount present must be shown on the Dealer/Distributor's label, designated as number of seeds per ounce or per pound as required by law.

#### §61-9-4-Germination Standards And Tolerances.

- 4.1. 3.1. The following germination test dates apply to seeds packaged in containers as indicated:
- 4.1.1. Seeds packed in regular containers: Nine (9) Twelve (12) months excluding the month in which the test was completed; and
- 4.1.2 3.1.2. Seeds packed in "Hermetically" sealed containers: Thirty-six (36) months excluding the month in which the test was completed. The percentage of moisture shall not exceed percentages established in Appendix Number 2, Hermetically Sealed Seed.
- 3.1.3. For cool season lawn and turf grasses including Kentucky bluegrass, red fescue, chewings fescue, hard fescue, tall fescue, perennial ryegrass, intermediate ryegrass, annual ryegrass, colonial bentgrass, creeping bentgrass, and mixtures thereof: Fifteen (15) months excluding the month in which the test was completed.
- 4.2. 3.2. The labels on all seeds germinating less than these standards shall show, in addition to other required information, the words "germination below standard" in eight (8) point bold face type.
- 4.2.1. 3.3. The minimum germination standards for the various kinds of seed are contained in the appendix at the end of this rule as follows: Appendix 1, Germination Standard for Agricultural Seeds; Appendix Number 2, Minimum Germination Standards for Vegetable Seeds Appendix 3, Minimum Germination Standards Forest Seeds Germination Standard for Vegetable Seeds; and Appendix 5, Germination Standard for Flower Seed.
- 4.3. Standard germination tolerances for agricultural <u>crops</u>, forest lawn and turf, vegetable, <u>tree</u> <u>and shrub, flower seeds</u> and vegetable seeds. The tolerances shown in Appendix Number 4 are applicable to the percentage of germination and also to the sum of germination plus the hard seeds or firm ungerminated seeds of agricultural and forest seeds. There will be no tolerances applied to the minimum germination of vegetable seed.

## §61-9-5 §61-9-4. Additional Forest Tree and Shrub Seed Labeling Requirements.

In addition to the label requirements established by law, the following data shall be shown on the analysis tag and invoice <u>for all seeds listed in Appendix 4, Kind of Tree and Shrub Seeds Subject to Germination Labeling</u>:

### 5.1. 4.1. Seed Origin:

- <u>5.1.1.</u> 4.1.1. For seed collected from a predominantly indigenous (natural) stand, the area of collection given by latitude and longitude or geographic description or political subdivision such as state or county.
- 5.1.2. 4.1.2. For seed collected from other than predominantly indigenous stand (plantation), the identity of the area of collection and the origin of the stand or the statement "Origin Not Indigenous.";
- 5.2. 4.2. The upper and lower elevations within which seed was collected;
- 5.3. 4.3. The common name and scientific or genetic name;
- 5.4. 4.4. The year in which the collection was made as required by W. Va. Code, §19-16- $2\frac{(n)(r)}{2}$  and

### 5.5. 4.5. Seed Germination:

- 5.5.1. 4.5.1. Germination shall be shown in percentage and percentage of firm ungerminated seed or hard seed; or
- 5.5.2. 4.5.2. As required by W. Va. Code,  $\S19-16-2\frac{(n)(r)}{(r)}(2)(G)(iv)$ , when the seed is transported or delivered for transportation within the calendar year collected or within six (6) months following the calendar year of collection the seed may bear the statement "Test in Progress"; or
- <u>5.5.3.</u> When the seed is being transported to a consumer, the name of the consumer and the statement "Contract seed not for resale and subject to test to be arranged."

### <del>§61-9-6</del> <u>§61-9-5</u>. Hybrid Seed Corn.

6.1. 5.1. Only seed of field corn hybrids that has been certified by an officially recognized certifying agency in the state, province or county in which the seed is grown may be labeled or advertised as "Certified Hybrid Seed Corn."

#### §61-9-6. White Sweet Clover.

6.1. Sweet clover seed containing more than five (5) percent of yellow sweet clover seed when tested (or more than 1.25 percent mottled seeds as identified during a visual examination) may not be labeled white sweet clover. Such seed must be labeled as sweet clover or as a mixture.

### §61-9-7. Certificate Of Registration.

7.1. Application forms may be obtained for certificate of registration from the West Virginia Department of Agriculture, Charleston, West Virginia.

### §61-9-8. Sampler Or Display Unit - Reporting of Pounds Seed Sold.

- 8.1. A sampler or display unit means a display collection of garden, vegetable, or flower seeds commonly known as "Packet Seeds" originally packed in primary consumer containers of eight (8) ounces (226.8 grams) or less by the person, firm or corporation who has registered to sell the seeds.
- 8.2. For sampler or display units, stamps shall be attached by the Dealer in a conspicuous place on the front of the display unit. The appropriate fees are listed in Appendix 6 Registration and Poundage Fees.
- 8.3. For seeds requiring a sworn statement of pounds sold, the total poundage of each kind sold shall be reported by the Dealer/Distributor on a form supplied by the Commissioner and the fee paid at the rate prescribed Appendix 6 Registration and Poundage Fees.
- 8.4. For seed potatoes: The number, variety and size of containers bought, offered or exposed for sale shall be reported by the person first entering the seed potatoes into West Virginia trade channels on forms provided by the Commissioner. The person first offering seed potatoes for sale within the State of West Virginia shall pay the required fee and shall furnish to his or her customers an invoice bearing the statement "West Virginia Seed Fee Paid". The statement may also be used by wholesale dealers on an arrears basis to accommodate their bookkeeping systems: Provided, that arrears payments shall be not later than the fifteenth day of the following month for the previous reporting period. Any person having in his or her custody any lot of seed potatoes and who is unable to produce evidence that he or she paid the seed fee is liable for payment of the fee.

#### §61-9-9. Laboratory Service To Individuals, Farmers and Dealers.

- 9.1. Seed testing facilities are available for making purity, noxious weed, vigor, moisture, seed <u>identification</u>, and germination <u>analyses</u> tests for interested persons. during the months of September through January inclusive.
  - 9.2. The charges to dealers for the these tests are specified in Appendix 7 Testing Fees.

## §61-9-10. Hold Over Seed.

10.1. Seeds bearing germination test dates older than those specified in <u>Subdivision 5.5.2</u> <u>Subsection 3.1</u> of this rule shall be retested and relabeled or removed from sale.

#### §61-9-11. Establishment of Certifying Agency.

- 11.1. The West Virginia Associated Crop Growers is hereby designated as the <u>an</u> official certifying agency for the seeds, <u>other than industrial hemp</u>, grown in West Virginia.
  - 11.2 The West Virginia Department of Agriculture is hereby designated as an official certifying

agency for all seeds, including industrial hemp, grown in West Virginia.

#### §61-9-12. Treated Seed.

- 12.1. For all seeds named and treated as defined in this Rule (for which a separate label may be used) the following is required:
  - 12.1.1. A word or statement indicating that the seed has been treated;
- 12.1.2. The commonly accepted coined, <u>biological</u>, chemical or abbreviated chemical (generic) name of the applied substance or description of the process used; and
- 12.1.3. If the substance in the amount present with the seed is harmful to humans or other vertebrate animals, a caution statement such as "Do not use for food or feed or oil purposes; and
- 12.1.4. If the seed is treated with an inoculant, the date beyond which the inoculant is not to be considered effective (date of expiration).

#### §61-9-13. Noxious Weed Seeds.

- 13.1. Noxious weed seeds are divided into two three classes "Prohibited Noxious Weed Seeds", and "Undesirable Grass Seeds".
- 13.1.1. Prohibited Noxious Weed Seeds. Prohibited noxious weed seeds in this state are the seeds or bulblets of Autumn Olive (Elaeagnus umbellate), Balloonvine (Cardiospermum halicacabum), Bindweed, Field (Convolvulus arvensis), Bindweed, Hedge (Calystegia sepium), Japanese Barberry (Berberis thunbergil DC.), Japanese Knotweed (Polygonum cuspidatum), Japanese Stiltgrass (Microstegium vimineum), Jimsonweed (Datura stramonium), Johnsongrass (Sorghum halepense), Kudzu (Pueraria thunbergiana (S & Z) Benth.), Loosestrife, Purple (Lythrum salicaria), Mile-a-minute (Polygonum perfoliatum), Morrow's Honeysuckle (Lonicera morrowii), Poison Hemlock (Conium maculatum), Quackgrass (Elytrigia repens), Rose, Multiflora (Rosa multiflora), Shattercane (Sorghum bicolor), Sicklepod (Senna obtusifolia), Sowthistle, Perennial (Sonchus arvensis), Tartarian Honeysuckle (Lonicera tartarica), Thistle, Canada (Cirsium arvense), Thistle; Plumeless, Musk, and Curled (Carduus spp.), Tree of Heaven (Ailanthus altissima), and Tussock, Serrated (Nassella trichotoma). quack grass (Agropyrons repens), Johnson grass (Sorghum halapense), Canada thistle (Carduus arvensis), perennial sow thistle (Sonchus arvensis), serrated tussock (Nassella trichotoma)
- 13.1.2. Restricted Noxious Weed Seeds. Restricted noxious weed seeds in this state are the seed or bulblet of Anoda, Spurred (Anoda cristata), Bedstraw (Galium spp.), Bermudagrass (Cynodon dactylon), Carrot, Wild (Daucus carota), Cocklebur (Xanthium strumarium), Corncockle (Agrostemma githago), Daisy, Oxeye (Leucanthemum vulgare), Dock, Curly (Rumex crispus), Dodder (Cuscuta spp.), Foxtail, Giant (Setaria faberi), Garlic or Onion, Wild (Allium spp.), Hawkweed (Hieracum spp.), Horsenettle (Solanum carolinense), Morning Glory, Wild (Ipomoea purpurea), Mustard, India (Brassica juncea), Mustard, Wild (Brassica arvensis), Pennycress, Field (Thlaspi arvense), Peppergrass, Field (Lepidium campestre), Plantain, Buckhorn (Plantago lanceolate), and Thistle, Bull (Cirsium vulgare). Wild onion (Allium vineale), hawk weed (Hieracum spp.), buckhorn (Plantago lanceolata), English charlock or wild mustard (Brassica arvensis), corn cockle (Agrostemma gilthago), oxeye daisy (Chrysanthemum leucanthemum), Indian mustard (Brassica juncea), star thistle (Centurea solstitialis), wild carrot (Daucus

carota), horse nettle (Solanum carolinas), field pepper grass (lepidium compestre), wild morning glory (Ipomea purpurea), bindweed (Convolvulus arvensis), dodder (Cuscuta spp)

- 13.1.3. <u>Undesirable Grass Seed.</u> Restricted noxious weed seed in lawn and turf seed and mixtures except as provided in subdivision 13.1.2 of this section, seed of the following plants are restricted noxious weed seed and shall be listed on the tag or label under the heading "Noxious Weed Seed" or "Undesirable Grass Seed" by name and number per pound or ounce when present in bentgrass, Kentucky bluegrass, Chewing fescue, hard fescue, red fescue, varieties of named turf-type tall fescue, varieties of perennial ryegrass, or a mixture containing any of these grasses: Bentgrass creeping, colonial, velvet (Agrostis spp.); Bermudagrass, giant Bermuda grass (Cynodon dactylon); Annual bluegrass (Poa annua); Rough bluegrass (Poa trivialis); Meadow fescue (Festuca pratensis); Tall fescue (Festuca arundinacea); Orchardgrass (Dactylis glomerata); Redtop (Agrostis gigantea); Timothy (Phleum pratense); Velvetgrass (Holcus lanatus).
- 13.1.4. The amount of restricted noxious weed seeds set forth in subdivision 13.1.3, of this section shall not exceed 0.5 percent of the total weight of sample.
- 13.1.5. If included on the tag or label, seed designated as noxious weed seed in other states shall be listed under the heading "Noxious Weed Seed" or "Undesirable Grass Seed".
- 13.1.6. The restricted noxious weed seed set forth in subdivision 13.1.3, of this section shall not apply to grasses or mixtures clearly labeled for: Pasture, Forage, Hay, Conservation or Spoil bank reclamation usage.
- 13.1.7. The restricted noxious weed seeds set forth in subdivision 13.1.3, of this rule shall not apply when seeds are present in excess of 5.0% of the whole and the label contains the information required by W. Va. Code, §19-16-2 (ed)(3) relating to labeling of lawn or turf grasses and mixtures.
- 13.1.8. It is unlawful to sell or offer for sale agricultural, lawn and turf, vegetable, and flower seed which contains restricted noxious weed seeds, set forth in subdivision 13.1.2 of this section, in excess of one seed or bulblet, singly or collectively, in each 5 grams (approximately 5 seeds per ounce) of seeds listed in 19-16-2(c)(5)(A) and in each 100 grams (approximately 5 seeds per pound) of seeds listed in 19-16-2(c)(5)(B).

### §61-9-14. Certified Seed Potatoes.

14.1. As required by W. Va. Code §19-16-2 (o)(s) only "certified seed potatoes" shall be sold in the state of West Virginia.

### §61-9-15. Relabeling

- 15.1. The following information shall appear on a label for relabeling seeds in their original containers:
  - 15.1.1. The calendar month and year the test was completed to determine such percentage.
  - 15.1.2. The same lot designation as on the original labels.

15.1.3. The identity of the labeling person if different from original labeler.

## §61-9-16. Labeling of Seed Distributed to Wholesalers.

- <u>16.1. After seed has been conditioned, it must be labeled before distribution to any person including</u> a wholesaler. Each bag or bulk lot must be completely labeled when supplied to a retailer or consumer.
- 16.2. Labeling of seed supplied to a wholesaler, one whose predominant business is to supply seed to other distributors rather than to consumers of seed, may be by invoice if each bag or other container is clearly identified by a lot number stenciled on the container or if the seed is in bulk. Each bag or container that is not so identified must carry complete labeling.

## §61-9-17. Seeds for Sprouting.

- 17.1 The following information shall be indicated on all labels of seeds sold for sprouting for salad or culinary purposes.
  - 17.1.1. Commonly accepted name of kind or kinds.
  - 17.1.2. Lot number.
  - <u>17.1.3.</u> Percentage by weight of each pure seed component in excess of 5% of the whole, other crop seeds, inert matter and weed seeds if occurring.
    - 17.1.4. Percentage of germination of each pure seed component.
    - 17.1.5. Percentage of hard seed, if present.
    - 17.1.6. The calendar month and year the test was completed to determine such percentages.

## §61-9-18. Hermetically-Sealed Seed.

- 18.1. The following standards, requirements and conditions must be met before seed is considered to be hermetically-sealed under the provisions of this Act:
  - 18.1.1. The seed was packaged within 9 months after harvest.
  - 18.1.2. The container used does not allow water vapor penetration through any wall, including the seals, greater than 0.05 grams of water per 24 hours per 100 square inches of surface at 100- F. with a relative humidity on one side of 90 percent and on the other side 0 percent. Water vapor penetration or WVP is measured by the standards of the U.S. Bureau of Standards as: gm.H20/24 hr./100 sq. in./100....F./90% RHV.0% RH.
  - 18.1.3. The seed in the container does not exceed the percentage of moisture, on a wet weight basis, as listed in Appendix 2 Hermetically Sealed Seed.
- §61-9-19. Labeling Kind and Variety or Type and Performance Characteristic of Flower Seeds.

- 19.1. The requirements of Chapter 19 Article 16 Section 2 specifying that flower seeds shall be labeled with, "the name of the kind and variety or a statement of type and performance characteristics as prescribed in the rules and regulations promulgated under the provisions of this Act", shall be met as follows:
  - 19.1.1. For seeds of plants grown primarily for their blooms –
  - 19.1.1.a. If the seeds are of a single names variety, the kind and variety shall be stated, for example "Marigold, Butterball".
  - 19.1.1.b. If the seeds are of a single type and color for which there is no specific variety name, the type of plant (if significant), and the type and color of bloom shall be indicated, for example, "Scabiosa, Tall, Large Flowered, Double, Pink".
  - 19.1.1.c. If the seeds consist of an assortment or mixture of colors or varieties of a single kind, the kind name, the type of plant (if significant) and the type or types of bloom shall be indicated. In addition, it shall be clearly indicated that the seed is mixed or assorted. An example of labeling such a mixture or assortment is -"Marigold, Dwarf Double French, Mixed Colors".
  - 19.1.1.d. If the seeds consist of an assortment or mixture of kinds or kinds and varieties, it shall be clearly indicated that the seed is assorted or mixed and the specific use of the assortment or mixture shall be indicated, for example "Cut Flower Mixture", or "Rock Garden Mixture". Such statements as "General Purpose Mixture", Wonder Mixture", or any other statement which fails to indicate the specific use of the seed shall not be considered as meeting the requirements of this provision unless the specific use of the mixture is also stated. Containers with over 3 grams of seed shall list the kind or kind and variety names of each component present in excess of 5.0% of the whole in the order of their predominance giving the percentage by weight of each. Components of 5.0% or less shall be listed but need not be in order or predominance. A single percentage by weight shall be given for these components. If no component of a mixture exceeds 5% of the whole, the statement "No component in excess of 5%" may be used. Containers with 3 grams of seed or less shall list the components without giving percentage by weight and need not be in order of predominance.
  - 19.1.2. For seeds of plants grown for ornamental purposes other than their blooms, the kind and variety shall be stated, or the kind shall be stated together with a descriptive statement concerning the ornamental part of the plant, for example "Ornamental Gourds, Small Fruited, Mixed".

### §61-9-20. Flower Seeds Subject to Germination Labeling Requirement.

20.1. The flower seeds listed in Appendix 5 - Germination Standard for Flower Seed, are those for which standard testing procedures have been prescribed and which are therefore required to be labeled in accordance with the germination labeling provisions of W. Va. Code §19-16-2. The percentage listed opposite each kind is the germination standard for that kind. For the kinds marked with an asterisk, the percentage is the total of percentage germination and percentage hard seed. For other kinds, it is the percentage germination.

## §61-9-21. Assessment of Penalties.

- 21.1. A penalty shall be assessed each time a lot of seed is found to be deficient in any of the following areas.
  - 21.1.1. When it fails for any component of the purity analysis.
  - 21.1.2. When it fails for the germination analysis.
  - 21.1.3. When it is found to contain excess weed seed.
  - 21.1.4. When it fails for the noxious weed seed examination.
  - 21.1.5. When no analysis tag is attached.
  - 21.1.6. When it is found to be mislabeled.
- 21.2. The amount of the penalty for each deficiency shall be 20% of the selling price of the lot of seed. The selling price shall be calculated by multiplying the selling price per container and the total number of containers in the lot.

## §61-9-22. Seed Conditioning.

- 22.1. Upon application for a permit to condition certified seed, the department shall inspect the seed conditioning facilities of the applicant to determine that genetic purity and identity of seed conditioned can be maintained.
- 22.2. Upon approval, the department shall issue a seed conditioning permit, for each regular place of business, which shall be conspicuously displayed in the office of such business.
  - 22.3. The permit shall remain in effect for one calendar year.
- <u>22.4. The applicant is responsible for paying all necessary fees (Appendix 6 Registration & Poundage Fees).</u>
- 22.5. All screenings, removed in the cleaning or conditioning of seeds, which contain prohibited or restricted noxious weed seeds shall be removed from the seed conditioning plant only under conditions that will prevent weed seeds from being dispersed into the environment.

# Minimum GERMINATION STANDARDS

# For Agricultural Seeds (Including Hard Seeds)

<u>Seed</u>	<u>Germination</u>	<u>Seed</u>	<u>Germination</u>
Alfalfa	<del>75</del>	(b) Blue	<del>65</del>
Barley	80	(c) Fescues	<del>70</del>
Buckwheat	80	(d) Orchard	<del>75</del>
Clovers:		(e) Rye	<del>80</del>
<del>(a) Alsike                                    </del>	80	(f) Sudan	<del>70</del>
(b) Crimson	75	Lespedeza	<del>75</del>
(c) Ladino	80	Millet	<del>70</del>
-(d) Red	80	<del>Oats </del>	<del>75</del>
(e) Sweet	75	Rye	<del>70</del>
(f) White	80	Sorghum	<del>65</del>
Corn	80	Soybeans	<del>75</del>
Cow Peas	65	Timothy	<del>75</del>
Grasses:		Vetch	<del>80</del>
(a) Bentgrass,(hulled		Wheat	<del>80</del>
redtop creeping,		All other seeds no	ŧ
etc.)	<del>75</del>	listed above	<del>50</del>

# **Germination Standard for Agricultural Seeds**

The germination standard for all other agricultural seed, for which a standard has not been established, shall be 70%.

<u>Kind</u>	<u>Percent</u>	<u>Kind</u>	<u>Percent</u>
<u>Alfalfa</u>	<u>75</u>	<u>Fescue</u>	<u>70</u>
<u>Barley</u>	<u>80</u>	<u>Lespedeza</u>	<u>75</u>
<u>Bentgrass</u>	<u>75</u>	<u>Millet</u>	<u>70</u>
<u>Bluegrass</u>	<u>65</u>	<u>Oat</u>	<u>75</u>
<u>Buckwheat</u>	<u>80</u>	<u>Orchardgrass</u>	<u>75</u>
<u>Clover, Alike</u>	<u>80</u>	<u>Rye</u>	<u>70</u>
Clover, Crimson	<u>75</u>	<u>Ryegrass</u>	<u>80</u>
Clover, Ladino	<u>80</u>	<u>Sorghum</u>	<u>65</u>
<u>Clover, Red</u>	<u>80</u>	<u>Soybean</u>	<u>75</u>
<u>Clover, Sweet</u>	<u>75</u>	<u>Sudangrass</u>	<u>70</u>
<u>Clover, White</u>	<u>80</u>	<u>Timothy</u>	<u>75</u>
<u>Cowpea</u>	<u>65</u>	<u>Vetch</u>	<u>80</u>
Corn, Field	<u>80</u>	<u>Wheat</u>	<u>80</u>

# <u>Minimum</u>

## **GERMINATION STANDARDS**

# For Vegetable Seeds (Including Hard Seeds)

<u>Seed</u>	<u>Germination</u>	<u>Seed</u>	<u>Germination</u>
Artichoke	<del>60</del>	Lettuce	<del>80</del>
Asparagus	<del>70</del>	Muckmelons	<del>75</del>
Beans, Bush	<del>70</del>	Mustard	<del>75</del>
Beans, Lima	<del>70</del>	<del>Okra</del>	<del>50</del>
Beans, Pole	<del>75</del>	Onion	<del>70</del>
Beets	<del>65</del>	Parsley	<del>60</del>
Broccoli	<del>75</del>	Parsnips Parsnips	<del>60</del>
Brussel Sprouts	70	Peas	<del>80</del>
Cabbage	75	Pepper	<del>55</del>
Cardoon	60	Pumpkin	<del>75</del>
Carrot	<del>55</del>	Radish	<del>75</del>
Cauliflower	<del>75</del>	Rhubarb	<del>60</del>
Celery	55	Rutabaga	<del>75</del>
Celeriac	<del>55</del>	Salsify	<del>75</del>
Chicory	<del>65</del>	Soybeans, edible	<del>75</del>
Collards	80	Sorrel	<del>60</del>
Corn	<del>75</del>	Spinach	<del>60</del>
Cucumber	80	Spinach (New Zeal	<del>and) 40</del>
<del>Dandelion</del>	45	Squash	<del>75</del>
Egg Plant	60	Swiss Chard	<del>65</del>
Endive	70	Tomato	<del>75</del>
Fetticus	70	Tomato (husk)	<del>50</del>
Kale	<del>75</del>	Turnip	<del>80</del>
Kohl Rabi	<del>75</del>		<del>70</del>
Leek	<del>60</del>		

# Hermetically Sealed Seed

The seed in the container does not exceed the percentage of moisture, on a wet weight basis as listed:

Agricultural Seeds	<u>Percent</u>
Beet, Field	7. <u>5</u>
Beet, Sugar	7. <u>5</u>
Bluegrass, Kentucky	<u>6.0</u>
Clover, Crimson	8.0
Fescue, Red	8.0
Ryegrass, Annual	8.0
Ryegrass, Perennial	8.0
All others	6.0
Mixtures of Above	8.0
Bean, Garden	7.0
Bean, Lima	7.0
<u>Beet</u>	<u>7.5</u>
Broccoli	<u>5.0</u>
Brussels Sprouts	<u>5.0</u>
Cabbage	<u>5.0</u>
Carrot	7.0
Cauliflower	5.0
Celeriac	7.0
Celery	7.0
Chard, Swiss	<u>7.5</u>
Chinese Cabbage	<u>5.0</u>
Chives	<u>6.5</u>
<u>Collards</u>	<u>5.0</u>
Corn, Sweet	8.0

Agricultural Seeds	Percent
Cucumber	6.0
Eggplant	6.0
Kale	5.0
Kohlrabi	5.0
Leek	6. <u>5</u>
Lettuce	<u>5.5</u>
Muskmelon	6.0
Mustard, India	5.0
Onion	6. <u>5</u>
Onion, Welsh	6. <u>5</u>
<u>Parsley</u>	<u>6.5</u>
<u>Parsnip</u>	
Pea	7.0
<u>Pepper</u>	4.5
<u>Pumpkin</u>	6.0
Radish	5.0
Rutabaga	5.0
Spinach	8.0
Squash	6.0
Tomato	5.5
Turnip	ΕO
<u>Watermelon</u>	6.5
All Others	6.0

## **Minimum**

## **GERMINATION STANDARDS**

## Forest Seeds (Includes Firm Ungerminated Seeds)

<u>Seed</u>	<u>Germination</u>
Dad Diag (Diago again aga)	0.5
Red Pine (Pinus resinosa)	<del>85</del>
Scotch Pine (Pinus sylvestris)	<del></del>
Shortleaf Pine (Pinus echinata)	<del>85</del>
Virginia Pine (Pinus Virginiana)	<del>85</del>
Eastern White Pine (Pinus strobus)	<del>85</del>
Colorado Blue Spruce (Picea pungens)	<del>80</del>
Norway Spruce (Picea abies)	<del>80</del>
Red Spruce (Picea rubens)	<del>80</del>
Douglas Fir (Pseudotsuga menziesii)	<del>70</del>
Balsam Fir (Abies balsamea)	<del>30</del>
Frazer Fir (Abies fraseri)	<del>30</del>
Eastern Hemlock (Tsuga canadensis)	<del>30</del>
Japanese Larch (Larix leptolepis)	<del>60</del>
Red Oak (Quercus borealis)	<del>60</del>
White Oak (Quercus alba)	<del>60</del>
Black Cherry (Prunus serotina)	<del>60</del>
Black Walnut (Juglans nigra)	<del>60</del>
Black Locust (Robinia pseudoacacia)	<del>50</del>
Sycamore (Platanus occidentalis)	<del>30</del>

All other forest seed shall be labeled in accordance with actual germination test results and seed shall be stored in appropriate containers at a temperature of not more than thirty eight (38) degrees F.

# **Germination Standard for Vegetable Seeds**

The germination standards for all other vegetable and herb seed, for which a standard has not been established, shall be 50%.

Kind	Percent	<u>Cucumber</u>	80
Anise	<u>50</u>	<u>Dandelion</u>	60
<u>Artichoke</u>	<u>60</u>	<u>Eggplant</u>	60
Asparagus	<u>70</u>	<u>Endive</u>	70
Asparagusbean	<u>75</u>	<u>Fennel, Florence</u>	60
Basil, Sweet	70	<u>Fennel, Sweet</u>	50
Bean, garden	70	<u>Kale</u>	75
Bean, Lima	<u>70</u>	Kale, Chinese	<u>75</u>
Bean, Runner	<u>75</u>	<u>Kale, Siberian</u>	75
Beet	<u>65</u>	<u>Kohlrabi</u>	<u>75</u>
<u>Broadbean</u>	<u>75</u>	<u>Leek</u>	60
Broccoli	<u>75</u>	<u>Lettuce</u>	80
Brussel Sprouts	<u>70</u>	<u>Muskmelon</u>	<u>75</u>
Burdock, Great	60	Marjoram, Sweet	50
<u>Cabbage</u>	<u>75</u>	<u>Mustard</u>	<u>75</u>
Cabbage Tronchuda	<u>70</u>	Mustard, Spinach	<u>75</u>
Cantaloupe		<u>Okra</u>	50
(see Muskmelon)		<u>Onion</u>	70
Caraway	<u>55</u>	Onion, Welsh	70
<u>Cardoon</u>	60	<u>Oregano</u>	60
Carrot	<u>55</u>	<u>Pak-Choi</u>	75
<u>Cauliflower</u>	<u>75</u>	<u>Parsley</u>	60
<u>Celeraic</u>	<u>55</u>	<u>Parsnip</u>	60
<u>Celery</u>	<u>55</u>	<u>Pea</u>	80
Chard, Swiss	<u>65</u>	<u>Peanut</u>	80
Chervil, Salad	<u>65</u>	<u>Pepper</u>	60
Chicory	<u>65</u>	<u>Pumpkin</u>	<u>75</u>
Chinese Cabbage	<u>75</u>	<u>Radish</u>	<u>75</u>
Chives	<u>50</u>	<u>Rhubarb</u>	60
Collards	80	Roquette	60
Citron	<u>65</u>	Rosemary	30
<u>Coriander</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>Rutabaga</u>	<u>75</u>
Corn, Pop	<u>75</u>	Sage	60
Corn, Sweet	<u>75</u>	<u>Salsify</u>	75
Cornsalad	<u>70</u>	Savory, Summer	<u>55</u>
Cowpea	<u>75</u>	<u>Sorrel</u>	<u>65</u>
Cress, Garden	<u>75</u>	<u>Soybean</u>	<u>75</u>
Cress, Upland	<u>60</u>	<u>Spinach</u>	60
Cress, Water	<u>40</u>	Spinach, New Zealand	<u>40</u>

<u>Squash</u>	<u>75</u>	<u>Tomato, Husk</u>	50
Thyme	50	<u>Turnip</u>	80
Tomato	<u>75</u>	<u>Watermelon</u>	70

# Germination Standard Tolerances Agricultural and Forest Seeds

FOUND BY TEST	TOLERANCE
96 or over	<del>5</del>
90 or over but less than 96	<del>6</del>
80 or over but less than 90	<del>7</del>
70 or over but less than 80	<del>8</del>
60 or over but less than 70	<u>9</u>
Less than 60	<del>10</del>

No tolerance will be allowed on minimum germination standards for vegetable seeds.

### Kind of Tree and Shrub Seeds Subject to Germination Labeling

Abies amabilis (Dougl.) Forbes - Pacific Silver Fir

Abies balsamea (L.) Mill. - Balsam Fir

Abies concolor (Gord. Glend.) Lindl. - White Fir

Abies fraseri (Pursh.) Poir - Fraser Fir

Abies grandis (Dougl.) Lindl. - Grand Fir

Abies homolepis Sieb Zucc. - Nikko Fir

Abies lasiocarpa (Hook) Nutt. - Subalpine Fir

Abies magnifica A. Murr. - California Red Fir

Abies magnifica var. shastensis Lemm. - Shasta Red Fire

Abies procera Rehd. - Nobel Fir

Abies veitchii (Lindl.) - Veitch Fir

Acer ginnala Maxim. - Amur Maple

Acer macrophyllum Pursh. - Bigleaf Maple

Acer negundo L. - Boxelder

Acer pensylvanicum L. - Striped Maple

Acer platanoides L. - Norway Maple

Acer pseudoplatanus L. - Sycamore Maple

Acer rubrum L. - Red Maple

Acer saccharinum L. - Silver Maple

Acer saccharum Marsh, - Sugar Maple

Acer spicatum Lam. - Mountain Maple

Aesculus pavia L. - Red Buckeye

Ailanthus altissima (Mill.) Swingle Tree of Heaven, Ailanthus

Berberis thunbergil DC. Japanese Barberry

Berberis vulgaris L. - European Barberry

Betula lenta L. - Sweet Birch

Betula alleghaniensis Britton - Yellow Birch

Betula nigra L. - River Birch

Betula papyrifera Marsh. - Paper Birch

Betula pendula Roth. - European White Birch

Betula populifolian Marsh. - Gray Birch

Carya illinoensis (Wang.) K. Koch - Pecan

Carya ovata (Mill) K. Koch - Shagbark hickory

Casuarina spp. - Beefwood

<u>Catalpa bignonioides Walt. - Southern Catalpa</u>

Catalpa speciosa Warder. - Northern

Caralpa Cedrus atlantica Manetti - Atlas Cedar

Cedrus deodara (Roxb.) Loud. - Deodar Cedar

Cedrus libani (Loud.) - Cedar of Lebanon

Celastrus orbiculata Thunb. - Oriental Bittersweet

<u>Chamaecyparis lawsoniana (A. Murr.) Parl - Port Oxford Cedar</u>

Chamaecyparis nootkatensis (D. Don.) Spach. - Alaska Cedar

Clastrus scandens L. - American Bittersweet

Cornus florida L. - Flowering dogwood

Cornus stolonifera Michx. - Red-osier dogwood

Crataegus mollis - Downy hawthorn

<u>Cupressus arizonica Greene - Arizona Cypress</u>

Eucalyptus deglupta

Eucalyptus gradis

Fraxinus americana L. - Whi'e Ash

Fraxinus excelsior L. - European Ash

Fraxinus latifolia Benth. - Oregon Ash

Fraxinus nigra Marsh. - Black Ash

Fraxinus pensylvanica Marsh. - Green Ash

Fraxinus pensylvanica var. lanceolata (Borkh.) Sarg. - Green Ash

Gleditsia triacanthos L. - Honey Locust

<u>Grevillea robusta - Silk-oak</u>

Larix decidua Mill - European Larch

<u>Larix eurolepis Henry - Dunkfeld Larch</u>

Larix leptolepis (Sieb. Zucc.) Gord. - Japanese Larch

Larix occidentalis Nutt. - Western Larch

Larix sibirica Ledeb. - Siberian Larch

<u>Libocedrus decurrens - incense-cedar</u>

Liquidambar styraciflua L. - Sweetgum

<u>Liriodendron tulipifera L. - yellow-poplar</u>

Magnolia grandiflora - Southern magnolia

Malus spp. - Apple

Malus spp. - Crabapple

Nyssa aquatica L. - Water tupelo

Nyssa sylvatica var. sylvatica - Black tupelo

Picea abies (L.) Karst. - Norway Spruce

Picea engelmanni Parry - Engelmann Spruce

Picea glauca (Moench.) Voss - White Spruce

Picea glauca var. albertiana (S. Brown) Sarg. - Western White Spruce, Alberta White Spruce

Picea glehnii (Fr. Schmidt) Mast. - Sakhalin Spruce

Picea jezoensis (Sieb. Zucc.) Carr - Yeddo Spruce

<u>Picea koyamai Shiras. - Koyama Spruce</u>

Picea mariana (Mill.) B.S.P. - Black Spruce

Picea omorika (Pancic.) Purkyne - Serbian Spruce

Picea orientalis (L.) Link. - Oriental Spruce

Picea polita (Sieb. Zucc.) Carr - Tigertail Spruce

Picea pungens Engelm. - Blue Spruce, Colorado Spruce

<u>Picea pungens var. glauca Reg. - Colorado Blue Spruce</u>

Picea rubens Sarg. - Red Spruce

Picea sitchensis (Bong.) Carr - Sitka Spruce

Pinus albicaulis Engelm. - Whitebark Pine

Pinus aristata Engelm. - Bristlecone Pine

Pinus banksiana Lamb. - Jack Pine

Pinus canariensis C. Smith - Canary Pine

Pinus caribaea - Caribbean Pine

Pinus cembroides Zucc. - Mexican Pinyon Pine

Pinus clausa - Sand Pine

Pinus conorta Dougl. - Lodgepole Pine

Pinus contorta var. latifolia Engelm. - Lodgepole Pine

Pinus coulteri D. Don. - Coulter Pine, Bigcone Pine

Pinus densiflora Sieb. Zucc. - Japanese Red Pine

Pinus echinata Mill. - Shortleaf Pine

<u>Pinus elliottii Engelm. - Slash Pine</u>

<u>Pinus flexilis James - Limber Pine</u>

Pinus glabra Walt. - Spruce Pine

Pinus griffithi McClelland - Himalayan Pine

Pinus halepensis Mill. - Aleppo Pine

Pinus jeffreyi Grev. Balf. - Jeffrey Pine

Pinus khasya Royle - Khasia Pine

<u>Pinus lambertiana Dougl. - Sugar Pine</u>

Pinus heldreichii var. leucodermis (Ant.) Markgraf ex Fitschen - Balkan Pine, Bosnian Pine

Pinus markusii DeVriese - Markus Pine

Pinus monticola Dougl. - Western White Pine

Pinus mugo Turra. - Mountain Pine

Pinus mugo var. mughus (Scop.) Zenari - Mugo Swiss Mountain Pine

Pinus muricata D. Don. - Bishoppine

Pinus nigra Arnold - Austrian Pine

Pinus nigra poiretiana (Ant.) Aschers Graebn. - Corsican Pine

Pinus palustris Mill. - Longleaf Pine

Pinus parviflora Sieb. Zucc. - Japanese White Pine

Pinus patula Schl. Cham. - Jelecote Pine

Pinus pinaster Sol. - Cluster Pine

Pinus pinea L. - Italian Stone Pine

Pinus ponderosa Laws. - Ponderosa Pine, Western Yellow Pine

Pinus radiata D. Don. - Monterey Pine

<u>Pinus resinosa Ait. - Red Pine, Norway Pine</u>

Pinus rigida Mill. - Pitch Pine

Pinus serotina Michx. - Pond Pine

<u>Pinus strobus L. - Eastern White Pine</u>

<u>Pinus sylvestris L. - Scotch Pine</u>

Pinus taeda L. - Loblolly Pine

Pinus taiwanensis Hayata - Formosa Pine

<u>Pinus thunbergii Parl. - Japanese Black Pine</u>

Pinus virginiana Mill. - Virginia Pine, Scrub Pine

<u>Platanus occidentalis L. - American Sycamore</u>

Populus spp. - Poplars

Prunus armeriaca L. - Apricot

Prunus avium (L.) L. - Cherry

Prunus domestica L. - Plum, Prune

<u>Prunus persica Batsch. – Peach</u>

Pseudotsuga menziesii var. glauca (Beissn.) Franco - Blue Douglas Fir

Pseudotsuga menziesii var. caesia (Beissn.) Franco - Gray Douglas Fir

Pseudotsuga menziesii var. viridis - Green Douglas Fir

Pyrus communis L. - Pear

Quercus spp. - (Red or black oak group)

Quercus alba L. - White oak

Quercus muehlenbergii Engelm. - Chinkapin oak

Quercus virginiana Mill. - Live Oak

<u>Rhododendron spp. – Rhododendron</u>

Robinia pseudoacacia L. - Black Locust

Rosa multiflora Thunb. - Japanese Rose

Sequoia gigantea (Lindl.) Decne. - Giant Sequoia

Sequoia sempervirens (D. Don.) Engl. - Redwod

Syringa vulgaris L. - Common Lilac

Thuja occidentalis L. - Northern White Cedar, Eastern Arborvitae

Thuja orientalis L. - Oriental Arborvitae, Chinese Arborvitae

Thuja plicata Donn. - Western Red Cedar - Giant Arborvitae

Tsuga canadensis (L.) Carr. - Eastern Hemlock, Canada Hemlock

Tsuga heterophylla (Raf.) Sarg. - Western Hemlock, Pacific Hemlock

<u>Ulmus americana L. - American Elm</u>

<u>Ulmus parvifolia Jacq. - Chinese Elm</u>

Ulmus pumila L. - Siberian Elm

<u>Vitis vulpina L. - Riverbank Grape</u>

## **TESTING FEES**

	CHARGES FOR GERMINATION	CHARGES FOR PURITY
All vegetables	\$10.00	<del>\$</del>
Bentgrasses, redtop, bluegrasses, brome grasse orchard grass, tall oat grass, fescues, rye grasses and all other chaffy grasses		
Alfalfa, clover, millets, rape, sudan grasses, soybeans, sorghums, timothy, vetches, all ceres grains and all other seeds not listed	a <del>l</del> \$10.00	<del>\$10.00</del>
Mixtures: Lawn, pasture, etc*  *Per each ingredient	\$15.00	\$2 <del>0.00</del> *
Noxious weed examination	\$20.00	
Tree and shrub seed	\$20.00	
Flower seed	\$20.00	

Proportionate charges will be made for tests and other seed determinations not listed in this Appendix.

## **Germination Standard for Flower Seed.**

The kinds of flower seeds listed below are those for which standard testing procedures have been prescribed and which are therefore required to be labeled in accordance with the germination labeling provisions of Section 2 of the (state seed law). The percentage listed opposite each kind is the germination standard for that kind. For the kinds marked with an asterisk, the percentage is the total of percentage germination and percentage hard seed. For other kinds, it is the percentage germination.

Seed Kind	Percent	Seed Kind Perce	<u>ent</u>
Archillea (The Pearl) - Achillea ptarmica	<u>50</u>	Calceolaria - Calceolaria spp	60
African Daisy Dimorphothecaurantiaca	<u>55</u>	Calendula - Calendula officinalis	<u>65</u>
African Violet- Saintpaulia spp	30	California Poppy - Eschscholtzia californica	60
Ageratum- Ageratum mexicanum	<u>60</u>	Calliopsis - Coreopsis bicolor,	
<u>Agrostemma (rose campion) – </u>		C. drummondi, C. elegans Campanula	<u>65</u>
Agrostemma coronaria	<u>65</u>	Canterbury Bells - Campanula medium	<u>60</u>
<u>Alyssum- Alyssum compactum, A.</u>		Cup and Saucer Bellflower –	
Maritumum, A. procumbens, A. saxatile	<u>60</u>	Campanula medium calycanthema.	60
Amaranthus- Amaranthus spp	<u>65</u>	Carpathian Bellflower - Campanula carpation	:a 50
Anagalis (primpernel) - Anagalis arvensis,		Peach Bellflower -Campanula persicifolia	<u>50</u>
Anagalis coerulia, Anagalis grandiflora	<u>60</u>	Candytuft, Annual - Iberis amara,	
Anemone- Anemone coronaria, A.pulsatill	<u>a 55</u>	<u>I.umbellate</u>	<u>65</u>
Angel's Trumpet- Datura arborea	<u>60</u>	Candytuft, Perennial - Iberis gibraltarica, I.	
Arabis- Arabis alpine	<u>60</u>	<u>sempervirens</u>	<u>55</u>
Arctotis- (African lilac daisy)-		Castor Bean - Ricinus communis	<u>60</u>
Arctotis grandis	<u>45</u>	Cathedral Bells - Cobaea scandens	<u>65</u>
<u> Armeria- <i>Armeria Formosa</i></u>	<u>55</u>	Celosia - Celosia argentea	<u>65</u>
Asparagus, fern- Asparagus plumosus	<u>50</u>	<u>Centaurea: Basket Flower –</u>	
Asparagus, sprenger, Asparagus sprengeri	<u>55</u>	Centaurea Americana	<u>65</u>
Aster, China- Callistephus chinensis; Excep	<u>t</u>	<u>Cornflower -</u>	
Pompon, Powderpuff, and Princess type	s <u>55</u>	C. cyanus, Dusy Miller - C. candidissima,	
Aster, China- Callistephus chinensis;		Royal Centaurea, C. imperialis Sweet Sultar	<u>1 —</u>
Pompon, Powderpuff, and Princess type	s <u>50</u>	C. moschata, Velvet Centaurea	
Aubretia - Aubretia deltoids	<u>45</u>	C. gymnocarpa	60
Baby Smilax - Aparagus asparagoides	<u> 25</u>	Cerasium (snow-in-summer)	
Balsam - Impatiens balsamina	<u>70</u>	Cerastium biebersteini andC. Tomentosum	<u>1 65</u>
Begonia - (Begonia fibrous rooted)	<u>60</u>	Chinese Forget-me-not –	
Begonia - (Begonia tuberous rooted)	<u>50</u>	Cynoglossum amabile	55
Bells of Ireland - Molucella laevis	<u>60</u>	Chrysanthemum, Annual - Chrysanthemum	
Brachycome (swan river daisy) –		carinatum C.coronarium, C. segetum	<u>50</u>
Brachycome iberidifolia	<u>60</u>	Cineraria – Senecio cruentus	60
Browallia - Browallia elata and B. speciose	65	<u> Clarkia - Clarkia elegans</u>	<u>65</u>
<u>Bupthalum (sunwheel) –</u>		Cleome - Cleome gigantean	<u>65</u>
Buphthalum salicifolium	<u>60</u>	Coleus - Coleus blumei	<u>65</u>

Columbine - <i>Aquilegia spp</i>	<u>50</u>	White Flowered – Lagenaria sisceraria;	
Coral Bells - Heuchera sanguinea	<u>55</u>	<u> Dishcloth - Luffa cylindrical</u>	70
Coreopsis, Perennial - Coreopsis lanceolata	40	<u>Gypsophila: Annual Baby's Breath – </u>	
Corn, ornamental - Zea mays	<u>75</u>	Gypsophlla elegans;	_
Cosmos: Sensation, Mammoth and		Perennial Baby's Breath - G. paniculata,	
<u> Crested types – Cosmos bipinnatus;</u>		G. pacifica; G. Repens	70
Klondyke type - C . sulphureau	<u>65</u>	<u> Helenium - Helenium autumnale</u>	40
Crossandra - Crossandra infundibuliformis	<u>50</u>	Helichrysum - Helichrysum monstrosum	60
Dahlia - <i>Dahlia spp</i>	<u>55</u>	Heliopsis - Heliopsis scabra	55
Daylily - Hemerocallis spp	<u>45</u>	Heliotrope - Heliotropium spp.	35
Delphinium, Perennial- Belladonna and		Helipterum (Acroclinium) Helipterum roseur	n 60
Bellamosum types		Hesperis (sweet rocket) -Hesperis matronali	s 65
<u> Cardinal Larkspur - Delphinium</u>		*Hollyhock - Althea rosea	65
cardinale; Chinensis types; Pacific Giant,		Hunnemania (mexican tulip poppy) –	
Gold Medal and other hybrids of D. elatum	<u>55</u>	Hunnemania Fumariaefolia	60
Dianthus:		Hyacinh bean - Dolichos lablab	70
Carnation - Dianthus caryophyllus	60	Impatiens - Impatiens hostii, I. sultani	55
China Pinks - <i>Dianthus chinensis, heddewigi</i>	70	*Ipomea - Cypress Vine - Ipomea quamoclit;	
Heddensis	60	Moonflower – I. noctiflora; Morning Glories,	_
Grass Pinks - <i>Dianthus plumarius</i>	60	Cardinal Climber, Hearts and Honey Vine –	•
Maiden Pinks - <i>Dianthus deltoids</i>	70	lpomea spp	75
Sweet William - <i>Dianthus barbatus</i>	60	Jerusulem cross (maltese cross) - Lychnis	
Sweet Wivelsfield - <i>Dianthus allwoodi</i>	<u>60</u>	chalcedonica	70
<u> Didiscus - (blue lace flower) – </u>		Job's Tears - Coix lacrymajobi	70
Didiscus coerulea	<u>65</u>	Kochia - Kochia childsi	55
Doronicum (leopard's bane) - Doronicum		Larkspur, Annual - Delphinium ajacis	60
caucasicum	60	Lantana - Lantana camara, L. hybrid	35
Dracaena - <i>Dracaena indivisa</i>	<u>55</u>	<u> Lilium (regal lily) - Lilium regale</u>	50
Dragon Tree - <i>Dracaena draco</i>	40	Linaria - Linaria spp	65
English Daisy - Bellis perennis	<u>55</u>	Lobelia, Annual - Lobelia erinus	65
Flowering Maple - Abutilon spp	<u>35</u>	<u>Lunaria, Annual - Lunaria annua</u>	65
Flax - Golden flax ( <i>Linum flavum</i> );		*Lupine - <i>Lupinus spp</i>	65
Flowering flax L. randiflorum; Perennial		Marigold - Tagetes spp	65
flax, L. perenne	<u>60</u>	Marvel of Peru - Mirabilis jalapa	60
Foxglove - Digitalis spp	60	Matricaria (feverfew) - Matricaria spp	60
<u> Gaillardia, Annual - <i>Gaillardia pulchella;</i></u>		Mignonette - Reseda odorata	55
G. picta; Perennial - G. grandiflora	<u>45</u>	Myosotis - Myosotis alpestris, M. oblongata,	_
<u> Gerbera (transvaal daisy) - Gerbera jameson</u>	<u>i 60</u>	M. palustris	50
Geum - <i>Geum spp</i>	<u>55</u>	Nasturtium - Tropaeolum spp	60
Gilia - <i>Gilia spp</i>	<u>65</u>	Nemesia - Nemesia spp	65
Gloriosa daisy ( <i>rudbeckia</i> ) –		Nemophila - Nemophila insignis	70
Echinacea purpurea and Rudbeckia hirta	<u>60</u>	Nemophila, spotted - Nemophila maculate	60
Gloxinia - Sinningia speciose	40	Nicotiana - Nicotiana affinis, N. sanderae, N.	<u>.</u>
Godetia - <i>Godetia amoena, G. grandiflora</i>	65	sylvestris	65
Gourds: Yellow Flowered - Cucurbita pepo;		Nierembergia - Nierembergia spp	55

Nigella - <i>Nigella damascene</i>	<u>55</u>	Silk Oak - Grevillea robusta	25
Pansy - <i>Viola tricolor</i>	<u>60</u>	Snapdragon - Antirrhinum spp	<u>55</u>
Penstemon - <i>Penstemon barbatus,</i>		Solanum - Solanum spp	60
P. grandflorus, P. laevigatus, P. pubescens.	<u>60</u>	Statice - Statice sinuata,	
Petunia - <i>Petunia spp</i>	<u>45</u>	S. suworonii (flower heads)	50
Phacelia - Phacelia campanularia, P. minor,		Stocks: Common - Mathiola incana	
P. tanacetifolia	<u>65</u>	Evening Scented - Mathiola bicornis	65
Phox, Annual - <i>Phlox drummondi</i> all types		Sunflower - Helianthus spp	70
and varieties	<u>55</u>	Sunrose - Helianthemum spp	30
Physalis - <i>Physalis spp</i>	<u>60</u>	*Sweet Pea, Annual and Perennial other	
<u> Platycodon (balloon flower) - Platycodon</u>		than dwarf bush - Lathyrus odoratus,	
grandiflorum	<u>60</u>	L latifolius	75
Plumbago, cape - Plumbago capensis	<u>50</u>	*Sweet Pea, dwarf bush - Lathyrus odoratus	65
Ponytail - Beaucarnea recurvate	<u>40</u>	Tahoka daisy - Machaeanthera tanacetifolia	60
<u> Poppy: Shirley Poppy - <i>Papaver rhoeas</i>; Icela</u>	<u>ınd</u>	Thunbergia - Thunbergia alata	60
Poppy - P. nudicaule; Oriental Poppy –		<u> Torch Flower - Tithonia speciose</u>	70
P. orientale; Tulip Poppy - P. glaucum	<u>60</u>	Torenia (wishbone flower) - Torenia fournier	<u>i 70</u>
Portulace - Portulaca grandiflora	<u>55</u>	<u> Tritoma - Kniphofia spp</u>	65
Primula (primrose) - Primula spp	<u>50</u>	<u>Verbena, Annual - Verbena hybrid</u>	35
<u> Pyrethrum (painted daisy) – </u>		Vinca - Vinca rosea	60
Pyrethrum coccineum	<u>60</u>	<u> Viola - Viola cornuta</u>	55
Salpiglossis - Salpiglossis gloxinaeflora,		Virginian stocks - Malcolmia maritime	65
S. sinuate	<u>60</u>	Wallflower - Cheiranthus allioni	65
<u> Salvia - Scarlet Sage - <i>Salvia splendens</i>;</u>		Yucca (Adam's needle) - Yucca filamentosa	50
<u> Mealycup Sage (blue bedder) – </u>		Zinna (except Linearis and Creeping) - Zinnio	<u>2</u>
Salvia farinacea	<u>50</u>	angustifolia, Z. elegans, Z. grandiflora,	
<u> Saponaria - Saponaria ocymoides, S. vaccari</u>	<u>a 60</u>	Z. gracillima, Z. haegeana, Z. multiflora,	
Scabiosa, Annual - Scabiosa atropurpurea	<u>50</u>	Z. pumila	65
Scabiosa, Perennial - Scabiosa caucasica	<u>40</u>	Zinnia, Linearis and Creeping - Zinnia linearis,	_
Schizanthus - Schizanthus spp	<u>60</u>	Sanvitalia procumbens	<u>50</u>
*Sensitive pant (mimosa) - Mimosa pudica	65	All other kinds	50
Shasta Daisy - Chrysanthemum maximum			
C. Leucanthemum	65		

A mixture of kinds of flower seeds will be considered to be below the standard if the germination of any kind or combination of kinds constituting 25 percent or more of the mixture by number is below standard for the kind or kinds involved.

## **APPENDIX NUMBER 6**

## REGISTRATION AND POUNDAGE FEES

(1) Registration of Seedsman	\$125.00
(2) Packet Display Stamps	\$10.00 each
(3) Poundage Fee for Forest and Forage Seeds -	\$0.50 per 100 weight
(4) Poundage Fee for Agriculture Crop Seeds -	\$0.50 per 100 weight
(5) Seed Potatoes -	\$0.35 per 100 weight
(6) Registration Late Fee Penalty	<u>\$100.00</u>
(7) Tonnage Late Fee Penalty	<u>\$100.00</u>
(8) Seed Conditioning Facility Inspection	\$100.0 <u>0</u>
(9) Seed Conditioner Permit	\$125.00

# APPENDIX NUMBER 7 Testing Fees

Kind of Seed	Germination	Purity & West Virginia Noxious Weed Seed Examinations	Complete Test*	Bulk Examination
<u>Vegetables</u>	<u>\$10</u>	<u>\$10</u>	<u>\$15</u>	<u>\$10</u>
Lawn, Forage, & Native Grasses	<u>\$15</u>	<u>\$15</u>	<u>\$25</u>	<u>\$15</u>
<u>Grains</u>	<u>\$10</u>	<u>\$10</u>	<u>\$17</u>	<u>\$10</u>
Clovers, Alfalfas, Lespedezas, & Similar Seeds	<u>\$10</u>	<u>\$10</u>	\$17	<u>\$10</u>
<u>Flowers</u>	<u>\$15</u>	<u>\$15</u>	<u>\$25</u>	<u>\$15</u>
Trees & Shrubs	<u>\$20</u>	<u>\$20</u>	<u>\$25</u>	<u>\$20</u>

<sup>\*</sup>A Complete Test consists of purity, germination, and West Virginia noxious weed seed examination.

# Miscellaneous Tests

All States Noxious Weed Seed Examination	<u>\$35</u>
Seed Count	<u>\$10</u>
Moisture Content	<u>\$10</u>

## Miscellaneous Charges

Washing of Coated, Pelleted, or Treated Seed	\$10